

US010741185B2

### (12) United States Patent Gruber et al.

#### (54) INTELLIGENT AUTOMATED ASSISTANT

(71) Applicant: Apple Inc., Cupertino, CA (US)

(72) Inventors: **Thomas R. Gruber**, Santa Cruz, CA (US); **Adam J. Cheyer**, Oakland, CA (US); **Daniel Keen**, San Jose, CA (US)

(73) Assignee: Apple Inc., Cupertino, CA (US)

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 16/352,410

(22) Filed: Mar. 13, 2019

(65) Prior Publication Data

US 2019/0214024 A1 Jul. 11, 2019

### Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 13/913,336, filed on Jun. 7, 2013, now Pat. No. 10,276,170, which is a (Continued)

(51)	Int. Cl.	
	G10L 17/22	(2013.01)
	G10L 15/197	(2013.01)
	G06Q 10/02	(2012.01)
	G06F 3/16	(2006.01)
	G10L 15/22	(2006.01)
		(Continued)

(52) U.S. Cl.

### (10) Patent No.: US 10,741,185 B2

(45) **Date of Patent:** Aug. 11, 2020

#### (58) Field of Classification Search

None

See application file for complete search history.

#### (56) References Cited

### U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,955,047 A 9/1990 Morganstein et al. 5,047,614 A 9/1991 Bianco (Continued)

#### FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

AU 2015203483 A1 7/2015 AU 2015101171 A4 10/2015 (Continued)

### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

"Alexa, Turn Up the Heat!", Smartthings Samsung [online], Available online at https://web.archive.org/web/20160329142041/https://blog.smartthings.com/news/smartthingsupdates/alexa-turn-up-the-heat/, Mar. 3, 2016, 3 pages.

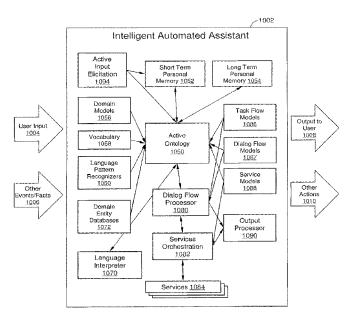
(Continued)

Primary Examiner — Tonya Joseph (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Dentons US LLP

#### (57) ABSTRACT

The intelligent automated assistant system engages with the user in an integrated, conversational manner using natural language dialog, and invokes external services when appropriate to obtain information or perform various actions. The system can be implemented using any of a number of different platforms, such as the web, email, smartphone, and the like, or any combination thereof. In one embodiment, the system is based on sets of interrelated domains and tasks, and employs additional functionally powered by external services with which the system can interact.

### 54 Claims, 52 Drawing Sheets



	Relate	d U.S. A	pplication Data	7,526,738	В2	4/2009	Ording et al.
	continuation i	n nort o	f application No. 12/987,982,	7,528,713			Singh et al.
			now Pat. No. 9,318,108.	7,529,671 7,529,676			Rockenbeck et al. Koyama
	med on Jan.	10, 2011,	, now Pat. No. 9,318,108.	7,529,677			Wittenber
				7,535,997	B1	5/2009	McQuaide, Jr. et al.
(60)			No. 61/657,736, filed on Jun.	7,536,029	B2 .	5/2009	Choi et al.
	· · · ·		plication No. 61/295,774, filed	7,536,565	B2 .	5/2009	Girish et al.
	on Jan. 18, 20	)10.		7,538,685 7,539,619	BI.	5/2009 5/2000	Cooper et al. Seligman et al.
(51)	T	7,539,656			Fratkina et al.		
(51)	Int. Cl.	7	(2010.01)	7,541,940	B2	6/2009	Upton
	G06F 16/245		(2019.01)	7,542,967			Hurst-Hiller et al.
	G06F 16/953	/	(2019.01)	7,542,971			Thione et al.
	G10L 15/18		(2013.01)	7,543,232 7,546,382	B2	6/2009 6/2009	Easton, Jr. et al. Healey et al.
(56)		Dofowon	ces Cited	7,546,529	B2 ·	6/2009	Reynar et al.
(30)		Kelefell	ces Cheu	7,548,895	B2	6/2009	Pulsipher
	U.S. I	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	7,552,045		6/2009	Barliga et al.
				7,552,055 7,555,431			Lecoeuche Bennett
	5,377,103 A		Lamberti et al.	7,555,496	B1	6/2009	Lantrip et al.
	5,621,903 A		Luciw et al.	7,558,381			Ali et al.
	5,729,704 A 5,862,223 A		Stone et al. Walker et al.	7,558,730			Davis et al.
	6,070,139 A		Miyazawa et al.	7,559,026	B2 :		Girish et al.
	6,347,315 B1		Kiyoki et al.	7,561,069 7,562,007			Horstemeyer Hwang
	6,510,417 B1		Woods et al.	7,562,032			Abbosh et al.
	6,526,382 B1		Yuschik Russell	7,565,104	B1 '	7/2009	Brown et al.
	6,622,136 B2 6,640,098 B1		Roundtree	7,565,380			Venkatachary
	6,697,824 B1		Bowman-Amuah	7,568,151 7,571,092		7/2009 8/2009	Bargeron et al.
	6,721,728 B2	4/2004	McGreevy	7,571,092			Cao et al.
	6,762,692 B1		Mingot et al.	7,577,522			Rosenberg
	6,772,123 B2		Cooklev et al. Zirngibl et al.	7,580,551	B1 :	8/2009	Srihari et al.
	6,836,537 B1 6,931,384 B1		Horvitz et al.	7,580,576			Wang et al.
	6,965,863 B1		Zuberec et al.	7,580,839 7,584,092			Tamura et al. Brockett et al.
	7,085,723 B2		Ross et al.	7,584,092			Potter et al.
	7,127,403 B1		Saylor et al.	7,584,278	B2	9/2009	Rajarajan et al.
	7,171,360 B2 7,203,297 B2		Huang et al. Vitikainen et al.	7,584,429	B2 :	9/2009	Fabritius
	7,228,278 B2		Nguyen et al.	7,593,868			Margiloff et al.
	7,257,537 B2		Ross et al.	7,596,269 7,596,499		9/2009	King et al. Anguera et al.
	7,302,394 B1		Baray et al.	7,596,606			Codignotto
	7,398,209 B2 7,447,637 B1		Kennewick et al. Grant et al.	7,596,765		9/2009	Almas
	7,460,652 B2	12/2008		7,599,918			Shen et al.
	7,475,010 B2	1/2009		7,603,349 7,603,381		0/2009	Kraft et al. Burke et al.
	7,475,015 B2		Epstein et al.	7,603,684		0/2009	
	7,475,063 B2 7,477,238 B2		Datta et al. Fux et al.	7,606,444	B1 1		Erol et al.
	7,477,240 B2		Yanagisawa	7,606,712	B1 1	0/2009	Smith et al.
	7,478,037 B2	1/2009		7,607,083 7,609,179			Gong et al. Diaz-Gutierrez et al.
	7,478,091 B2		Mojsilovic et al.	7,610,258			Yuknewicz et al.
	7,478,129 B1		Chemtob	7,613,264			Wells et al.
	7,479,948 B2 7,479,949 B2		Kim et al. Jobs et al.	7,614,008			Ording
	7,483,832 B2		Tischer	7,617,094 7,620,407			Aoki et al. Donald et al.
	7,483,894 B2	1/2009		7,620,549			Di Cristo et al.
	7,487,089 B2	2/2009		7,620,894		1/2009	
	7,487,093 B2 7,490,034 B2		Mutsuno et al. Finnigan et al.	7,623,119		1/2009	Autio et al.
	7,490,039 B1		Shaffer et al.	7,624,007 7,627,481			Bennett Kuo et al.
	7,493,251 B2		Gao et al.	7,630,900		2/2009	Strom
	7,493,560 B1		Kipnes et al.	7,630,901		2/2009	
	7,496,498 B2 7,496,512 B2		Chu et al. Zhao et al.	7,633,076			Huppi et al.
	7,499,923 B2		Kawatani	7,634,409		2/2009	
	7,502,738 B2	3/2009	Kennewick et al.	7,634,413 7,634,718		2/2009 2/2009	Kuo et al. Nakajima
	7,505,795 B1		Lim et al.	7,634,732			3
	7,508,324 B2		Suraqui	7,636,657		2/2009	Ju et al.
	7,508,373 B2 7,516,123 B2		Lin et al. Betz et al.	7,640,158			Detlef et al.
	7,510,123 B2 7,519,327 B2	4/2009		7,640,160	B2 1:	2/2009	Di Cristo et al.
	7,519,398 B2	4/2009	Hirose	7,643,990			Bellegarda
	7,522,927 B2		Fitch et al.	7,647,225			Bennett et al.
	7,523,036 B2 7,523,108 B2	4/2009 4/2009	Akabane et al.	7,649,454 7,649,877			Singh et al. Vieri et al.
	7,525,108 B2 7,526,466 B2	4/2009		7,653,883			Hotelling et al.
	.,520,100 152	1, 2007		.,000,000			and the state of t

(56)	References Cited	7,752,152 7,756,707		Paek et al. Garner et al.
U.S. I	PATENT DOCUMENTS	7,756,708	B2 7/2010	Cohen et al.
# 656 202 P2	2/2010 77'	7,756,868 7,756,871		Lee Yacoub et al.
7,656,393 B2 7,657,424 B2	2/2010 King et al. 2/2010 Bennett	7,757,173		Beaman
7,657,430 B2	2/2010 Ogawa	7,757,176		Vakil et al.
7,657,828 B2 7,657,844 B2	2/2010 Lucas et al. 2/2010 Gibson et al.	7,757,182 7,761,296		Elliott et al. Bakis et al.
7,657,849 B2	2/2010 Chaudhri et al.	7,763,842	B2 7/2010	Hsu et al.
7,660,715 B1 7,663,607 B2	2/2010 Thambiratnam 2/2010 Hotelling et al.	7,774,202 7,774,204		Spengler et al. Mozer et al.
7,664,558 B2	2/2010 Lindahl et al.	7,774,388	B1 8/2010	Runchey
7,664,638 B2	2/2010 Cooper et al.	7,777,717 7,778,432		Fux et al.
7,668,710 B2 7,669,134 B1	2/2010 Doyle 2/2010 Christie et al.	7,778,595	B2 8/2010	White et al.
7,672,841 B2	3/2010 Bennett	7,778,632 7,778,830		Kurlander et al. Davis et al.
7,672,952 B2 7,673,238 B2	3/2010 Isaacson et al. 3/2010 Girish et al.	7,779,353	B2 8/2010	Grigoriu et al.
7,673,251 B1	3/2010 Wibisono	7,779,356		Griesmer
7,673,340 B1 7,676,026 B1	3/2010 Cohen et al. 3/2010 Baxter, Jr.	7,779,357 7,783,283		Kuusinen et al.
7,676,365 B2	3/2010 Hwang et al.	7,783,486	B2 8/2010	Rosser et al.
7,676,463 B2 7,679,534 B2	3/2010 Thompson et al. 3/2010 Kay et al.	7,788,590 7,788,663		Taboada et al. Illowsky et al.
7,679,334 B2 7,680,649 B2	3/2010 Ray et al. 3/2010 Park	7,796,980	B1 9/2010	McKinney et al.
7,681,126 B2	3/2010 Roose	7,797,265 7,797,269		Brinker et al. Rieman et al.
7,683,886 B2 7,683,893 B2	3/2010 Willey 3/2010 Kim	7,797,331	B2 9/2010	Theimer et al.
7,684,985 B2	3/2010 Dominach et al.	7,797,629		Fux et al.
7,684,990 B2 7,684,991 B2	3/2010 Caskey et al. 3/2010 Stohr et al.	7,801,721 7,801,728		Rosart et al. Ben-David et al.
7,689,245 B2	3/2010 Stonr et al.	7,801,729		
7,689,408 B2	3/2010 Chen et al.	7,805,299 7,809,550		Coifman Barrows
7,689,409 B2 7,689,412 B2	3/2010 Heinecke 3/2010 Wu et al.	7,809,565	B2 10/2010	Coifman
7,689,421 B2	3/2010 Li et al.	7,809,569 7,809,570		Attwater et al. Kennewick et al.
7,693,715 B2 7,693,717 B2	4/2010 Hwang et al. 4/2010 Kahn et al.	7,809,610	B2 10/2010	
7,693,719 B2	4/2010 Chu et al.	7,809,744		Nevidomski et al.
7,693,720 B2 7,698,131 B2	4/2010 Kennewick et al. 4/2010 Bennett	7,818,165 7,818,176		Carlgren et al. Freeman et al.
7,702,500 B2	4/2010 Blaedow	7,818,215	B2 10/2010	King et al.
7,702,508 B2	4/2010 Bennett	7,818,291 7,818,672		Ferguson et al. Mccormack et al.
7,703,091 B1 7,706,510 B2	4/2010 Martin et al. 4/2010 Ng	7,822,608	B2 10/2010	Cross, Jr. et al.
7,707,026 B2	4/2010 Liu	7,823,123 7,826,945		Sabbouh Zhang et al.
7,707,027 B2 7,707,032 B2	4/2010 Balchandran et al. 4/2010 Wang et al.	7,827,047	B2 11/2010	Anderson et al.
7,707,221 B1	4/2010 Dunning et al.	7,831,246		Smith et al. Schubert
7,707,226 B1 7,707,267 B2	4/2010 Tonse 4/2010 Lisitsa et al.	7,831,423 7,831,426		Bennett
7,710,262 B2	5/2010 Ruha	7,831,432		Bodin et al.
7,711,129 B2 7,711,550 B1	5/2010 Lindahl et al. 5/2010 Feinberg et al.	7,835,504 7,836,437	B1 11/2010 B2 11/2010	Donald et al. Kacmarcik et al.
7,711,565 B1	5/2010 Femberg et al. 5/2010 Gazdzinski	7,840,348	B2 11/2010	Kim et al.
7,711,672 B2	5/2010 Au 5/2010 Brodford et al	7,840,400 7,840,447		Lavi et al. Kleinrock et al.
7,712,053 B2 7,716,056 B2	5/2010 Bradford et al. 5/2010 Weng et al.	7,840,581	B2 11/2010	Ross et al.
7,716,216 B1	5/2010 Harik et al.	7,840,912 7,844,394		Elias et al.
7,720,674 B2 7,720,683 B1	5/2010 Kaiser et al. 5/2010 Vermeulen et al.	7,848,924	B2 12/2010	Nurminen et al.
7,721,226 B2	5/2010 Barabe et al.	7,848,926 7,853,444		Goto et al.
7,721,301 B2 7,724,242 B2	5/2010 Wong et al. 5/2010 Hillis et al.	7,853,444		Wang et al. Bachenko et al.
7,724,696 B1	5/2010 Parekh	7,853,574	B2 12/2010	Kraenzel et al.
7,725,307 B2 7,725,318 B2	5/2010 Bennett 5/2010 Gavalda et al.	7,853,577 7,853,664		Sundaresan et al. Wang et al.
7,725,318 B2 7,725,320 B2	5/2010 Gavaida et al. 5/2010 Bennett	7,853,900	B2 12/2010	Nguyen et al.
7,725,321 B2	5/2010 Bennett	7,865,817 7,869,998		Ryan et al. Di Fabbrizio et al.
7,725,838 B2 7,729,904 B2	5/2010 Williams 6/2010 Bennett	7,869,998		Amato et al.
7,729,916 B2	6/2010 Coffman et al.	7,870,118	B2 1/2011	
7,734,461 B2 7,735,012 B2	6/2010 Kwak et al. 6/2010 Naik	7,870,133 7,873,149		Krishnamoorthy et al. Schultz et al.
7,739,588 B2	6/2010 Reynar et al.	7,873,519		Bennett
7,742,953 B2	6/2010 King et al.	7,873,654	B2 1/2011	Bernard
7,743,188 B2 7,747,616 B2	6/2010 Haitani et al. 6/2010 Yamada et al.	7,877,705 7,880,730		Chambers et al. Robinson et al.
.,,010 152	turned of the	1,000,750		

(56)	]	Referen	ces Cited		015,144 018,431			Zheng et al. Zehr et al.
	U.S. P	ATENT	DOCUMENTS	8,	019,271	B1	9/2011	Izdepski
				8,	019,604	B2	9/2011	
	7,881,283 B2		Cormier et al.		020,104			Robarts et al.
	7,881,936 B2		Longe et al.		024,195 024,415			Mozer et al. Horvitz et al.
	7,885,390 B2 7,885,844 B1		Chaudhuri et al. Cohen et al.		027,836			Baker et al.
	7,886,233 B2		Rainisto et al.		031,943			Chen et al.
	7,889,101 B2		Yokota		032,383		10/2011	Bhardwaj et al.
	7,889,184 B2		Blumenberg et al.		036,901		10/2011	
	7,889,185 B2		Blumenberg et al.		037,034 041,557		10/2011	Plachta et al.
	7,890,330 B2		Ozkaragoz et al.		041,570			Mirkovic et al.
	7,890,652 B2 7,895,039 B2		Bull et al. Braho et al.		041,611			Kleinrock et al.
	7,895,531 B2		Radtke et al.		042,053		10/2011	Darwish et al.
	7,899,666 B2		Varone	,	046,231			Hirota et al.
	7,904,297 B2	3/2011	Mirkovic et al.		046,363 046,374			Cha et al. Bromwich et al.
	7,908,287 B1 7,912,289 B2		Katragadda Kansal et al.	8.	050,500	Bi		Batty et al.
	7,912,699 B1		Saraclar et al.		054,180			Scofield et al.
	7,912,702 B2		Bennett		055,502			Clark et al.
	7,912,720 B1		Hakkani-Tur et al.		055,708			Chitsaz et al.
	7,912,828 B2		Bonnet et al.		056,070			Goller et al.
	7,913,185 B1		Benson et al.		060,824 064,753			Brownrigg, Jr. et al. Freeman
	7,916,979 B2 7,917,367 B2		Simmons Di Cristo et al.		065,143			Yanagihara
	7,917,497 B2		Harrison et al.		065,155			Gazdzinski
	7,920,678 B2		Cooper et al.		065,156			Gazdzinski
	7,920,682 B2		Byrne et al.		068,604 069,046			Leeds et al. Kennewick et al.
	7,920,857 B2 7,925,525 B2	4/2011	Lau et al.		069,422			Sheshagiri et al.
	7,925,525 B2 7,925,610 B2		Elbaz et al.		073,681			Baldwin et al.
	7,929,805 B2		Wang et al.	,	073,695			Hendricks et al.
	7,930,168 B2		Weng et al.		077,153			Benko et al. Gazdzinski
	7,930,183 B2		Odell et al.		078,473 082,153			Coffman et al.
	7,930,197 B2 7,936,339 B2		Ozzie et al. Marggraff et al.		082,498			Salamon et al.
	7,936,861 B2		Martin et al.	8,	090,571	B2		Elshishiny et al.
	7,936,863 B2		John et al.		095,364			Longe et al.
	7,937,075 B2		Zellner		099,289 099,395			Mozer et al. Pabla et al.
	7,941,009 B2 7,945,294 B2		Li et al. Zhang et al.		099,418			Inoue et al.
	7,945,470 B1		Cohen et al.	8,	103,510	B2	1/2012	
	7,949,529 B2		Weider et al.		107,401			John et al.
	7,949,534 B2		Davis et al.		112,275 112,280		2/2012	Kennewick et al.
	7,949,752 B2 7,953,679 B2		Lange et al. Chidlovskii et al.		117,037			Gazdzinski
	7,957,975 B2		Burns et al.	8,	117,542	B2	2/2012	Radtke et al.
	7,958,136 B1		Curtis et al.		121,413			Hwang et al.
	7,962,179 B2	6/2011			121,837			Agapi et al.
	7,974,835 B2		Balchandran et al.		122,094 122,353		2/2012 2/2012	
	7,974,844 B2 7,974,972 B2	7/2011	Sumita		130,929			Wilkes et al.
	7,975,216 B2	7/2011	Woolf et al.	8,	131,557	B2	3/2012	Davis et al.
	7,983,478 B2	7/2011	Liu et al.		135,115			Hogg, Jr. et al.
	7,983,915 B2		Knight et al.		138,912 140,330			Singh et al. Cevik et al.
	7,983,917 B2 7,983,919 B2		Kennewick et al. Conkie		140,335			Kennewick et al.
	7,983,997 B2		Allen et al.	8,	140,567	B2	3/2012	Padovitz et al.
	7,984,062 B2	7/2011	Dunning et al.		145,489			Freeman et al.
	7,986,431 B2		Emori et al.		150,694 150,700			Kennewick et al. Shin et al.
	7,987,151 B2 7,987,244 B1		Schott et al. Lewis et al.		155,956			Cho et al.
	7,987,244 B1 7,991,614 B2		Washio et al.		156,005		4/2012	
	7,992,085 B2		Wang-Aryattanwanich et al.		160,877			Nucci et al.
	7,996,228 B2		Miller et al.		160,883 165,321			Lecoeuche Paquier et al.
	7,996,589 B2		Schultz et al. Fux et al.		165,886		4/2012	Gagnon et al.
	7,996,769 B2 7,996,792 B2		Anzures et al.		166,019			Lee et al.
	7,999,669 B2		Singh et al.		166,032			Sommer et al.
	8,000,453 B2	8/2011	Cooper et al.		170,790			Lee et al.
	8,005,664 B2		Hanumanthappa		170,966			Musat et al.
	8,005,679 B2 8,006,180 B2	8/2011	Jordan et al. Tunning et al.		175,872 175,876			Kristjansson et al. Bou-Ghazale et al.
	8,010,614 B1		Musat et al.		179,370			Yamasani et al.
	8,014,308 B2		Gates et al.	8,	188,856	B2	5/2012	Singh et al.
	8,015,006 B2		Kennewick et al.		190,359			Bourne
	8,015,011 B2	9/2011	Nagano et al.	8,	190,596	B2	5/2012	Nambiar et al.

(56) Refere	nces Cited	8,380,504 B1		Peden et al.
IIS DATENT	Γ DOCUMENTS	8,380,507 B2 8,381,107 B2		Herman et al. Rottler et al.
U.S. FAIEN	DOCOMENTS	8,381,135 B2		Hotelling et al.
8,194,827 B2 6/2012	Jaiswal et al.	8,386,485 B2		Kerschberg et al.
	Mozer et al.	8,386,926 B1		Matsuoka
8,195,468 B2 6/2012	Kennewick et al.	8,391,844 B2		Lamiraux et al.
	Baggenstoss	8,396,714 B2 8,401,163 B1		Rogers et al. Kirchhoff et al.
	Braho et al. Van Os et al.	8,406,745 B1		Upadhyay et al.
, ,	Mozer	8,423,288 B2	4/2013	Stahl et al.
8,205,788 B1 6/2012	Gazdzinski et al.	8,428,758 B2		Naik et al.
	Patel et al.	8,433,572 B2 8,433,778 B1		Caskey et al. Shreesha et al.
	Williams et al. Nelissen	8,442,821 B1		Vanhoucke
	Yu et al.	8,447,612 B2	5/2013	Gazdzinski
	Roy et al.	8,452,597 B2	5/2013	Bringert et al.
	alSafadi et al.	8,457,959 B2 8,458,115 B2	6/2013	Kaiser Cai et al.
	Chaudhari et al.	8,458,278 B2		Christie et al.
	Bohle Maloney et al.	8,464,150 B2	6/2013	Davidson et al.
	Haag et al.	8,473,289 B2		Jitkoff et al.
8,234,111 B2 7/2012	Lloyd et al.	8,479,122 B2		Hotelling et al.
	LeBeau et al.	8,484,027 B1 8,489,599 B2		Murphy Bellotti
	Seligman et al. Serlet et al.	8,498,857 B2		Kopparapu et al.
	Killalea et al.	8,514,197 B2	8/2013	Shahraray et al.
8,254,829 B1 8/2012	Kindred et al.	8,515,736 B1	8/2013	
8,255,216 B2 8/2012	White	8,515,750 B1 8,521,513 B2		Lei et al. Millett et al.
	Stent et al. Lazaridis et al.	8,521,515 B2 8,521,526 B1*		Lloyd G10L 15/197
	Dhanakshirur et al.	0,021,020 21	0.2010	704/236
	Riemer et al.	8,521,531 B1	8/2013	
8,271,287 B1 9/2012	Kermani	8,527,276 B1		Senior et al.
8,275,621 B2 9/2012	Alewine et al.	8,537,033 B2 8,539,342 B1	9/2013	Gueziec Lewis
	Hirai et al. Barbera	8,543,375 B2	9/2013	
8,285,546 B2 10/2012		8,543,397 B1	9/2013	Nguyen
8,285,551 B2 10/2012	Gazdzinski	8,543,398 B1		Strope et al.
	Gazdzinski			Park et al. Tickner et al.
	Lynn et al. Nguyen et al.			Huang et al.
	Gazdzinski			Hendrickson
8,290,781 B2 10/2012	Gazdzinski			Burke et al.
8,296,124 B1 10/2012	Holsztynska et al.			Wolfram Sharkey et al.
	Clark et al. Gazdzinski			Koshinaka
	Gazdziński			Lindahl et al.
	Kelly et al.			Lei et al.
	Lindahl		12/2013 12/2013	Sata et al.
	Davies et al. Sweeney et al.			Tickner et al.
	Gazdzinski			Barr et al.
8,311,189 B2 11/2012	Champlin et al.			Stewart et al.
	Gazdzinski			Di Cristo et al.
	Lecoeuche Lindahl et al.	8,620,662 B2 8,626,681 B1		Bellegarda Jurca et al.
	Martin et al.	8,638,363 B2		King et al.
8,321,786 B2 11/2012	Lunati et al.	8,639,516 B2		Lindahl et al.
	Kennewick et al.	8,645,137 B2		Bellegarda et al.
	Krishnan et al.	8,645,138 B1 8,654,936 B1		Weinstein et al. Tofighbakhsh et al.
	Cross et al. Di Cristo et al.	8,655,646 B2		Lee et al.
8,332,748 B1 12/2012	Karam	8,655,901 B1		Li et al.
	Wittenstein et al.	8,660,843 B2		Falcon et al.
	Rosenberger	8,660,849 B2 8,660,970 B1		Gruber et al. Fiedorowicz
	Vieri et al. Hjelm et al.	8,661,112 B2		Creamer et al.
	Lamping et al.	8,661,340 B2	2/2014	Goldsmith et al.
8,352,183 B2 1/2013	Thota et al.	8,670,979 B2		Gruber et al.
	Naik et al.	8,675,084 B2		Bolton et al.
	Rogers et al. Silverman et al.	8,676,904 B2 8,677,377 B2		Lindahl et al. Cheyer et al.
	Vieri	8,681,950 B2		Vlack et al.
8,370,145 B2 2/2013	Endo et al.	8,682,667 B2	3/2014	Haughay et al.
	Gazdzinski	8,687,777 B1		Lavian et al.
	Gazdzinski	8,688,446 B2		Yanagihara et al.
	Ehsani et al.	8,688,453 B1		Joshi et al.
8,375,320 B2 2/2013	Kotler et al.	8,695,074 B2	4/2014	Saraf et al.

(56)		Referen	ces Cited	9,070,366			Mathias et al.
	211	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	9,071,701 9,076,448			Donaldson et al. Bennett et al.
	0.5.	TAILMI	DOCOMENTS	9,076,450		7/2015	Sadek et al.
	8,696,364 B2	4/2014	Cohen	9,081,411			Kalns et al.
	8,706,472 B2		Ramerth et al.	9,081,482 9,082,402	Bl Do		Zhai et al.
	8,706,474 B2		Blume et al.	9,082,402			Yadgar et al. Addepalli et al.
	8,706,503 B2 8,713,119 B2		Cheyer et al. Lindahl et al.	9,098,467			Blanksteen et al.
	8,713,418 B2		King et al.	9,101,279		8/2015	Ritchey et al.
	8,719,006 B2	5/2014	Bellegarda et al.	9,112,984		8/2015	Sejnoha et al. Gruber et al.
	8,719,014 B2		Wagner et al.	9,117,447 9,123,338		9/2015	
	8,719,039 B1 8,731,610 B2	5/2014 5/2014		9,159,319			Hoffmeister
	8,731,912 B1	5/2014	Tickner et al.	9,164,983			Liu et al.
	8,731,942 B2		Cheyer et al.	9,171,541 9,171,546		10/2015 10/2015	Kennewick et al.
	8,739,208 B2 8,744,852 B1		Rodriguez et al. Seymour et al.	9,183,845			
	8,760,537 B2		Johnson et al.	9,190,062	B2	11/2015	Haughay
	8,762,145 B2		Ouchi et al.	9,208,153			Zaveri et al.
	8,762,156 B2		Chen et al.	9,218,809 9,218,819		12/2015	Bellegarda Stekkelpak et al.
	8,762,469 B2 8,768,693 B2		Lindahl et al. Lempel et al.	9,223,537		12/2015	Brown et al.
	8,768,702 B2		Boettcher et al.	9,241,073			Van Rensburg et al.
	8,775,154 B2		Clinchant et al.	9,255,812			Maeoka et al.
	8,775,931 B2		Fux et al.	9,258,604 9,262,612		2/2016	Bilobrov et al.
	8,781,456 B2 8,781,841 B1	7/2014 7/2014		9,280,535			Varma et al.
	8,798,255 B2		Lubowich et al.	9,286,910	B1		Li et al.
	8,798,995 B1	8/2014	Edara et al.	9,292,487		3/2016	
	8,799,000 B2		Guzzoni et al.	9,292,489 9,299,344			Sak et al. Braho et al.
	8,805,690 B1 8,812,302 B2		LeBeau et al. Xiao et al.	9,300,718			Khanna
	8,831,947 B2		Wasserblat et al.	9,305,543			Fleizach et al.
	8,838,457 B2		Cerra et al.	9,305,548			Kennewick et al.
	8,855,915 B2		Furuhata et al.	9,311,912 9,313,317			Swietlinski et al. LeBeau et al.
	8,861,925 B1 8,862,252 B2	10/2014 10/2014	Rottler et al.	9,318,108			Gruber et al.
	8,868,409 B1		Mengibar et al.	9,325,809			Barros et al.
	8,880,405 B2		Cerra et al.	9,330,659		5/2016 5/2016	Ju et al.
	8,886,534 B2		Nakano et al.	9,330,720 9,338,493			Van Os et al.
	8,886,540 B2 8,886,541 B2		Cerra et al. Friedlander	9,349,368	B1		LeBeau et al.
	8,892,446 B2		Cheyer et al.	9,361,084		6/2016	
	8,893,023 B2		Perry et al.	9,367,541 9,377,871		6/2016 6/2016	Servan et al. Waddell et al.
	8,898,568 B2 8,903,716 B2		Bull et al. Chen et al.	9,378,740			Rosen et al.
	8,909,693 B2		Frissora et al.	9,380,155			
	8,930,176 B2		Li et al.	9,383,827		7/2016 7/2016	Faaborg et al.
	8,930,191 B2		Gruber et al.	9,390,726 9,396,722			Smus et al. Chung et al.
	8,938,394 B1 8,938,450 B2		Faaborg et al. Spivack et al.	9,401,147	B2		Jitkoff et al.
	8,938,688 B2		Bradford et al.	9,406,224			Sanders et al.
	8,942,986 B2		Cheyer et al.	9,412,392 9,418,650			Lindahl Bharadwaj et al.
	8,943,423 B2 8,972,240 B2		Merrill et al. Brockett et al.	9,423,266			Clark et al.
	8,972,432 B2		Shaw et al.	9,424,840			Hart et al.
	8,972,878 B2		Mohler et al.	9,436,918 9,437,186			Pantel et al. Liu et al.
	8,983,383 B1		Haskin Doulton	9,437,180			Epstein et al.
	8,989,713 B2 8,990,235 B2		King et al.	9,454,957			Mathias et al.
	8,994,660 B2		Neels et al.	9,465,833			Aravamudan et al.
	8,996,350 B1		Dub et al.	9,471,566 9,484,021			Zhang et al. Mairesse et al.
	8,996,376 B2 8,996,381 B2		Fleizach et al. Mozer et al.	9.495.129			Fleizach et al.
	8,996,639 B1		Faaborg et al.	9,501,741	B2		Cheyer et al.
	9,009,046 B1		Stewart	9,502,025		11/2016	Kennewick et al.
	9,020,804 B2		Barbaiani et al.	9,508,028 9,510,044			Bannister et al. Pereira et al.
	9,026,425 B2 9,031,834 B2		Nikoulina et al. Coorman et al.	9,519,453			Perkuhn et al.
	9,037,967 B1		Al-Jefri et al.	9,524,355			Forbes et al.
	9,043,208 B2	5/2015	Koch et al.	9,535,906			Lee et al.
	9,043,211 B2		Haiut et al.	9,536,527			Carlson
	9,049,255 B2 9,049,295 B1		MacFarlane et al. Cooper et al.	9,547,647 9,548,050			Badaskar Gruber et al.
	9,049,293 B1 9,053,706 B2		Jitkoff et al.	9,569,549		2/2017	Jenkins et al.
	9,058,811 B2		Wang et al.	9,575,964	B2	2/2017	Yadgar et al.
	9,063,979 B2	6/2015	Chiu et al.	9,578,173		2/2017	Sanghavi et al.
	9,064,495 B1	6/2015	Torok et al.	9,607,612	B2	3/2017	Deleeuw

(56)	Referen	nces Cited	2005/0033582 A1		Gadd et al.
U.S	. PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2005/0043974 A1 2005/0055403 A1	3/2005	Vassilev et al. Brittan
			2005/0074113 A1		Mathew et al.
9,620,113 B2		Kennewick et al.	2005/0080780 A1 2005/0114306 A1		Colledge et al. Shu et al.
9,620,126 B2 9,626,955 B2	4/2017 4/2017	Fleizach et al.	2005/0114500 A1		Lecoeuche
9,633,004 B2		Giuli et al.	2005/0165607 A1		Di fabbrizio et al.
9,633,660 B2	4/2017	Haughay	2005/0171779 A1		Joublin
9,652,453 B2		Mathur et al.	2005/0182628 A1 2005/0203747 A1	8/2005 9/2005	Lecoeuche
9,658,746 B2 9,659,298 B2		Cohn et al. Lynch et al.	2005/0203747 A1 2005/0203782 A1	9/2005	
9,665,567 B2		Liu et al.	2005/0288936 A1	12/2005	Busayapongchai et al.
9,668,121 B2	5/2017	Naik et al.	2006/0009973 A1		Nguyen et al.
9,672,725 B2		Dotan-Cohen et al.	2006/0069664 A1 2006/0100876 A1*		Ling et al. Nishizaki G10L 15/32
9,691,378 B1 9,697,827 B1		Meyers et al. Lilly et al.	2000/01000/0 /11	5/2000	704/257
9,698,999 B2		Mutagi	2006/0106595 A1		Brockett et al.
9,720,907 B2		Bangalore et al.	2006/0235690 A1		Tomasic et al.
9,721,566 B2 9,734,817 B1		Newendorp et al.	2006/0293876 A1 2007/0038609 A1	2/2006	Kamatani et al.
9,734,839 B1		Putrycz Adams	2007/0050191 A1		Weider et al.
9,741,343 B1		Miles et al.	2007/0055525 A1		Kennewick et al.
9,747,083 B1		Roman et al.	2007/0094026 A1	4/2007	Ativanichayaphong et al. Lee et al.
9,755,605 B1 9,813,882 B1		Li et al. Masterman	2007/0100709 A1 2007/0100790 A1		Cheyer et al.
9,818,400 B2		Paulik et al.	2007/0106674 A1		Agrawal et al.
9,842,584 B1	12/2017	Hart et al.	2007/0124289 A1		Imielinski
9,858,927 B2		Williams et al.	2007/0135949 A1 2007/0143376 A1		Snover et al. Mcintosh
9,934,785 B1 9,948,728 B2		Hulaud Linn et al.	2007/0208555 A1		Blass et al.
9,966,068 B2		Cash et al.	2007/0213984 A1	9/2007	Ativanichayaphong et al.
9,967,381 B1		Kashimba et al.	2007/0265847 A1		Ross et al.
9,990,176 B1 10,037,758 B2	6/2018	Gray Jing et al.	2008/0015864 A1 2008/0040339 A1		Ross et al. Zhou et al.
10,037,738 B2 10,049,663 B2		Orr et al.	2008/0048908 A1	2/2008	
10,049,668 B2		Huang et al.	2008/0065387 A1		Cross et al.
10,055,681 B2		Brown et al.	2008/0091406 A1 2008/0167876 A1		Baldwin et al. Bakis et al.
10,074,360 B2 10,096,319 B1	9/2018	Jin et al.	2008/0189110 A1		Freeman et al.
10,102,359 B2	10/2018		2008/0195630 A1		Exartier et al.
10,127,901 B2		Zhao et al.	2008/0221879 A1		Cerra et al.
10,169,329 B2 10,170,123 B2		Futrell et al. Orr et al.	2008/0228495 A1 2008/0235017 A1		Cross et al. Satomura
10,170,123 B2 10,191,718 B2		Rhee et al.	2008/0247519 A1		Abella et al.
10,192,557 B2		Lee et al.	2008/0294517 A1	11/2008	
10,200,824 B2		Gross et al.	2008/0319763 A1 2009/0003115 A1		Di fabbrizio et al. Lindahl et al.
2001/0047264 A1 2001/0049275 A1		Roundtree Pierry et al.	2009/0005113 A1 2009/0005012 A1		Van Heugten
2001/0049277 A1		Meyer et al.	2009/0005891 A1	1/2009	Batson et al.
2002/0002548 A1		Roundtree	2009/0006096 A1		Li et al.
2002/0002575 A1 2002/0002594 A1		Eisler et al. Roundtree et al.	2009/0006097 A1 2009/0006099 A1		Etezadi et al. Sharpe et al.
2002/0004736 A1		Roundtree et al.	2009/0006100 A1	1/2009	Badger et al.
2002/0032591 A1		Mahaffy et al.	2009/0006343 A1		Platt et al.
2002/0040297 A1		Tsiao et al. Zhao et al.	2009/0006345 A1 2009/0006488 A1		Platt et al. Lindahl et al.
2002/0042707 A1 2002/0052913 A1		Yamada et al.	2009/0006671 A1		Batson et al.
2002/0103644 A1		Brocious et al.	2009/0007001 A1		Morin et al.
2002/0116171 A1		Russell	2009/0007188 A1 2009/0011709 A1		Omernick Akasaka et al.
2002/0123891 A1 2002/0133347 A1		Epstein Schoneburg et al.	2009/0011703 A1 2009/0012748 A1		Beish et al.
2002/0133355 A1		Ross et al.	2009/0012775 A1	1/2009	El Hady et al.
2002/0164000 A1		Cohen et al.	2009/0018828 A1 2009/0018829 A1		Nakadai et al.
2002/0198714 A1 2003/0078779 A1	12/2002	Zhou Desai et al.	2009/0018829 A1 2009/0018834 A1		Kuperstein Cooper et al.
2003/00/8/79 A1 2003/0101054 A1		Davis et al.	2009/0018835 A1		Cooper et al.
2003/0125955 A1	7/2003	Arnold et al.	2009/0018839 A1		Cooper et al.
2003/0154116 A1		Lofton	2009/0018840 A1 2009/0022329 A1		Lutz et al. Mahowald
2003/0182131 A1 2003/0233230 A1		Arnold et al. Ammicht et al.	2009/0022329 A1 2009/0024595 A1	1/2009	
2004/0010484 A1		Foulger et al.	2009/0027334 A1		Foulk et al.
2004/0022369 A1	2/2004	Vitikainen et al.	2009/0028435 A1		Wu et al.
2004/0044516 A1		Kennewick et al.	2009/0030685 A1		Cerra et al.
2004/0085162 A1 2004/0230637 A1		Agarwal et al. Lecoueche et al.	2009/0030800 A1 2009/0030978 A1	1/2009	Johnson et al.
2004/0236778 A1		Junqua et al.	2009/0030978 A1 2009/0043580 A1	2/2009	
2004/0243419 A1	12/2004	Wang	2009/0043583 A1	2/2009	Agapi et al.
2005/0021424 A1	1/2005	Lewis et al.	2009/0043763 A1	2/2009	Peng

(56)	Referen	ices Cited	2009/0138736		5/2009	
11.9	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2009/0138828 2009/0144036		5/2009 6/2009	Schultz et al. Jorgensen et al.
0	), 17X1121V1	DOCUMENTS	2009/0144049			Haddad et al.
2009/0044094 A1	2/2009	Rapp et al.	2009/0144428		6/2009	
2009/0048821 A1		Yam et al.	2009/0144609 2009/0146848		6/2009	Liang et al. Ghassabian
2009/0048841 A1 2009/0048845 A1		Pollet et al. Burckart et al.	2009/0140848		6/2009	Jacoby et al.
2009/0048843 A1 2009/0049067 A1		Murray	2009/0150156	A1	6/2009	Kennewick et al.
2009/0055168 A1		Wu et al.	2009/0152349		6/2009	Bonev et al.
2009/0055175 A1		Terrell et al.	2009/0153288 2009/0154669		6/2009	Hope et al. Wood et al.
2009/0055179 A1 2009/0055186 A1		Cho et al. Lance et al.	2009/0157382		6/2009	Bar
2009/0055180 A1 2009/0055380 A1		Peng et al.	2009/0157384	A1	6/2009	Toutanova et al.
2009/0055381 A1	2/2009	Wu et al.	2009/0157401			Bennett
2009/0055648 A1		Kim et al.	2009/0158200 2009/0158323			Palahnuk et al. Bober et al.
2009/0058823 A1 2009/0058860 A1		Kocienda Fong et al.	2009/0158423			Orlassino et al.
2009/005000 A1 2009/0060351 A1		Li et al.	2009/0160761		6/2009	
2009/0060472 A1		Bull et al.	2009/0160803			Hashimoto
2009/0063974 A1		Bull et al.	2009/0163243 2009/0164301			Barbera O'Sullivan et al.
2009/0064031 A1 2009/0070097 A1		Bull et al. Wu et al.	2009/0164441			Cheyer
2009/0070102 A1		Maegawa	2009/0164655			Pettersson et al.
2009/0070109 A1	3/2009	Didcock et al.	2009/0164937		6/2009	Alviar et al.
2009/0070114 A1		Staszak	2009/0167508 2009/0167509			Fadell et al. Fadell et al.
2009/0074214 A1 2009/0076792 A1		Bradford et al. Lawson-Tancred	2009/0171578			Kim et al.
2009/0076796 A1		Daraselia	2009/0171662		7/2009	Huang et al.
2009/0076798 A1		Oh et al.	2009/0171664			Kennewick et al.
2009/0076819 A1		Wouters et al.	2009/0172108 2009/0172542		7/2009	Girish et al.
2009/0076821 A1 2009/0076825 A1		Brenner Bradford et al.	2009/0174667		7/2009	Kocienda et al.
2009/0077047 A1		Cooper et al.	2009/0174677			Gehani et al.
2009/0077165 A1	3/2009	Rhodes et al.	2009/0177300		7/2009	
2009/0077464 A1			2009/0177461 2009/0177966			Ehsani et al. Chaudhri
2009/0079622 A1 2009/0083034 A1		Seshadri et al. Hernandez et al.	2009/0182445			Girish et al.
2009/0083035 A1		Huang et al.	2009/0182549			Anisimovich et al.
2009/0083036 A1		Zhao et al.	2009/0182702		7/2009	
2009/0083037 A1		Gleason et al.	2009/0183070 2009/0187402		7/2009	Robbins Scholl
2009/0083047 A1 2009/0089058 A1		Lindahl et al. Bellegarda	2009/0187577			Reznik et al.
2009/0091537 A1		Huang et al.	2009/0187950		7/2009	
2009/0092239 A1		Macwan et al.	2009/0190774 2009/0191895		7/2009 7/2009	Wang et al. Singh et al.
2009/0092260 A1 2009/0092261 A1		Powers	2009/0191893			Drewes
2009/0092261 A1 2009/0092262 A1		Costa et al.	2009/0192787	A1	7/2009	Roon
2009/0094029 A1	4/2009	Koch et al.	2009/0192798		7/2009	Basson et al.
2009/0094033 A1			2009/0198497 2009/0204402		8/2009 8/2009	Kwon Marwaha et al.
2009/0097634 A1 2009/0097637 A1		Nambiar et al. Boscher et al.	2009/0204409		8/2009	Mozer et al.
2009/0098903 A1		Donaldson et al.	2009/0204478			Kaib et al.
2009/0100049 A1		Cao	2009/0204596			Brun et al.
2009/0100454 A1		Weber Harris	2009/0204601 2009/0204620			Grasset Thione et al.
2009/0104898 A1 2009/0106026 A1		Ferrieux	2009/0210230			Schwarz et al.
2009/0106376 A1		Tom et al.	2009/0210232			Sanchez et al.
2009/0106397 A1		O'Keefe	2009/0213134 2009/0215466		8/2009	Stephanick et al. Ahl et al.
2009/0112572 A1		Thorn Jackson et al.	2009/0215400			Zhang et al.
2009/0112576 A1 2009/0112592 A1		Candelore et al.	2009/0216396			Yamagata
2009/0112596 A1		Syrdal et al.	2009/0216528			Gemello et al.
2009/0112677 A1			2009/0216540 2009/0216704			Tessel et al. Zheng et al.
2009/0112892 A1 2009/0119587 A1		Cardie et al. Allen et al.	2009/0210704			MacFarlane et al.
2009/0119387 A1 2009/0123021 A1		Jung et al.	2009/0221274	A1	9/2009	Venkatakrishnan et al.
2009/0123071 A1	5/2009	Iwasaki	2009/0222257		9/2009	
2009/0125299 A1		Ų	2009/0222270 2009/0222488			Likens et al. Boerries et al.
2009/0125477 A1 2009/0125602 A1		Lu et al. Bhatia et al.	2009/0224867			O'Shaughnessy et al.
2009/0125802 A1 2009/0125813 A1		Shen et al.	2009/0228126		9/2009	Spielberg et al.
2009/0125947 A1	5/2009	Ibaraki	2009/0228273			Wang et al.
2009/0128505 A1		Partridge et al.	2009/0228277		9/2009	
2009/0132253 A1 2009/0132255 A1		Bellegarda Lu	2009/0228281 2009/0228439		9/2009	Singleton et al.  Manolescu et al.
2009/0137286 A1		Luke et al.	2009/0228439			Van Os et al.
2009/0138263 A1			2009/0228842			Westerman et al.
2009/0138430 A1	5/2009	Nambiar et al.	2009/0233264	A1	9/2009	Rogers et al.

(56)		Referen	ces Cited	2009/0316943		12/2009	Frigola Munoz et al.
	U.S.	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2009/0318119 2009/0318198		12/2009	Basir et al. Carroll
	0.0.		DOCOMENTO	2009/0319257			Blume et al.
2009/023463			Ranjan et al.	2009/0319266		12/2009	Brown et al.
2009/023465			Basir et al.	2009/0319342 2009/0326923		12/2009	Shilman et al. Yan et al.
2009/023465 2009/023528		9/2009	Tannier et al.	2009/0326936			Nagashima
2009/023920		9/2009		2009/0326938			Marila et al.
2009/023955			Churchill et al.	2009/0326949			Douthitt et al.
2009/024048			Dalal et al.	2009/0327977 2010/0004918			Bachfischer et al. Lee et al.
2009/024105 2009/024176			Hendricks Georges	2010/0004918			Strope et al.
2009/024170			Mittleman et al.	2010/0004931		1/2010	Ma et al.
2009/024818		10/2009	Logan et al.	2010/0005081			Bennett
2009/024839			Alewine et al.	2010/0010803 2010/0010814		1/2010	Ishikawa et al.
2009/024840 2009/024842			Ito et al. Basir et al.	2010/0010814			Ito et al.
2009/024842			Li et al.	2010/0013760			Hirai et al.
2009/024845			Fahmy et al.	2010/0013796			Abileah et al.
2009/024919			Davis et al.	2010/0017212 2010/0017382			Attwater et al. Katragadda et al.
2009/024924			Tseng et al.	2010/0017382			Zerbe et al.
2009/025235 2009/025345		10/2009 10/2009	Seguin	2010/0020035			Ryu et al.
2009/025346			Shin et al.	2010/0023318			Lemoine
2009/025433		10/2009	Seguin	2010/0023320			Di Cristo et al.
2009/025434			Fleizach et al.	2010/0023331 2010/0026526			Duta et al. Yokota
2009/025481 2009/025482		10/2009	Song et al.	2010/0030549			Lee et al.
2009/025947		10/2009		2010/0030928		2/2010	Conroy et al.
2009/025947			Yamagami et al.	2010/0031143			Rao et al.
2009/025996			Pallakoff	2010/0036653 2010/0036655			Kim et al. Cecil et al.
2009/026517		10/2009	Davis Crider et al.	2010/0036660			Bennett
2009/026536 2009/027110			Lee et al.	2010/0036829		2/2010	Leyba
2009/027117			Bodin et al.	2010/0036928			Granito et al.
2009/027117			Bodin et al.	2010/0037183			Miyashita et al.
2009/027117		10/2009	Bodin et al.	2010/0037187 2010/0042400			Kondziela Block et al.
2009/027118 2009/027118			Agapi et al. Agapi et al.	2010/0042576			Roettger et al.
2009/027431			Carnes et al.	2010/0046842			Conwell et al.
2009/027437		11/2009	Selvaraj et al.	2010/0049498			Cao et al.
2009/027880			Rubanovich et al.	2010/0049514 2010/0050064			Kennewick et al. Liu et al.
2009/028178 2009/028447			Waibel et al. Longe et al.	2010/0054512		3/2010	
2009/028448		11/2009		2010/0057435		3/2010	Kent et al.
2009/028651			Lichorowic et al.	2010/0057443			Di Cristo et al.
2009/028758		11/2009		2010/0057457 2010/0057461			Ogata et al. Neubacher et al.
2009/029071 2009/029298			Kahn et al. Sorenson	2010/0057643		3/2010	
2009/029298			Hicks et al.	2010/0058200		3/2010	Jablokov et al.
2009/029847		12/2009	George	2010/0060646			Unsal et al.
2009/029852			Mahajan	2010/0063804 2010/0063825			Sato et al. Williams et al.
2009/029974 2009/029975		12/2009	Kennewick et al.	2010/0063961		3/2010	Guiheneuf et al.
2009/029973			Cao et al.	2010/0064113		3/2010	Lindahl et al.
2009/030039			Jessup et al.	2010/0064218			Bull et al.
2009/030048		12/2009		2010/0064226 2010/0066546		3/2010	Stefaniak et al.
2009/030419 2009/030520			Herre et al. Okumura et al.	2010/0066684			Shahraray et al.
2009/030696			Nicolov et al.	2010/0067723	A1		Bergmann et al.
2009/030696			Goud et al.	2010/0067867			Lin et al.
2009/030697			Jaiswal et al.	2010/0070281 2010/0070517			Conkie et al. Ghosh et al.
2009/030698 2009/030698		12/2009	Snin Cromack et al.	2010/0070521			Clinchant et al.
2009/030698			Roberts et al.	2010/0070899	A1		Hunt et al.
2009/030698			Chen et al.	2010/0071003			Bychkov et al.
2009/030698		12/2009		2010/0076760 2010/0076993			Kraenzel et al. Klawitter et al.
2009/030716 2009/030720			Bui et al. Dunning et al.	2010/0077350			Lim et al.
2009/030720			Davidson et al.	2010/0079501			Ikeda et al.
2009/030759			Kosonen et al.	2010/0079508	A1		Hodge et al.
2009/030935			Walker et al.	2010/0080398			Waldmann
2009/031301			Shin et al.	2010/0080470			Deluca et al.
2009/031302 2009/031302		12/2009	Koivunen	2010/0081456 2010/0081487			Singh et al. Chen et al.
2009/031302		12/2009		2010/008148/		4/2010	
2009/031354			Wood et al.	2010/0082327			Rogers et al.
2009/031356	4 A1	12/2009	Rottler et al.	2010/0082328	A1	4/2010	Rogers et al.

(56)	Referer	ices Cited	2010/0198821			Loritz et al.
11.6	C DATENIT	DOCUMENTS	2010/0199180 2010/0199215			Brichter et al. Seymour et al.
0.3	S. PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2010/0199213			Kennewick et al.
2010/0082329 A1	4/2010	Silverman et al.	2010/0211199			Naik et al.
2010/0082329 A1 2010/0082333 A1		Al-Shammari	2010/0211379			Gorman et al.
2010/0082343 A1		Levit et al.	2010/0211644	A1		Lavoie et al.
2010/0082346 A1		Rogers et al.	2010/0216509			Riemer et al.
2010/0082347 A1		Rogers et al.	2010/0217604			Baldwin et al.
2010/0082348 A1		Silverman et al.	2010/0222033 2010/0222098		9/2010	Scott et al.
2010/0082349 A1		Bellegarda et al. Levitt	2010/0222098			Mclean
2010/0082376 A1 2010/0082567 A1		Rosenblatt et al.	2010/0223056			Kadirkamanathan et al.
2010/0082970 A1		Lindahl et al.	2010/0223131	A1	9/2010	Scott et al.
2010/0086152 A1		Rank et al.	2010/0225599			Danielsson et al.
2010/0086153 A1	4/2010	Hagen et al.	2010/0225809			Connors et al.
2010/0086156 A1		Rank et al.	2010/0227642 2010/0228540			Kim et al. Bennett
2010/0088020 A1		Sano et al.	2010/0228549			Herman et al.
2010/0088093 A1 2010/0088100 A1		Lee et al. Lindahl	2010/0228691			Yang et al.
2010/0094632 A1		Davis et al.	2010/0229082	A1		Karmarkar et al.
2010/0098231 A1		Wohlert et al.	2010/0229100			Miller et al.
2010/0100212 A1	4/2010	Lindahl et al.	2010/0231474			Yamagajo et al.
2010/0100384 A1		Ju et al.	2010/0235167 2010/0235341			Bourdon Bennett
2010/0100385 A1		Davis et al.	2010/0235341			Kocienda et al.
2010/0100515 A1 2010/0100816 A1		Bangalore et al. Mccloskey et al.	2010/0235732			Bergman
2010/0100310 A1			2010/0235770			Ording et al.
2010/0106486 A1		Hua et al.	2010/0235780			Westerman et al.
2010/0106498 A1		Morrison et al.	2010/0241418			Maeda et al.
2010/0106500 A1		McKee et al.	2010/0250542			Fujimaki
2010/0106503 A1		Farrell et al.	2010/0250599 2010/0255858		10/2010	Schmidt et al.
2010/0114856 A1		Kuboyama	2010/0257160		10/2010	
2010/0114887 A1 2010/0121637 A1		Conway et al. Roy et al.	2010/0257478			Longe et al.
2010/0121037 A1		Weng et al.	2010/0262599		10/2010	
2010/0125458 A1		Franco et al.	2010/0263015			Pandey et al.
2010/0125460 A1		Mellott et al.	2010/0268537			Al-Telmissani
2010/0125811 A1		Moore et al.	2010/0268539 2010/0269040		10/2010	Xu et al.
2010/0128701 A1		Nagaraja	2010/0274753			Liberty et al.
2010/0131265 A1 2010/0131269 A1		Boda et al. Park et al.	2010/0277579			Cho et al.
2010/0131203 A1		Aley-Raz et al.	2010/0278320	A1	11/2010	Arsenault et al.
2010/0131498 A1		Linthicum et al.	2010/0278391			Hsu et al.
2010/0131899 A1	5/2010	Hubert	2010/0278453		11/2010	
2010/0138215 A1		Williams	2010/0280983 2010/0281034			Cho et al. Petrou et al.
2010/0138224 A1		Bedingfield, Sr.	2010/0286984			Wandinger et al.
2010/0138416 A1 2010/0138680 A1		Bellotti Brisebois et al.	2010/0286985			Kennewick et al.
2010/0138759 A1			2010/0287514	A1		Cragun et al.
2010/0138798 A1		Wilson et al.	2010/0290632		11/2010	
2010/0142740 A1		Roerup	2010/0293460		11/2010	
2010/0145694 A1		Ju et al.	2010/0295645 2010/0299133			Falldin et al. Kopparapu et al.
2010/0145700 A1 2010/0145707 A1		Kennewick et al. Ljolje et al.	2010/0299138		11/2010	
2010/0145/07 A1 2010/0146442 A1		Nagasaka et al.	2010/0299142			Freeman et al.
2010/0150321 A1		Harris et al.	2010/0302056			Dutton et al.
2010/0153114 A		Shih et al.	2010/0304342		12/2010	
2010/0153115 A1		Klee et al.	2010/0304705 2010/0305807			Hursey et al. Basir et al.
2010/0153448 A1		Harpur et al.	2010/0303807			Schwarz et al.
2010/0161311 A1 2010/0161313 A1		Massuh Karttunen	2010/0312547			Van Os et al.
2010/0101313 A1		Pulz et al.	2010/0312566			Odinak et al.
2010/0161554 A1		Datuashvili et al.	2010/0318366			Sullivan et al.
2010/0164897 A1	7/2010	Morin et al.	2010/0318576		12/2010	
2010/0169075 A1		Raffa et al.	2010/0322438 2010/0324709		12/2010	Starmen
2010/0169093 A1 2010/0169097 A1		Washio	2010/0324709			Kurzweil et al.
2010/0169097 A1 2010/0169098 A1		Nachman et al.	2010/0324896			Attwater et al.
2010/0171713 A1		Kwok et al.	2010/0324905		12/2010	Kurzweil et al.
2010/0174544 A1		Heifets	2010/0325131			Dumais et al.
2010/0175066 A1	7/2010	Paik	2010/0325158			Oral et al.
2010/0179932 A1		Yoon et al.	2010/0325573			Estrada et al.
2010/0179991 A1		Lorch et al.	2010/0325588			Reddy et al.
2010/0180218 A1 2010/0185448 A1		Boston et al. Meisel	2010/0330908 2010/0332003		12/2010	Maddern et al.
2010/0185949 Al		Jaeger	2010/0332003			Hursey et al.
2010/0191520 Al		Gruhn et al.	2010/0332224			Mäkelä et al.
2010/0197359 A1		Harris	2010/0332235		12/2010	

(56)	Refere	nces Cited	2011/0103682			Chidlovskii et al.
U.S	S. PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2011/0105097 2011/0106736			Tadayon et al. Aharonson et al.
			2011/0106892			Nelson et al.
2010/0332236 A1			2011/0110502 2011/0111724			Daye et al. Baptiste
2010/0332280 A1 2010/0332348 A1		Bradley et al.	2011/01117/24			Bellegarda
2010/0332428 A1		Mehenry et al.	2011/0112827	A1		Kennewick et al.
2010/0332976 A		Fux et al.	2011/0112837			Kurki-Suonio et al.
2010/0333030 A1			2011/0112838 2011/0112921		5/2011	Kennewick et al.
2010/0333163 A1 2011/0002487 A1		Panther et al.	2011/0116610			Shaw et al.
2011/0004475 A1		Bellegarda	2011/0119049			Ylonen
2011/0006876 A1		Moberg et al.	2011/0119051 2011/0119623		5/2011	Li et al. Kim
2011/0009107 A1 2011/0010178 A1		Guba et al. Lee et al.	2011/0119715		5/2011	Chang et al.
2011/0010644 A1		Merrill et al.	2011/0123004			Chang et al.
2011/0015928 A1		Odell et al.	2011/0125498 2011/0125540			Pickering et al. Jang et al.
2011/0016150 A1 2011/0016421 A1		Engstrom et al. Krupka et al.	2011/0125701			Nair et al.
2011/0018695 A1		Bells et al.	2011/0130958			Stahl et al.
2011/0021211 A1			2011/0131036 2011/0131038			DiCristo et al. Oyaizu et al.
2011/0021213 A1 2011/0022292 A1		Shen et al.	2011/0131036			Cristo et al.
2011/0022388 A1		Wu et al.	2011/0137636			Srihari et al.
2011/0022393 A1		Waller et al.	2011/0137664 2011/0141141			Kho et al. Kankainen
2011/0022394 A1 2011/0022472 A1		Wide et al. Zon et al.	2011/0141141			de Silva
2011/0022952 A1		Wu et al.	2011/0143811		6/2011	Rodriguez
2011/0029616 A1		Wang et al.	2011/0144857 2011/0144901			Wingrove et al.
2011/0030067 A1 2011/0033064 A1		Wilson Johnson et al.	2011/0144901		6/2011 6/2011	Bocchieri et al.
2011/0033004 A1 2011/0034183 A1		Haag et al.	2011/0144999		6/2011	Jang et al.
2011/0035144 A1	2/2011	Okamoto et al.	2011/0145718			Ketola et al.
2011/0035434 A1		Lockwood	2011/0151830 2011/0153209			Blanda et al. Geelen
2011/0038489 A1 2011/0039584 A1		Visser et al. Merrett	2011/0153322		6/2011	Kwak et al.
2011/0040707 A1	2/2011	Theisen et al.	2011/0153324			Ballinger et al.
2011/0045841 A1		Kuhlke et al.	2011/0153329 2011/0153330			Moorer Yazdani et al.
2011/0047072 A1 2011/0047149 A1		Ciurea Vaananen	2011/0153373			Dantzig et al.
2011/0047161 A	2/2011	Myaeng et al.	2011/0154193			Creutz et al.
2011/0047266 A1		Yu et al.	2011/0157029 2011/0161072		6/2011 6/2011	Terao et al.
2011/0047605 A1 2011/0050591 A1		Sontag et al. Kim et al.	2011/0161076			Davis et al.
2011/0050592 A1	3/2011	Kim et al.	2011/0161079			Gruhn et al.
2011/0054647 A1		Chipchase	2011/0161309 2011/0161852			Lung et al. Vainio et al.
2011/0054894 A1 2011/0054901 A1		Phillips et al. Qin et al.	2011/0166851			LeBeau et al.
2011/0055256 A1	3/2011	Phillips et al.	2011/0166855			Vermeulen et al.
2011/0060584 A1 2011/0060587 A1		Ferrucci et al.	2011/0167350 2011/0175810			Hoellwarth Markovic et al.
2011/0060587 A1		Phillips et al. Weinberg et al.	2011/0178804	Al	7/2011	Inoue et al.
2011/0060807 A1	3/2011	Martin et al.	2011/0179002			Dumitru et al.
2011/0060812 A1		Middleton	2011/0179372 2011/0183627			Moore et al. Ueda et al.
2011/0064387 A1 2011/0065456 A1		Mendeloff et al. Brennan et al.	2011/0183650	A1	7/2011	Mckee et al.
2011/0066366 A1	3/2011	Ellanti et al.	2011/0184721			Subramanian et al.
2011/0066436 A1		Bezar Huang et al.	2011/0184730 2011/0184736			LeBeau et al. Slotznick
2011/0066468 A1 2011/0066634 A1		Phillips et al.	2011/0184737	Al	7/2011	Nakano et al.
2011/0072033 A1	3/2011	White et al.	2011/0184768			Norton et al.
2011/0072492 A1		Mohler et al. Kim et al.	2011/0185288 2011/0191108			Gupta et al. Friedlander
2011/0076994 A1 2011/0077943 A1		Miki et al.	2011/0191271			Baker et al.
2011/0080260 A1	4/2011	Wang et al.	2011/0191344			Jin et al.
2011/0081889 A1		Gao et al.	2011/0195758 2011/0196670			Damale et al. Dang et al.
2011/0082688 A1 2011/0083079 A1		Kim et al. Farrell et al.	2011/0197128	A1	8/2011	Assadollahi et al.
2011/0087491 A1	4/2011	Wittenstein et al.	2011/0199312		8/2011	
2011/0087685 A1		Lin et al.	2011/0201385 2011/0201387			Higginbotham et al. Paek et al.
2011/0090078 A1 2011/0092187 A1		Kim et al. Miller	2011/0201387			Lee et al.
2011/0093261 A		Angott	2011/0205149	A1	8/2011	Tom et al.
2011/0093265 A1		Stent et al.	2011/0208511			Sikstrom et al.
2011/0093271 Al 2011/0093272 Al		Bernard et al. Isobe et al.	2011/0208524 2011/0209088			Haughay Hinckley et al.
2011/0093272 A1 2011/0099000 A1		Rai et al.	2011/0209088			Rhoads et al.
2011/0099157 Al		Lebeau et al.	2011/0216093			Griffin

(56)	Referei	nces Cited	2012/0022869 A		Lloyd et al.
TT	C DATENIT	P DOCUMENTS	2012/0022870 A 2012/0022872 A		Kristjansson et al. Gruber et al.
0.3	S. PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2012/0022872 F 2012/0022874 F		Lloyd et al.
2011/0218806 A1	9/2011	Alewine et al.	2012/0022876 A		LeBeau et al.
2011/0218855 A1		Cao et al.	2012/0022967 A		Bachman et al.
2011/0219018 A1		Bailey et al.	2012/0023088 A		Cheng et al.
2011/0223893 A1		Lau et al.	2012/0023095 A 2012/0023462 A		Wadycki et al. Rosing et al.
2011/0224972 A1		Millett et al.	2012/0023462 F 2012/0029661 F	A1 2/2012	Jones et al.
2011/0228913 A1 2011/0231182 A1		Cochinwala et al. Weider et al.	2012/0029910 A		Medlock et al.
2011/0231182 A1			2012/0034904 A		LeBeau et al.
2011/0231188 A1		Kennewick et al.	2012/0035907 A		Lebeau et al.
2011/0231218 A1		Tovar	2012/0035908 /		Lebeau et al.
2011/0231432 A1		Sata et al.	2012/0035924		Jitkoff et al. Friend et al.
2011/0231474 A1		Locker et al.	2012/0035925 F 2012/0035926 A		Ambler
2011/0238191 A1 2011/0238407 A1		Kristjansson et al. Kent	2012/0035931 A		LeBeau et al.
2011/0238408 A1		Larcheveque et al.	2012/0035932 A		Jitkoff et al.
2011/0238676 A1		Liu et al.	2012/0035935 A		Park et al.
2011/0239111 A1		Grover	2012/0036556 A 2012/0039539 A		LeBeau et al. Boiman et al.
2011/0242007 A1		Gray et al.	2012/0039339 A 2012/0041752 A		Wang et al.
2011/0244888 A1 2011/0246471 A1		Onki Rakib et al.	2012/0041756 A		Hanazawa et al.
2011/0240471 A1			2012/0042014 A	A1 2/2012	Desai et al.
2011/0250570 A1		Mack et al.	2012/0042343 A		Laligand et al.
2011/0257966 A1		Rychlik	2012/0053815 /		Montanari et al.
2011/0258188 A1		Abdalmageed et al.	2012/0053829 A 2012/0053945 A		Agarwal et al. Gupta et al.
2011/0260829 A1			2012/0053943 F 2012/0056815 A		
2011/0260861 A1 2011/0264643 A1		Singh et al.	2012/0059655 A		Cartales
2011/0264999 A1		Bells et al.	2012/0059813 A		Sejnoha et al.
2011/0274303 A1		Filson et al.	2012/0060052 A		White et al.
2011/0276595 A1		Kirkland et al.	2012/0062473		Xiao et al.
2011/0276598 A1		Kozempel	2012/0066212 A 2012/0066581 A		Jennings Spalink
2011/0276944 A1		Bergman et al. Klein et al.	2012/0000381 F 2012/0075054 A		Ge et al.
2011/0279368 A1 2011/0280143 A1		Li et al.	2012/0075184 A		Madhvanath
2011/0282663 A1		Talwar et al.	2012/0077479 A		Sabotta et al.
2011/0282888 A1		Koperski et al.	2012/0078611 /		Soltani et al.
2011/0282906 A1			2012/0078624		Yook et al. Wagner
2011/0283189 A1 2011/0283190 A1		McCarty Poltorak	2012/0078635 A		Rothkopf et al.
2011/0283130 A1		Dymetman et al.	2012/0078747 A		Chakrabarti et al.
2011/0288855 A1			2012/0082317 A		Pance et al.
2011/0288861 A1		Kurzweil et al.	2012/0083286 A		Kim et al.
2011/0288863 A1		Rasmussen	2012/0084086		Gilbert et al. Wong et al.
2011/0288866 A1 2011/0298585 A1		Rasmussen	2012/0088219 A		Briscoe et al.
2011/0301943 A1			2012/0089331 A		Schmidt et al.
2011/0302162 A1		Xiao et al.	2012/0101823		Weng et al.
2011/0302645 A1		Headley	2012/0108166 A 2012/0108221 A		Thomas et al.
2011/0306426 A1 2011/0307241 A1		Novak et al. Waibel et al.	2012/0109997 A		Sparks et al.
2011/0307241 A1 2011/0307254 A1		Hunt et al.	2012/0110456 A		Larco et al.
2011/0307491 A1		Fisk et al.	2012/0116770 A		Chen et al.
2011/0307810 A1		Hilerio et al.	2012/0117499 /		Mori et al.
2011/0313775 A1		Laligand et al.	2012/0124126 <i>A</i> 2012/0124177 <i>A</i>		Alcazar et al.
2011/0313803 A1		Friend et al. Ju et al.	2012/0124177 F 2012/0124178 A		
2011/0314003 A1 2011/0314032 A1		Bennett et al.	2012/0128322 A		Shaffer et al.
2011/0314404 A1		Kotler et al.	2012/0130709 A		Bocchieri et al.
2011/0314539 A1		Horton	2012/0136572		Norton
2011/0320187 A1		Motik et al.	2012/0136649 A 2012/0136855 A		Freising et al. Ni et al.
2012/0002820 A1		Leichter	2012/0136833 A 2012/0136985 A		Popescu et al.
2012/0005602 AI 2012/0008754 AI		Anttila et al. Mukherjee et al.	2012/0137367 A		Dupont et al.
2012/0010886 A1		Razavilar	2012/0149342 A		Cohen et al.
2012/0011138 A1	1/2012	Dunning et al.	2012/0149394		Singh et al.
2012/0013609 A1		Reponen et al.	2012/0150544		McLoughlin et al.
2012/0015629 A1		Olsen et al.	2012/0150580 A 2012/0158293 A		Norton Burnham
2012/0016658 A1 2012/0016678 A1		Wu et al. Gruber et al.	2012/0158399 A		Tremblay et al.
2012/0019400 A1		Patel et al.	2012/0138399 F 2012/0158422 A		Burnham et al.
2012/0020490 A1		Leichter	2012/0159380 A		Kocienda et al.
2012/0022787 A1		LeBeau et al.	2012/0163710 A		Skaff et al.
2012/0022857 A1		Baldwin et al.	2012/0166196 A		Ju et al.
2012/0022860 A1		Lloyd et al.	2012/0166959		Hilerio et al.
2012/0022868 A1	1/2012	LeBeau et al.	2012/0173222 A	<b>XI</b> //2012	Wang et al.

(56)	Referen	nces Cited	2012/0310652			O'Sullivan
11.5	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2012/0310922 2012/0311478			Johnson et al. Van Os et al.
0.5	· IZILAVI	DOCUMENTS	2012/0311583		12/2012	Gruber et al.
2012/0173244 A1		Kwak et al.	2012/0311584			Gruber et al.
2012/0173464 A1		Tur et al.	2012/0311585 2012/0316862			Gruber et al. Sultan et al.
2012/0174121 A1 2012/0179457 A1		Treat et al. Newman et al.	2012/0316875			Nyquist et al.
2012/0179467 A1		Williams	2012/0316878		12/2012	
2012/0185237 A1		Gajic et al.	2012/0317194 2012/0317498		12/2012	Tian Logan et al.
2012/0185480 A1 2012/0185781 A1		Ni et al. Guzman et al.	2012/031/498			Schubert et al.
2012/0193781 A1 2012/0191461 A1		Lin et al.	2012/0324391		12/2012	Tocci et al.
2012/0192096 A1		Bowman et al.	2012/0327009			Fleizach
2012/0197743 A1		Grigg et al. Caruso	2012/0329529 2012/0330660		12/2012	van der Raadt Jaiswal
2012/0197995 A1 2012/0197998 A1		Kessel et al.	2012/0330661		12/2012	
2012/0201362 A1	8/2012	Crossan et al.	2012/0330990			Chen et al.
2012/0209654 A1		Romagnino et al.	2013/0002716 2013/0005405		1/2013	Walker et al.
2012/0209853 A1 2012/0209874 A1		Desai et al. Wong et al.	2013/0006633			Grokop et al.
2012/0210266 A1		Jiang et al.	2013/0006637			Kanevsky et al.
2012/0214141 A1		Raya et al.	2013/0006638 2013/0007240			Lindahl Qiu et al.
2012/0214517 A1 2012/0215762 A1		Singh et al. Hall et al.	2013/0007240		1/2013	Gamon et al.
2012/0213702 A1 2012/0221339 A1		Wang et al.	2013/0009858		1/2013	Lacey
2012/0221552 A1	8/2012	Reponen et al.	2013/0010575			He et al.
2012/0223889 A1		Medlock et al.	2013/0013313 2013/0013319		1/2013 1/2013	Shechtman et al. Grant et al.
2012/0223936 A1 2012/0232885 A1		Aughey et al. Barbosa et al.	2013/0014026		1/2013	Beringer et al.
2012/0232886 A1		Capuozzo et al.	2013/0018659		1/2013	Chi
2012/0232906 A1		Lindahl et al.	2013/0024576 2013/0027875			Dishneau et al. Zhu et al.
2012/0233207 A1 2012/0233266 A1		Mohajer Hassan et al.	2013/0027873			Cancedda et al.
2012/0239260 A1 2012/0239661 A1		Giblin	2013/0030789		1/2013	
2012/0239761 A1		Linner et al.	2013/0030804			Zavaliagko et al.
2012/0242482 A1		Elumalai et al.	2013/0030815 2013/0030913			Madhvanath et al. Zhu et al.
2012/0245719 A1 2012/0245939 A1		Story, Jr. et al. Braho et al.	2013/0030955		1/2013	
2012/0245941 A1	9/2012	Cheyer	2013/0031162			Willis et al.
2012/0245944 A1		Gruber et al.	2013/0031476 2013/0033643			Coin et al. Kim et al.
2012/0246064 A1 2012/0250858 A1		Balkow Iqbal et al.	2013/0035086			Chardon et al.
2012/0252367 A1		Gaglio et al.	2013/0035942			Kim et al.
2012/0252540 A1		Kirigaya	2013/0035961 2013/0041647			Yegnanarayanan Ramerth et al.
2012/0253785 A1 2012/0253791 A1		Hamid et al. Heck et al.	2013/0041654			Walker et al.
2012/0254143 A1		Varma et al.	2013/0041661			Lee et al.
2012/0254152 A1		Park et al.	2013/0041665 2013/0041667			Jang et al. Longe et al.
2012/0254290 A1 2012/0259615 A1		Naaman Morin et al.	2013/0041007			Cohen et al.
2012/0259015 A1 2012/0262296 A1	10/2012		2013/0046544	A1	2/2013	Kay et al.
2012/0265482 A1	10/2012	Grokop et al.	2013/0050089			Neels et al.
2012/0265528 A1 2012/0265535 A1		Gruber et al. Bryant-Rich et al.	2013/0054550 2013/0054609			Bolohan Rajput et al.
2012/0265806 A1		Blanchflower et al.	2013/0054613		2/2013	Bishop
2012/0271625 A1	10/2012	Bernard	2013/0054675			Jenkins et al.
2012/0271634 A1	10/2012		2013/0054706 2013/0055099			Graham et al. Yao et al.
2012/0271635 A1 2012/0271640 A1	10/2012 10/2012		2013/0055147			Vasudev et al.
2012/0271676 A1		Aravamudan et al.	2013/0063611			Papakipos et al.
2012/0275377 A1		Lehane et al.	2013/0066832 2013/0067307			Sheehan et al. Tian et al.
2012/0278744 A1 2012/0284015 A1		Kozitsyn et al. Drewes	2013/00073286			Bastea-Forte et al.
2012/0284027 A1		Mallett et al.	2013/0073346			Chun et al.
2012/0290291 A1		Shelley et al.	2013/0078930 2013/0080152			Chen et al. Brun et al.
2012/0290300 A1 2012/0295708 A1		Lee et al. Hernandez-Abrego et al.	2013/0080152			Chang et al.
2012/0295/08 A1 2012/0296638 A1	11/2012		2013/0080167	$\mathbf{A}1$	3/2013	Mozer
2012/0296649 A1	11/2012	Bansal et al.	2013/0080177		3/2013	
2012/0296654 A1		Hendrickson et al.	2013/0080178 2013/0080251			Kang et al. Dempski
2012/0296891 A1 2012/0297348 A1		Rangan Santoro	2013/0080231			Hillis et al.
2012/0303369 A1		Brush et al.	2013/0085755		4/2013	Bringert et al.
2012/0303371 A1		Labsky et al.	2013/0085761			Bringert et al.
2012/0304124 A1		Chen et al.	2013/0090921			Liu et al.
2012/0309363 A1 2012/0310642 A1		Gruber et al. Cao et al.	2013/0091090 2013/0095805			Spivack et al. Lebeau et al.
2012/0310649 A1		Cannistraro et al.	2013/0096909			Brun et al.

(56)	References Cited	2013/0246329 A1	9/2013	Pasquero et al.
11.6	S. PATENT DOCUMENTS	2013/0253911 A1 2013/0253912 A1		Petri et al. Medlock et al.
0	3. FAIENT DOCUMENTS	2013/0268263 A1		Park et al.
2013/0096917 A1	1 4/2013 Edgar et al.	2013/0275117 A1	10/2013	
2013/0097566 A1		2013/0275138 A1 2013/0275164 A1		Gruber et al. Gruber et al.
2013/0097682 A1 2013/0100268 A1		2013/0275199 A1		Proctor, Jr. et al.
2013/0103391 A1		2013/0275625 A1	10/2013	Taivalsaari et al.
2013/0103405 A1		2013/0275875 A1 2013/0275899 A1	10/2013	Gruber et al. Schubert et al.
2013/0106742 A1 2013/0110505 A1		2013/0282709 A1		Zhu et al.
2013/0110505 A1		2013/0283168 A1	10/2013	Brown et al.
2013/0110518 A1		2013/0285913 A1 2013/0289991 A1		Griffin et al. Eshwar et al.
2013/0110519 A1 2013/0110520 A1		2013/0289993 A1		Rao et al.
2013/0110943 A1		2013/0289994 A1		Newman et al.
2013/0111330 A1		2013/0291015 A1	10/2013	Pan Lee et al.
2013/0111348 A1 2013/0111365 A1		2013/0297317 A1 2013/0297319 A1	11/2013	
2013/0111303 A1 2013/0111487 A1		2013/0297348 A1	11/2013	Cardoza et al.
2013/0111581 A1	5/2013 Griffin et al.	2013/0300645 A1		Fedorov
2013/0115927 A1		2013/0300648 A1 2013/0303106 A1	11/2013	Kim et al. Martin
2013/0117022 A1 2013/0124189 A1		2013/0304479 A1	11/2013	Teller et al.
2013/0125168 A1		2013/0304758 A1		Gruber et al.
2013/0132084 A1		2013/0304815 A1 2013/0305119 A1		Puente et al. Kern et al.
2013/0132089 A1 2013/0132871 A1		2013/0307855 A1	11/2013	Lamb et al.
2013/0138440 A1		2013/0307997 A1		O'Keefe et al.
2013/0141551 A1		2013/0308922 A1 2013/0311184 A1		Sano et al. Badavne et al.
2013/0142317 A1 2013/0142345 A1	•	2013/0311194 A1 2013/0311997 A1	11/2013	
2013/0142543 A1		2013/0316746 A1		Miller et al.
2013/0144616 A1		2013/0322634 A1 2013/0325436 A1		Bennett et al.
2013/0151339 A1 2013/0152092 A1		2013/0325443 A1		Wang et al. Begeja et al.
2013/0152092 A1 2013/0154811 A1		2013/0325447 A1	12/2013	Levien et al.
2013/0157629 A1		2013/0325448 A1		Levien et al. Van Os et al.
2013/0158977 A1 2013/0159847 A1		2013/0325481 A1 2013/0325484 A1	12/2013	
2013/0159847 A1 2013/0165232 A1		2013/0325967 A1		Parks et al.
2013/0166303 A1	- C	2013/0325970 A1		Roberts et al.
2013/0166442 A1 2013/0170738 A1		2013/0325979 A1 2013/0328809 A1	12/2013 12/2013	
2013/0170738 A1 2013/0172022 A1		2013/0329023 A1	12/2013	Suplee, III et al.
2013/0173258 A1	7/2013 Liu et al.	2013/0331127 A1	12/2013	
2013/0174034 A1 2013/0176244 A1		2013/0332159 A1 2013/0332162 A1	12/2013	Federighi et al. Keen
2013/0176592 A1		2013/0332164 A1	12/2013	
2013/0179172 A1	7/2013 Nakamura et al.	2013/0332168 A1		Kim et al.
2013/0179440 A1		2013/0332172 A1 2013/0332400 A1		Prakash et al. González
2013/0183944 A1 2013/0185059 A1		2013/0339256 A1	12/2013	
2013/0185074 A1	7/2013 Gruber et al.	2013/0343721 A1		Abecassis
2013/0185081 A1		2013/0346068 A1 2013/0346347 A1	12/2013	Solem et al. Patterson et al.
2013/0185336 A1 2013/0187850 A1		2013/0347117 A1		Parks et al.
2013/0187857 A1	7/2013 Griffin et al.	2014/0006012 A1		Zhou et al.
2013/0191117 A1		2014/0006025 A1 2014/0006027 A1		Krishnan et al. Kim et al.
2013/0197911 A1 2013/0198841 A1		2014/0006030 A1		Fleizach et al.
2013/0204813 A1		2014/0006153 A1	1/2014	
2013/0204897 A1		2014/0006483 A1 2014/0006947 A1	1/2014	Garmark et al. Garmark et al.
2013/0207898 A1 2013/0218553 A1		2014/0012574 A1		Pasupalak et al.
2013/0218560 A1		2014/0012580 A1	1/2014	-
2013/0219333 A1		2014/0012586 A1 2014/0012587 A1	1/2014 1/2014	Rubin et al.
2013/0222249 A1 2013/0225128 A1		2014/0012387 A1 2014/0019116 A1		Lundberg et al.
2013/0225128 A1 2013/0226935 A1		2014/0019133 A1	1/2014	Bao et al.
2013/0231917 A1	9/2013 Naik	2014/0019460 A1	1/2014	
2013/0234947 A1		2014/0028735 A1 2014/0032453 A1	1/2014	Williams et al. Eustice et al.
2013/0235987 A1 2013/0238326 A1		2014/0032433 A1 2014/0033071 A1	1/2014	
2013/0238647 A1		2014/0035823 A1	2/2014	
2013/0244615 A1		2014/0039888 A1	2/2014	Taubman et al.
2013/0246048 A1 2013/0246050 A1	Č .	2014/0039893 A1 2014/0039894 A1	2/2014 2/2014	Weiner Shostak
2013/02 <del>4</del> 0030 A1	1 9/2015 Tu Ct al.	2014/0037074 A1	2/2014	DHOSIAK

(56)	Reference	es Cited	2014/0163981			Cook et al.
II.O	DATENIT I	OCCUMENTS	2014/0163995 2014/0164305			Burns et al. Lynch et al.
U.S	. PALENT I	OOCUMENTS	2014/0164305			Thomson
2014/0040274 A1	2/2014	Aravamudan et al.	2014/0164532			Lynch et al.
2014/0040748 A1		Lemay et al.	2014/0164533			Lynch et al.
2014/0040801 A1		Patel et al.	2014/0169795			Clough
2014/0040918 A1	2/2014 I		2014/0172878			Clark et al.
2014/0040961 A1		Green, Sr. et al.	2014/0173460 2014/0180499		6/2014	Cooper et al.
2014/0046934 A1		Zhou et al.	2014/0180499			Kim et al.
2014/0047001 A1 2014/0052451 A1		Phillips et al. Cheong et al.	2014/0180697			Torok et al.
2014/0052680 A1		Nitz et al.	2014/0181865			Koganei
2014/0052791 A1		Chakra et al.	2014/0188477		7/2014	
2014/0053082 A1		Park et al.	2014/0195226 2014/0195230			Yun et al. Han et al.
2014/0053210 A1		Cheong et al. Olincy et al.	2014/0195233		7/2014	
2014/0057610 A1 2014/0059030 A1		Hakkani-Tur et al.	2014/0195244			Cha et al.
2014/0067361 A1		Nikoulina et al.	2014/0195251	A1		Zeinstra et al.
2014/0067371 A1		Liensberger	2014/0195252			Gruber et al.
2014/0067402 A1	3/2014 I		2014/0198048			Unruh et al.
2014/0068751 A1		Last et al.	2014/0203939 2014/0205076			Harrington et al. Kumar et al.
2014/0074454 A1 2014/0074466 A1		Brown et al. Sharifi et al.	2014/0203070			Venkatapathy et al.
2014/0074470 A1		Jansche et al.	2014/0207446			Klein et al.
2014/0074472 A1	3/2014 I		2014/0207466			Smadi et al.
2014/0074483 A1	3/2014 V		2014/0207468			Bartnik
2014/0074815 A1	3/2014 I		2014/0207582 2014/0214429		7/2014	Flinn et al.
2014/0078065 A1		Akkok et al.	2014/0214429			Yoo et al.
2014/0079195 A1 2014/0080428 A1		Srivastava et al. Rhoads et al.	2014/0215513			Ramer et al.
2014/0081619 A1		Solntseva et al.	2014/0218372	A1		Missig et al.
2014/0081633 A1		Badaskar et al.	2014/0222436			Binder et al.
2014/0082501 A1	3/2014 I		2014/0222678			Sheets et al.
2014/0086458 A1		Rogers et al.	2014/0223377 2014/0223481			Shaw et al. Fundament
2014/0087711 A1 2014/0088961 A1		Geyer et al. Woodward et al.	2014/0226503			Cooper et al.
2014/0095171 A1		Lynch et al.	2014/0229184	Al	8/2014	
2014/0095172 A1	4/2014	Cabaco et al.	2014/0230055		8/2014	
2014/0095173 A1		_ynch et al.	2014/0232656 2014/0236595			Pasquero et al.
2014/0095601 A1		Abuelsaad et al.	2014/0236986		8/2014 8/2014	Guzman
2014/0096209 A1 2014/0098247 A1	4/2014 S	Sarafetal. Raoetal	2014/0237042			Ahmed et al.
2014/0100847 A1		shii et al.	2014/0244248			Arisoy et al.
2014/0108017 A1		Mason et al.	2014/0244249			Mohamed et al.
2014/0114554 A1	4/2014 I		2014/0244254 2014/0244257			Ju et al. Colibro et al.
2014/0115062 A1 2014/0115114 A1	4/2014 I	iu et al. Garmark et al.	2014/0244258			Song et al.
2014/0118155 A1		Bowers et al.	2014/0244263			Pontual et al.
2014/0122059 A1		Patel et al.	2014/0244266			Brown et al.
2014/0122086 A1		Kapur et al.	2014/0244268			Abdelsamie et al. Lindahl
2014/0122136 A1	5/2014 J		2014/0244271 2014/0244712			Walters et al.
2014/0122153 A1 2014/0132935 A1	5/2014 T	Kim et al.	2014/0245140			Brown et al.
2014/0134983 A1		Jung et al.	2014/0247383	A1	9/2014	Dave et al.
2014/0135036 A1		Bonanni et al.	2014/0247926			Gainsboro et al.
2014/0136187 A1		Wolverton et al.	2014/0249817 2014/0249821			Hart et al. Kennewick et al.
2014/0136195 A1		Abdossalami et al. Kwon et al.	2014/0250046			Winn et al.
2014/0136212 A1 2014/0136946 A1	5/2014 N		2014/0257809			Goel et al.
2014/0136987 A1		Rodriguez	2014/0257815			Zhao et al.
2014/0142922 A1		Liang et al.	2014/0257902			Moore et al.
2014/0142923 A1		ones et al.	2014/0258857 2014/0267022		9/2014	Dykstra-Erickson et al.
2014/0142935 A1 2014/0143550 A1		Lindahl et al. Ganong, III et al.	2014/0267599			Drouin et al.
2014/0143721 A1		Suzuki et al.	2014/0272821			Pitschel et al.
2014/0146200 A1		Scott et al.	2014/0274005			Luna et al.
2014/0152577 A1		Yuen et al.	2014/0274203			Ganong et al.
2014/0153709 A1		Byrd et al.	2014/0274211 2014/0278343		9/2014	Sejnoha et al.
2014/0155031 A1 2014/0156262 A1	6/2014 I 6/2014 Y	_ee et al. Yuen et al.	2014/0278349			Grieves et al.
2014/0156279 A1		Okamoto et al.	2014/0278379			Coccaro et al.
2014/0157422 A1	6/2014 I	Livshits et al.	2014/0278390			Kingsbury et al.
2014/0163951 A1		Nikoulina et al.	2014/0278391			Braho et al.
2014/0163953 A1	6/2014 I		2014/0278394			Bastyr et al.
2014/0163954 A1 2014/0163962 A1		Joshi et al. Castelli et al.	2014/0278406 2014/0278413			Tsumura et al. Pitschel et al.
2014/0163962 A1 2014/0163976 A1		Park et al.	2014/0278413			Ganong, III
2014/0163977 A1		Hoffmeister et al.	2014/0278435			Ganong et al.
						-

(56)	Referei	nces Cited	2015/0012271			Peng et al.
U.S	. PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2015/0019219 2015/0019221			Tzirkel-hancock et al. Lee et al.
0.10			2015/0019974			Doi et al.
2014/0278436 A1		Khanna et al.	2015/0031416 2015/0033219			Wells et al. Breiner et al.
2014/0278443 A1 2014/0278513 A1		Gunn et al. Prakash et al.	2015/0033219			Natani et al.
2014/0279739 A1		Elkington et al.	2015/0039292		2/2015	Suleman et al.
2014/0280138 A1		Li et al.	2015/0039299			Weinstein et al.
2014/0280292 A1		Skinder	2015/0039305 2015/0039606		2/2015	Huang Salaka et al.
2014/0280353 A1 2014/0280450 A1	9/2014 9/2014	Delaney et al.	2015/0039000			Faaborg et al.
2014/0281983 A1		Xian et al.	2015/0045003	A1	2/2015	Vora et al.
2014/0282003 A1		Gruber et al.	2015/0045007 2015/0045068		2/2015	Cash Soffer et al.
2014/0282007 A1 2014/0282045 A1		Fleizach Ayanam et al.	2015/0046537		2/2015	
2014/0282201 A1		Pasquero et al.	2015/0050633		2/2015	Christmas et al.
2014/0282203 A1	9/2014	Pasquero et al.	2015/0053779			Adamek et al.
2014/0282586 A1		Shear et al.	2015/0053781 2015/0058013			Nelson et al. Pakhomov et al.
2014/0282743 A1 2014/0288990 A1		Howard et al. Moore et al.	2015/0058018			Georges et al.
2014/0289508 A1		Wang	2015/0058785		2/2015	Ookawara
2014/0297267 A1		Spencer et al.	2015/0065200			Namgung et al.
2014/0297281 A1		Togawa et al.	2015/0066494 2015/0066496			Salvador et al. Deoras et al.
2014/0297284 A1 2014/0297288 A1		Gruber et al. Yu et al.	2015/0066506			Romano et al.
2014/0304605 A1		Ohmura et al.	2015/0066516			Nishikawa et al.
2014/0309996 A1	10/2014		2015/0067485 2015/0067822			Kim et al. Randall
2014/0310001 A1		Kalns et al. Nitz et al.	2015/0007822			Patil et al.
2014/0310002 A1 2014/0316585 A1		Boesveld et al.	2015/0073788			Allauzen et al.
2014/0317030 A1		Shen et al.	2015/0073804			Senior et al.
2014/0317502 A1		Brown et al.	2015/0074524 2015/0074615			Nicholson et al. Han et al.
2014/0324884 A1 2014/0330569 A1		Lindahl et al. Kolavennu et al.	2015/0074013			Ouyang et al.
2014/0337048 A1		Brown et al.	2015/0088511	A1	3/2015	Bharadwaj et al.
2014/0337266 A1		Wolverton et al.	2015/0088514		3/2015	
2014/0337371 A1	11/2014		2015/0088522 2015/0088523			Hendrickson et al. Schuster
2014/0337438 A1 2014/0337751 A1		Govande et al. Lim et al.	2015/0095031			Conkie et al.
2014/0337814 A1		Kalns et al.	2015/0095278			Flinn et al.
2014/0342762 A1		Hajdu et al.	2015/0100316 2015/0100537			Williams et al. Grieves et al.
2014/0344627 A1 2014/0344687 A1		Schaub et al. Durham et al.	2015/0100983		4/2015	
2014/0350924 A1		Zurek et al.	2015/0106093	A1	4/2015	Weeks et al.
2014/0350933 A1		Bak et al.	2015/0113407			Hoffert et al.
2014/0351741 A1		Medlock et al.	2015/0120296 2015/0120723			Stern et al. Deshmukh et al.
2014/0351760 A1 2014/0358519 A1		Skory et al. Mirkin et al.	2015/0121216			Brown et al.
2014/0358523 A1		Sheth et al.	2015/0127337			Heigold et al.
2014/0361973 A1		Raux et al.	2015/0127348 2015/0127350		5/2015 5/2015	Follis Agiomyrgiannakis
2014/0363074 A1 2014/0364149 A1		Dolfing et al. Marti et al.	2015/0127330			Freeman et al.
2014/0365209 A1		Evermann	2015/0134334		5/2015	Sachidanandam et al.
2014/0365214 A1	12/2014	Bayley	2015/0135085			Shoham et al.
2014/0365216 A1 2014/0365226 A1	12/2014 12/2014	Gruber et al.	2015/0135123 2015/0142420			Carr et al. Sarikaya et al.
2014/0365227 A1		Cash et al.	2015/0142438		5/2015	Dai et al.
2014/0365407 A1	12/2014	Brown et al.	2015/0142447			Kennewick et al.
2014/0365880 A1		Bellegarda	2015/0142851 2015/0148013			Gupta et al. Baldwin et al.
2014/0365885 A1 2014/0365895 A1		Carson et al. Paulson et al.	2015/0148013			Kalns et al.
2014/0365922 A1	12/2014		2015/0149182	A1	5/2015	Kalns et al.
2014/0365945 A1	12/2014	Karunamuni et al.	2015/0149354			Mccoy
2014/0370817 A1	12/2014		2015/0149469 2015/0154185			Xu et al. Waibel
2014/0370841 A1 2014/0372112 A1		Roberts et al. Xue et al.	2015/0154976			Mutagi
2014/0372356 A1		Bilal et al.	2015/0160855		6/2015	
2014/0372931 A1		Zhai et al.	2015/0161370			North et al. Shah et al.
2014/0379334 A1 2014/0379341 A1	12/2014	Fry Seo et al.	2015/0161521 2015/0161989			Hsu et al.
2014/03/9341 A1 2014/0380285 A1		Gabel et al.	2015/0162001			Kar et al.
2015/0003797 A1	1/2015	Schmidt	2015/0163558	A1	6/2015	Wheatley
2015/0006148 A1		Goldszmit et al.	2015/0169284			Quast et al.
2015/0006157 A1		Andrade Silva et al.	2015/0169336			Harper et al.
2015/0006176 A1 2015/0006178 A1		Pogue et al. Peng et al.	2015/0170664 2015/0172262			Doherty et al. Ortiz, Jr. et al.
2015/0006178 A1 2015/0006184 A1		Marti et al.	2015/0172463			Quast et al.
2015/0006199 A1		Snider et al.	2015/0178388			Winnemoeller et al.

(56)	Referen	nces Cited	2015/0324041			Varley et al.
ZII	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	2015/0324334 2015/0331664			Lee et al. Osawa et al.
0.5.	TAILMI	DOCOMENTS	2015/0331711	A1	11/2015	Huang et al.
2015/0179176 A1	6/2015	Ryu et al.	2015/0332667		11/2015	Mason
2015/0185964 A1	7/2015		2015/0339049 2015/0339391			Kasemset et al. Kang et al.
2015/0186012 A1 2015/0186110 A1		Coleman et al. Kannan	2015/0340033			Di Fabbrizio et al.
2015/0186154 A1		Brown et al.	2015/0340040	A1	11/2015	Mun et al.
2015/0186155 A1		Brown et al.	2015/0340042		11/2015	Sejnoha et al.
2015/0186156 A1		Brown et al.	2015/0341717 2015/0347086		11/2015	Song et al. Liedholm et al.
2015/0186351 A1 2015/0187355 A1		Hicks et al. Parkinson et al.	2015/0347381	Al	12/2015	Bellegarda
2015/0187369 A1		Dadu et al.	2015/0347382			Dolfing et al.
2015/0189362 A1		Lee et al.	2015/0347385 2015/0347393			Flor et al. Futrell et al.
2015/0193379 A1 2015/0193391 A1		Mehta Khvostichenko et al.	2015/0347393		12/2015	Tsou et al.
2015/0193391 A1 2015/0193392 A1		Greenblatt et al.	2015/0347985		12/2015	Gross et al.
2015/0194152 A1	7/2015	Katuri et al.	2015/0348547			Paulik et al.
2015/0195379 A1		Zhang et al.	2015/0348548 2015/0348549		12/2015	Piernot et al. Giuli et al.
2015/0195606 A1 2015/0199077 A1		McDevitt Zuger et al.	2015/0348551			Gruber et al.
2015/0199077 AT 2015/0199960 A1		Huo et al.	2015/0348554	A1	12/2015	Orr et al.
2015/0199965 A1	7/2015	Leak et al.	2015/0350031		12/2015	Burks et al.
2015/0199967 A1		Reddy et al.	2015/0350342 2015/0352999		12/2015 12/2015	Thorpe et al. Bando et al.
2015/0201064 A1 2015/0201077 A1		Bells et al. Konig et al.	2015/0355879			Beckhardt et al.
2015/0205858 A1		Xie et al.	2015/0356410			Faith et al.
2015/0208226 A1		Kuusilinna et al.	2015/0363587		12/2015	
2015/0212791 A1		Kumar et al.	2015/0364128 2015/0364140		12/2015	Zhao et al. Thorn
2015/0213796 A1 2015/0215258 A1		Waltermann et al. Nowakowski et al.	2015/0370531		12/2015	
2015/0220507 A1		Mohajer et al.	2015/0370780			Wang et al.
2015/0221304 A1		Stewart	2015/0371215 2015/0371529		12/2015 12/2015	
2015/0221307 A1 2015/0227505 A1		Shah et al. Morimoto	2015/0371639			Foerster et al.
2015/0227633 A1		Shapira	2015/0371665	A1	12/2015	Naik et al.
2015/0228274 A1	8/2015	Leppnen et al.	2015/0373183			Woolsey et al.
2015/0228281 A1		Raniere	2015/0379414 2015/0379993		12/2015	Yeh et al. Subhojit et al.
2015/0230095 A1 2015/0234636 A1		Smith et al. Barnes, Jr.	2015/0382047			Napolitano et al.
2015/0234800 A1		Patrick et al.	2015/0382079			Lister et al.
2015/0242091 A1		Lu et al.	2015/0382147 2016/0004690			Clark et al. Bangalore et al.
2015/0243278 A1 2015/0243283 A1		Kibre et al. Halash et al.	2016/0005320		1/2016	
2015/0245265 AT 2015/0245154 A1		Dadu et al.	2016/0012038			Edwards et al.
2015/0248651 A1		Akutagawa et al.	2016/0014476			Caliendo, Jr. et al.
2015/0248886 A1		Sarikaya et al.	2016/0018900 2016/0019886		1/2016 1/2016	Tu et al.
2015/0254057 A1 2015/0254058 A1		Klein et al. Klein et al.	2016/0026258			Ou et al.
2015/0254333 A1		Fife et al.	2016/0027431			Kurzweil et al.
2015/0255071 A1		Chiba	2016/0028666			Li Mohan et al.
2015/0256873 A1		Klein et al.	2016/0029316 2016/0034042		2/2016	
2015/0261496 A1 2015/0261850 A1		Faaborg et al. Mittal	2016/0034811			Paulik et al.
2015/0269139 A1		McAteer et al.	2016/0042735			Vibbert et al.
2015/0277574 A1		Jain et al.	2016/0042748 2016/0048666			Jain et al. Dey et al.
2015/0278370 A1 2015/0279358 A1		Stratvert et al. Kingsbury et al.	2016/0055422		2/2016	,
2015/0279360 A1		Mengibar et al.	2016/0062605			Agarwal et al.
2015/0281380 A1		Wang et al.	2016/0063998			Krishnamoorthy et al.
2015/0286627 A1 2015/0287401 A1		Chang et al.	2016/0070581 2016/0071516			Soon-Shiong Lee et al.
2015/0287401 A1 2015/0287409 A1	10/2015	Lee et al.	2016/0071521			Haughay
2015/0288629 A1		Choi et al.	2016/0072940		3/2016	
2015/0294086 A1		Kare et al.	2016/0077794 2016/0078860			Kim et al. Paulik et al.
2015/0294377 A1 2015/0294516 A1	10/2015	Chow Chiang	2016/0078800			Ehsani et al.
2015/0295915 A1	10/2015		2016/0086116			Rao et al.
2015/0302855 A1	10/2015	Kim et al.	2016/0091967			Prokofieva et al.
2015/0302856 A1		Kim et al.	2016/0092447			Venkataraman et al.
2015/0302857 A1 2015/0309997 A1		Yamada Lee et al.	2016/0092766 2016/0093291		3/2016	Sainath et al.
2015/0310858 A1		Li et al.	2016/0093291			Naik et al.
2015/0310862 A1		Dauphin et al.	2016/0093301		3/2016	Bellegarda et al.
2015/0310879 A1	10/2015	Buchanan et al.	2016/0093304			Kim et al.
2015/0312182 A1		Langholz	2016/0094700			Lee et al.
2015/0317069 A1 2015/0317310 A1		Clements et al. Eiche et al.	2016/0094979 2016/0098991			Naik et al. Luo et al.
2015/051/510 AI	11/2013	Eiche et al.	2010/00/20/21	7 X I	7/2010	Lao et ai.

(56)	References Cited		2016/0322048 2016/0322050			Amano et al. Wang et al.
U.S.	PATENT DOCUMEN	TS	2016/0322030			Agrawal et al.
			2016/0328893			Cordova et al.
2016/0104486 A1	4/2016 Penilla et al.		2016/0336007 2016/0336010		11/2016	Hanazawa Lindahl
2016/0111091 A1 2016/0117386 A1	4/2016 Bakish 4/2016 Ajmera et al.		2016/0336024			Choi et al.
2016/0118048 A1	4/2016 Heide		2016/0337299			Lane et al.
2016/0119338 A1	4/2016 Cheyer		2016/0337301			Rollins et al.
2016/0125048 A1	5/2016 Hamada		2016/0342685 2016/0342781		11/2016	Basu et al.
2016/0125071 A1 2016/0132046 A1	5/2016 Gabbai 5/2016 Beoughter et	a1.	2016/0351190			Binder et al.
2016/0132484 A1	5/2016 Nauze et al.		2016/0352567			Robbins et al.
2016/0132488 A1	5/2016 Clark et al.		2016/0357304 2016/0357728			Hatori et al. Bellegarda et al.
2016/0133254 A1 2016/0139662 A1	5/2016 Vogel et al. 5/2016 Dabhade		2016/0357728			Elkington et al.
2016/0140951 A1	5/2016 Agiomyrgian:	nakis et al.	2016/0357861	A1	12/2016	Carlhian et al.
2016/0140962 A1	5/2016 Sharifi		2016/0357870			Hentschel et al.
2016/0147725 A1	5/2016 Patten et al.		2016/0358598 2016/0358600			Williams et al. Nallasamy et al.
2016/0148610 A1 2016/0154880 A1	5/2016 Kennewick, J 6/2016 Hoarty	r. et al.	2016/0358619			Ramprashad et al.
2016/0155442 A1	6/2016 Kannan et al.		2016/0359771		12/2016	
2016/0155443 A1	6/2016 Khan et al.		2016/0360039 2016/0360336			Sanghavi et al. Gross et al.
2016/0162456 A1 2016/0163311 A1	6/2016 Munro et al. 6/2016 Crook et al.		2016/0360330			Gross et al.
2016/0163311 A1 2016/0163312 A1	6/2016 Clook et al.		2016/0364378			Futrell et al.
2016/0170966 A1	6/2016 Kolo		2016/0365101			Foy et al.
2016/0173578 A1	6/2016 Sharma et al.		2016/0371250 2016/0372112		12/2016	Rhodes Miller et al.
2016/0173960 A1 2016/0179462 A1	6/2016 Snibbe et al. 6/2016 Bjorkengren		2016/0378747			Orr et al.
2016/0179787 A1	6/2016 Deleeuw		2016/0379091			Lin et al.
2016/0180844 A1	6/2016 Vanblon et al		2016/0379626			Deisher et al.
2016/0182410 A1	6/2016 Janakiraman	et al.	2016/0379633 2016/0379641			Lehman et al. Liu et al.
2016/0182709 A1 2016/0188181 A1	6/2016 Kim et al. 6/2016 Smith		2017/0003931			Dvortsov et al.
2016/0188738 A1	6/2016 Gruber et al.		2017/0004824			Yoo et al.
2016/0189717 A1	6/2016 Kannan et al.		2017/0011091			Chehreghani
2016/0198319 A1	7/2016 Huang et al. 7/2016 Lee et al.		2017/0011303 2017/0011742		1/2017	Annapureddy et al. Jing et al.
2016/0210551 A1 2016/0210981 A1	7/2016 Lee et al. 7/2016 Lee		2017/0013124			Havelka et al.
2016/0212488 A1	7/2016 Os et al.		2017/0018271			Khan et al.
2016/0217784 A1	7/2016 Gelfenbeyn e		2017/0019987 2017/0025124		1/2017 1/2017	
2016/0224540 A1 2016/0224774 A1	8/2016 Stewart et al. 8/2016 Pender		2017/0023124		2/2017	
2016/0225372 A1	8/2016 Tender 8/2016 Cheung et al.		2017/0032783	A1	2/2017	Lord et al.
2016/0239645 A1	8/2016 Heo et al.		2017/0032791			Elson et al.
2016/0240187 A1	8/2016 Fleizach et al		2017/0039475 2017/0040002		2/2017 2/2017	Cheyer et al. Basson et al.
2016/0240189 A1 2016/0247061 A1	8/2016 Lee et al. 8/2016 Trask et al.		2017/0055895			Des Jardins et al.
2016/0253312 A1	9/2016 Rhodes		2017/0060853			Lee et al.
2016/0253528 A1	9/2016 Gao et al.		2017/0061423 2017/0068423		3/2017 3/2017	Bryant et al. Napolitano et al.
2016/0259623 A1 2016/0259656 A1	9/2016 Sumner et al. 9/2016 Sumner et al.		2017/0068513			Stasior et al.
2016/0259030 A1 2016/0259779 A1	9/2016 Summer et al.		2017/0068550	A1	3/2017	Zeitlin
2016/0260431 A1	9/2016 Newendorp e		2017/0068670			Orr et al.
2016/0260433 A1	9/2016 Sumner et al.		2017/0076720 2017/0076721			Gopalan et al. Bargetzi et al.
2016/0260434 A1 2016/0260436 A1	9/2016 Gelfenbeyn e 9/2016 Lemay et al.	t ai.	2017/0083179			Gruber et al.
2016/0266871 A1	9/2016 Schmid et al.		2017/0083285			Meyers et al.
2016/0267904 A1	9/2016 Biadsy et al.		2017/0083504 2017/0085547		3/2017	Huang De Aguiar et al.
2016/0275941 A1 2016/0275947 A1	9/2016 Bellegarda et 9/2016 Li et al.	al.	2017/0083347			Levesque
2016/0282824 A1	9/2016 Er et al. 9/2016 Smallwood e	t al.	2017/0091168	A1	3/2017	Bellegarda et al.
2016/0282956 A1	9/2016 Ouyang et al		2017/0092270			Newendorp et al.
2016/0284005 A1	9/2016 Daniel et al.	at a1	2017/0092278 2017/0102837			Evermann et al. Toumpelis
2016/0284199 A1 2016/0286045 A1	9/2016 Dotan-Cohen 9/2016 Shaltiel et al.		2017/0102915			Kuscher et al.
2016/0293168 A1	10/2016 Chen		2017/0103749			Zhao et al.
2016/0299685 A1	10/2016 Zhai et al.		2017/0105190		4/2017 4/2017	Logan et al.
2016/0299882 A1 2016/0299883 A1	10/2016 Hegerty et al 10/2016 Zhu et al.		2017/0116177 2017/0116989			Yadgar et al.
2016/0299883 A1 2016/0307566 A1	10/2016 Znu et al. 10/2016 Bellegarda		2017/0110389			Wang et al.
2016/0313906 A1	10/2016 Kilchenko et	al.	2017/0125016	A1	5/2017	Wang
2016/0314788 A1	10/2016 Jitkoff et al.		2017/0127124			Wilson et al.
2016/0314792 A1	10/2016 Alvarez et al		2017/0131778		5/2017	
2016/0315996 A1 2016/0317924 A1	10/2016 Ha et al. 11/2016 Tanaka et al.		2017/0132019 2017/0132199			Karashchuk et al. Vescovi et al.
2016/0321261 A1	11/2016 Tanaka et al. 11/2016 Spasojevic et	al.	2017/0132133			Hwang et al.
2016/0322045 A1	11/2016 Hatfeild et al		2017/0148044			Fukuda et al.

(56)	Referer	nces Cited		063624			Boesen
HC	DATENIT	DOCUMENTS		067914 069743			Chen et al. Bakken et al.
0.8.	PATENT	DOCUMENTS		090143		3/2018	
2017/0154033 A1	6/2017	Lee	2018/0	096683			James et al.
2017/0154055 A1		Dimson et al.		107945			Gao et al.
2017/0155940 A1		Ji et al.		108346			Paulik et al. Mixter et al.
2017/0161018 A1 2017/0161268 A1		Lemay et al. Badaskar		130470			Lemay et al.
2017/0161208 A1 2017/0161293 A1		Ionescu et al.	2018/0	130471			Trufinescu et al.
2017/0169818 A1		VanBlon et al.		137856			Gilbert
2017/0169819 A1		Mese et al.		137857 144748		5/2018 5/2018	Zhou et al.
2017/0177547 A1 2017/0178619 A1		Ciereszko et al. Naik et al.		157372			Kurabayashi
2017/0178619 A1 2017/0178626 A1		Gruber et al.		182376	A1	6/2018	Van Gysel et al.
2017/0180499 A1		Gelfenbeyn et al.		190273			Karimli et al.
2017/0185375 A1		Martel et al.		196683			Radebaugh et al. Segal et al.
2017/0185581 A1 2017/0186429 A1		Bojja et al. Giuli et al.		213448			Hunt et al.
2017/0180429 A1 2017/0193083 A1		Bhatt et al.		232203			Gelfenbeyn et al.
2017/0195493 A1	7/2017	Kasilya Sudarsan et al.		253652			Palzer et al.
2017/0199870 A1		Zheng et al.		)270343 )276197			Rout et al. Nell et al.
2017/0199874 A1 2017/0200066 A1		Patel et al. Wang et al.		278740			Choi et al.
2017/0200000 A1 2017/0206899 A1		Bryant et al.		308485			Kudurshian et al.
2017/0221486 A1		Kurata et al.		308486			Saddler et al.
2017/0227935 A1		Su et al.		)322112 )329677			Bellegarda et al. Gruber et al.
2017/0228367 A1 2017/0228382 A1		Pasupalak et al. Haviv et al.		329957			Frazzingaro et al.
2017/0228382 AT 2017/0230429 AT		Garmark et al.		329982			Patel et al.
2017/0230709 A1		Van Os et al.		330714			Paulik et al.
2017/0236512 A1		Williams et al.		330721 330722			Thomson et al.
2017/0242653 A1		Lang et al. Jarvis et al.		330722			Newendorp et al. Acero et al.
2017/0242657 A1 2017/0243468 A1		Dotan-Cohen et al.		330730			Garg et al.
2017/0256256 A1	9/2017	Wang et al.		330731			Zeitlin et al.
2017/0263247 A1		Kang et al.		330733 330737			Orr et al. Paulik et al.
2017/0263248 A1		Gruber et al.		330737	A1 1	1/2018	Phipps et al.
2017/0263249 A1 2017/0264451 A1		Akbacak et al. Yu et al.		336184			Bellegarda et al.
2017/0264711 A1		Natarajan et al.		336275			Graham et al.
2017/0278514 A1		Mathias et al.		336449 336892			Adan et al. Kim et al.
2017/0285915 A1 2017/0286397 A1		Napolitano et al. Gonzalez		336894			Graham et al.
2017/0280397 A1 2017/0295446 A1		Thagadur Shivappa		336905			Kim et al.
2017/0311005 A1	10/2017			373487		2/2018	
2017/0316775 A1		Le et al.		0374484 012141			Huang et al. Piersol et al.
2017/0316782 A1 2017/0323637 A1	11/2017	Haughay et al.		012141		1/2019	Cheyer
2017/0329490 A1		Esinovskaya et al.		014450		1/2019	
2017/0329572 A1	11/2017	Shah et al.	2019/0	034040	A1	1/2019	Shah et al.
2017/0345411 A1	11/2017	Raitio et al.					
2017/0346949 A1 2017/0352346 A1	12/2017	Sanghavi et al. Paulik et al.		FO.	REIGN	PATE	NT DOCUMENTS
2017/0352350 A1		Booker et al.	CA		26943	14 41	8/2010
2017/0357478 A1		Piersol et al.	CA		27924		7/2011
2017/0357632 A1		Pagallo et al.	CA		26664		6/2013
2017/0357633 A1 2017/0357637 A1		Wang et al. Nell et al.	CN		18987		1/2007
2017/0357640 A1		Bellegarda et al.	CN CN		19596 1011621		5/2007 4/2008
2017/0357716 A1		Bellegarda et al.	CN		011021		10/2008
2017/0358300 A1 2017/0358301 A1		Laurens et al. Raitio et al.	CN	1	1014164	71 A	4/2009
2017/0358301 A1 2017/0358302 A1		Orr et al.	CN		1014272		5/2009
2017/0358303 A1		Walker, II et al.	CN CN		1014483 1014534		6/2009 6/2009
2017/0358304 A1		Castillo et al.	CN		1014991		8/2009
2017/0358305 A1 2017/0371885 A1		Kudurshian et al. Aggarwal et al.	CN	1	1015000	41 A	8/2009
2017/0371883 A1 2017/0374093 A1		Dhar et al.	CN		1015159		8/2009
2018/0007060 A1	1/2018	Leblang et al.	CN CN		1015359 1015473		9/2009 9/2009
2018/0007538 A1		Naik et al.	CN		1015574		10/2009
2018/0012596 A1 2018/0018248 A1		Piernot et al. Bhargava et al.	CN	1	1016010	88 A	12/2009
2018/0018248 A1 2018/0033431 A1		Newendorp et al.	CN CN		1016045		1/2010
2018/0047406 A1	2/2018		CN CN		1016323 1016367		1/2010 1/2010
2018/0054505 A1		Hart et al.	CN		016735		3/2010
2018/0060032 A1		Boesen	CN		1017513		6/2010
2018/0060312 A1 2018/0061400 A1	3/2018	Won Carbune et al.	CN CN		1018332 1018474		9/2010 9/2010
2016/0001 <del>1</del> 00 Al	3/2018	Carounc Ct at.	CN		.0104/4	os A	J12010

(56)	Reference	ces Cited	EP	2523188 A1	11/2012
	FOREIGN PATEN	T DOCUMENTS	EP EP	2551784 A1 2555536 A1	1/2013 2/2013
CN	101894547 A	11/2010	EP EP	2575128 A2 2632129 A1	4/2013 8/2013
CN	101930789 A	12/2010	EP	2669889 A2 2683175 A1	12/2013
CN CN	101939740 A 101951553 A	1/2011 1/2011	EP EP	2083175 A1 2733598 A2	1/2014 5/2014
CN	102137193 A	7/2011	EP EP	2760015 A1	7/2014
CN CN	102160043 A 102201235 A	8/2011 8/2011	EP	2801890 A1 2801972 A1	11/2014 11/2014
CN	102214187 A	10/2011	EP EP	2824564 A1 2849177 A1	1/2015 3/2015
CN CN	102246136 A 202035047 U	11/2011 11/2011	EP	2930715 A1	10/2015
CN	102282609 A	12/2011	EP EP	2938022 A1 2940556 A1	10/2015 11/2015
CN CN	202092650 U 102368256 A	12/2011 3/2012	EP	2950307 A1	12/2015
CN	102405463 A	4/2012	EP EP	3035329 A1 3224708 A1	6/2016 10/2017
CN CN	102498457 A 102629246 A	6/2012 8/2012	EP	3246916 A1	11/2017
CN	102682769 A	9/2012	EP EP	3300074 A1 2983065 B1	3/2018 8/2018
CN CN	102682771 A 102685295 A	9/2012 9/2012	JP	6-208389 A	7/1994
CN	102693725 A	9/2012	JP	6-332493 A 7-219961 A	12/1994 8/1995
CN CN	202453859 U 102750087 A	9/2012 10/2012	JP	9-27000 A	1/1997
CN	102792320 A	11/2012	JP JP	10-31497 A 11-136278 A	2/1998 5/1999
CN CN	102801853 A 102870065 A	11/2012 1/2013	JP	11-175553 A	7/1999
CN	102917004 A 102917271 A	2/2013 2/2013	ЈР ЈР	11-265400 A 2000-216910 A	9/1999 8/2000
CN CN	102917271 A 102918493 A	2/2013	JP	2000-331004 A	11/2000
CN	103035240 A 103038728 A	4/2013 4/2013	ЈР ЈР	2001-125896 A 2001-297174 A	5/2001 10/2001
CN CN	103033728 A 103093334 A	5/2013	JP	2002-030676 A	1/2002
CN CN	103135916 A 103198831 A	6/2013 7/2013	JP JP	2002-41276 A 2002-82748 A	2/2002 3/2002
CN	103198831 A 103209369 A	7/2013	JP	2002-132804 A	5/2002
CN CN	103292437 A 103365279 A	9/2013 10/2013	JP JP	2002-230021 A 2002-524806 A	8/2002 8/2002
CN	103562863 A	2/2014	JP	2002-525690 A	8/2002
CN CN	103744761 A 103795850 A	4/2014 5/2014	JP JP	2002-341892 A 2003-15682 A	11/2002 1/2003
$^{\mathrm{CN}}$	103930945 A	7/2014	JP JP	2003-533909 A	11/2003
CN CN	104038621 A 104090652 A	9/2014 10/2014	JP	2004-70504 A 2004-94936 A	3/2004 3/2004
CN	104144377 A	11/2014	JP	2004-523004 A 2004-295837 A	7/2004 10/2004
CN CN	104281259 A 104284257 A	1/2015 1/2015	JP	2004-293837 A 2004-333870 A	11/2004
CN	104335234 A	2/2015	JP JP	2004-355003 A 2005-55782 A	12/2004 3/2005
CN CN	104423625 A 104463552 A	3/2015 3/2015	JP	2005-63257 A	3/2005
CN	104516522 A	4/2015	ЈР ЈР	2005-149481 A 2005-332212 A	6/2005 12/2005
CN CN	104854583 A 104951077 A	8/2015 9/2015	JP	2005-334363 A	12/2005
CN	105100356 A 105247511 A	11/2015	ЈР ЈР	2006-4274 A 2006-59094 A	1/2006 3/2006
CN CN	105264524 A	1/2016 1/2016	JP	2006-189394 A	7/2006
CN CN	105471705 A 107919123 A	4/2016 4/2018	ЈР ЈР	2006-195637 A 2006-201870 A	7/2006 8/2006
DE	102008024258 A1	11/2009	JP	2006-318373 A	11/2006
DE EP	202016008226 U1 1699042 A1	5/2017 9/2006	JP JP	2006-526185 A 2007-17990 A	11/2006 1/2007
EP	1939860 A1	7/2008	JP	2007-500903 A	1/2007
EP EP	1909263 B1 1335620 B1	1/2009 3/2009	JP JP	2007-79690 A 2007-264471 A	3/2007 10/2007
EP	2069895 A1	6/2009	JР	2007-280179 A	10/2007
EP EP	2081185 A1 2094032 A1	7/2009 8/2009	JP JP	2007-323612 A 2007-325089 A	12/2007 12/2007
EP	2096840 A1	9/2009	JP	2008-26381 A	2/2008
EP EP	2107553 A1 2109295 A1	10/2009 10/2009	ЈР ЈР	2008-39928 A 2008-58813 A	2/2008 3/2008
EP	1720375 B1	7/2010	JP	2008-64885 A	3/2008
EP EP	2205010 A1 2309491 A1	7/2010 4/2011	ЈР ЈР	2008-90545 A 2008-514983 A	4/2008 5/2008
EP	2329348	6/2011	JP	2008-185693 A	8/2008
EP EP	2339576 A2 2400373 A1	6/2011	JP JP	2008-198022 A 2008-233678 A	8/2008 10/2008
EP EP	2400373 A1 2431842 A2	12/2011 3/2012	JР	2008-269480 A	11/2008

(56)	References Cited	JР	2014-124332 A	7/2014
	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS	JP JP	2014-126600 A 2014-145842 A	7/2014 8/2014
		JР	2014-150323 A	8/2014
JР	2009-2850 A 1/2009	JP JP	2014-222514 A 2015-8001 A	11/2014 1/2015
JP JP	2009-503623 A 1/2009 2009-36999 A 2/2009	JP	2015-18365 A	1/2015
JP	2009-505142 A 2/2009	JP JP	2015-501022 A	1/2015
JP JP	2009-47920 A 3/2009 2009-069062 A 4/2009	JP JP	2015-41845 A 2015-94848 A	3/2015 5/2015
JР	2009-009002 A 4/2009 2009-98490 A 5/2009	JP	2015-519675 A	7/2015
JР	2009-110300 A 5/2009	JP JP	2015-524974 A 2015-526776 A	8/2015 9/2015
JP JP	2009-116841 A 5/2009 2009-134409 A 6/2009	JP	2015-528140 A	9/2015
JP	2009-140444 A 6/2009	JP	2015-528918 A	10/2015
JP JP	2009-522861 A 6/2009 2009-157951 A 7/2009	JP JP	2016-508007 A 2016-119615 A	3/2016 6/2016
JР	2009-137931 A 7/2009 2009-169470 A 7/2009	JP	2016-151928 A	8/2016
JР	2009-177440 A 8/2009	JP KR	2017-19331 A 10-2002-0004931 A	1/2017 1/2002
JP JP	2009-186989 A 8/2009 2009-193448 A 8/2009	KR KR	10-2002-0004931 A 10-2002-0064149 A	8/2002
JP	2009-193457 A 8/2009	KR	10-2004-0014835 A	2/2004
JР	2009-193532 A 8/2009 2009-205367 A 9/2009	KR KR	10-2006-0073574 A 10-2006-0091469 A	6/2006 8/2006
JP JP	2009-205367 A 9/2009 2009-217611 A 9/2009	KR	10-2007-0022393 A	2/2007
JP	2009-223840 A 10/2009	KR	10-2007-0100837 A	10/2007 6/2008
JP JP	2009-294913 A 12/2009 2009-294946 A 12/2009	KR KR	10-2008-0049647 A 10-2009-0001716 A	1/2009
JР	2009-294940 A 12/2009 2009-543166 A 12/2009	KR	10-2009-0028464 A	3/2009
JР	2010-66519 A 3/2010	KR KR	10-2009-0030117 A 10-2009-0086805 A	3/2009 8/2009
JP JP	2010-78979 A 4/2010 2010-108378 A 5/2010	KR KR	10-2009-0080803 A 10-0920267 B1	10/2009
JP	2010-518475 A 5/2010	KR	10-2009-0122944 A	12/2009
JP JP	2010-518526 A 5/2010 2010-146347 A 7/2010	KR KR	10-2009-0127961 A 10-2009-0129192 A	12/2009 12/2009
JР	2010-140347 A 7/2010 2010-157207 A 7/2010	KR	10-2010-0015958 A	2/2010
JP	2010-166478 A 7/2010	KR KR	10-2010-0048571 A 10-2010-0053149 A	5/2010 5/2010
JP JP	2010-205111 A 9/2010 2010-224236 A 10/2010	KR KR	10-2010-0033149 A 10-2010-0119519 A	11/2010
JР	4563106 B2 10/2010	KR	10-2011-0043644 A	4/2011
JP	2010-535377 A 11/2010	KR KR	10-1032792 B1 10-2011-0068490 A	5/2011 6/2011
JP JP	2010-287063 A 12/2010 2011-33874 A 2/2011	KR	10-2011-0072847 A	6/2011
JP	2011-41026 A 3/2011	KR	10-2011-0086492 A	7/2011
JP JP	2011-45005 A 3/2011 2011-59659 A 3/2011	KR KR	10-2011-0100620 A 10-2011-0113414 A	9/2011 10/2011
JР	2011-81541 A 4/2011	KR	10-2011-0115134 A	10/2011
JР	2011-525045 A 9/2011	KR KR	10-2012-0020164 A 10-2012-0031722 A	3/2012 4/2012
JP JP	2011-238022 A 11/2011 2011-250027 A 12/2011	KR	10-1178310 B1	8/2012
JP	2012-014394 A 1/2012	KR	10-2012-0120316 A	11/2012
JP JP	2012-33997 A 2/2012 2012-508530 A 4/2012	KR KR	10-2012-0137435 A 10-2012-0137440 A	12/2012 12/2012
JР	2012-308330 A 4/2012 2012-089020 A 5/2012	KR	10-2012-0138826 A	12/2012
JР	2012-116442 A 6/2012	KR KR	10-2012-0139827 A 10-1193668 B1	12/2012 12/2012
JP JP	2012-142744 A 7/2012 2012-147063 A 8/2012	KR	10-2013-0035983 A	4/2013
JP	2012-518847 A 8/2012	KR	10-2013-0108563 A	10/2013 11/2013
JP JP	2013-37688 A 2/2013 2013-511214 A 3/2013	KR KR	10-1334342 B1 10-2013-0131252 A	12/2013
JP	2013-65284 A 4/2013	KR	10-2013-0133629 A	12/2013
JР	2013-73240 A 4/2013	KR KR	10-2014-0031283 A 10-2014-0033574 A	3/2014 3/2014
JP JP	2013-513315 A 4/2013 2013-080476 A 5/2013	KR	10-2014-0147557 A	12/2014
JP	2013-517566 A 5/2013	KR	10-2015-0013631 A	2/2015
JP JP	2013-134430 A 7/2013 2013-140520 A 7/2013	KR KR	10-2015-0038375 A 10-2015-0043512 A	4/2015 4/2015
JP JP	2013-140520 A //2013 2013-527947 A 7/2013	KR	10-2016-0004351 A	1/2016
JР	2013-528012 A 7/2013	KR KR	10-2016-0010523 A 10-2016-0040279 A	1/2016 4/2016
JP JP	2013-156349 A 8/2013 2013-200423 A 10/2013	KR KR	10-2017-0036805 A	4/2010
JP	2013-205999 A 10/2013	RU	2273106 C2	3/2006
JP ID	2013-238936 A 11/2013	RU Ru	2349970 C2 2353068 C2	3/2009 4/2009
JP JP	2014-10688 A 1/2014 2014-026629 A 2/2014	RU RU	2364917 C2	4/2009 8/2009
JР	2014-60600 A 4/2014	TW	M348993 U	1/2009
JP ID	2014-72586 A 4/2014	TW	200943903 A	10/2009
JP JP	2014-077969 A 5/2014 2014/109889 A 6/2014	TW TW	201018258 A 201027515 A1	5/2010 7/2010
		***		

(56)	References Cited		WO WO	2015/018440 A 2015/029379 A	
	FOREIGN PATENT DOC	UMENTS	WO	2015/030796 A	1 3/2015
TPXX 7	201020006 A1 0/2010		WO WO	2015/041892 A 2015/084659 A	
TW TW	201028996 A1 8/2010 201110108 A1 3/2011		WO	2015/092943 A	1 6/2015
TW	2011-42823 A1 12/2011		WO WO	2015/094169 A 2015/094369 A	
TW TW	201227715 A1 7/2012 201245989 A1 11/2012		WO	2015/099939 A	
TW	201312548 A1 3/2013		WO	2015/116151 A	
WO WO	00/14727 A1 3/2000 00/14728 A1 3/2000		WO WO	2015/151133 A: 2015/153310 A:	
WO	01/71480 A2 9/2001		WO	2015/157013 A	
WO WO	02/49253 A2 6/2002		WO WO	2015/183401 A: 2015/183699 A:	
WO	2005/064592 A1 7/2005 2006/084144 A2 8/2006		WO	2015/184186 A	1 12/2015
WO	2007/013521 A1 2/2007		WO WO	2015/200207 A 2016/027933 A	
WO WO	2007/055766 A2 5/2007 2008/098900 A2 8/2008		WO	2016/028946 A	1 2/2016
WO	2008/140236 A1 11/2008		WO WO	2016/033257 A 2016/054230 A	
WO WO	2009/009240 A2 1/2009 2009/016631 A2 2/2009		WO	2016/057268 A	
WO	2009/017280 A1 2/2009		WO WO	2016/075081 A	
WO WO	2009/034686 A1 3/2009 2009/075912 A1 6/2009		WO	2016/085775 A2 2016/100139 A	
WO	2009/104126 A1 8/2009		WO	2016/111881 A	
WO WO	2009/156438 A1 12/2009 2009/156978 A1 12/2009		WO WO	2016/144840 A 2016/144982 A	
wo	2010/013369 A1 12/2009 2010/013369 A1 2/2010		WO	2016/175354 A	1 11/2016
WO	2010/054373 A2 5/2010		WO WO	2016/190950 A 2016/209444 A	
WO WO	2010/075623 A1 7/2010 2010/100937 A1 9/2010		WO	2017/044260 A	1 3/2017
WO	2010/141802 A1 12/2010		WO WO	2017/044629 A 2017/053311 A	
WO WO	2011/057346 A1 5/2011 2011/060106 A1 5/2011		,,,	2017/033311 A	1 3/2017
WO	2011/088053 A2 7/2011			OTHER P	UBLICATIONS
WO WO	2011/093025 A1 8/2011 2011/116309 A1 9/2011			o IIIII I	
WO	2011/133543 A1 10/2011		•		een Timeout & Lock Screen Timeout",
WO WO	2011/150730 A1 12/2011 2011/163350 A1 12/2011				ps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=
wo	2011/088053 A3 1/2012			2ww", Jun. 9, 201 e: How to Create	a Shopping List with Your Google
WO WO	2012/019637 A1 2/2012 2012/129231 A1 9/2012		Assistant", A	vailable online at	t:—https://www.youtube.com/watch?
wo	2012/129231 A1 9/2012 2012/135157 A2 10/2012			x1Y, May 25, 20	018, 1 page. tant on Galaxy 57 and other Android
WO WO	2012/154317 A1 11/2012				e online at:—"https://www.youtube.
WO	2012/155079 A2 11/2012 2012/167168 A2 12/2012		com/watch?v	=HeklQbWyksE'	', Mar. 20, 2017, 1 page.
WO	2013/009578 A2 1/2013				stant Even Phone is Locked", Avail- w.youtube.com/watch?v=9B_gP4j_
WO WO	2013/022135 A1 2/2013 2013/022223 A1 2/2013			.2, 2018, 1 page.	www.youtube.com/watch:v=9B_gr4J_
WO	2013/048880 A1 4/2013		"SmartThing	s +Amazon Ech	o", Smartthings Samsung [online],
WO WO	2013/049358 A1 4/2013 2013/163113 A1 10/2013				b.archive.org/web/20160509231428/ d/featured/alexa-turn-on-my-smart-
WO	2013/169842 A2 11/2013			g. 21, 2015, 3 pag	
WO WO	2013/173504 A1 11/2013 2013/173511 A2 11/2013			_	re Smart Wiki", Available online at
WO	2013/176847 A1 11/2013			-	art.wiki/index.php?title=Ask_Alexa m internet on Aug. 2, 2017], Jun. 8,
WO WO	2013/184953 A1 12/2013 2013/184990 A1 12/2013		2016, pp. 1-3		in internet on Aug. 2, 2017], Jun. 8,
wo	2014/003138 A1 1/2014		"DIRECTV"	<sup>M</sup> Voice", Now Pa	art of the DIRECTTV Mobile App for
WO WO	2014/021967 A1 2/2014 2014/022148 A1 2/2014			18, 2013, 5 page	es. no with Home Automation (Smart-
WO	2014/022148 A1 2/2014 2014/028797 A1 2/2014				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=
WO	2014/031505 A1 2/2014		LMW6aXms	WNE, Dec. 20, 2	2015, 1 page.
WO WO	2014/047047 A1 3/2014 2014/066352 A1 5/2014				—Speaktoit Assistant", Available at ch?v=myE498nyfGw>, Mar. 30, 2011,
WO	2014/070872 A2 5/2014		3 pages.	•	
WO WO	2014/078965 A1 5/2014 2014/096506 A1 6/2014		Asakura et a		inks; How the TV should be in the
WO	2014/124332 A2 8/2014		_		1, No. 7 (Jul. 2013), Stereo Sound, pp. 68-71 (Official Copy Only). (See
WO WO	2014/137074 A1 9/2014 2014/138604 A1 9/2014			ion under 37 CFF	
WO	2014/143959 A2 9/2014		Ashbrook, Da	niel L, "Enabling	g Mobile Microinteractions", Retrieved
WO	2014/144579 A1 9/2014				tp://danielashbrook.com/wp-content/ok-Thesis.pdr", May 2010, 186 pages.
WO WO	2014/159581 A1 10/2014 2014/197336 A1 12/2014				"SwipeStatusBar—Reveal the Status
WO	2014/200728 A1 12/2014		Bar in a Fulls	creen App", Onlin	ne Available at: <a href="https://www.youtube">https://www.youtube</a> .
WO	2014/204659 A2 12/2014		com/watch?v	=wA_t19lAreQ>	, Jul. 1, 2013, 3 pages.

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Bellegarda, Jerome, "Spoken Language Understanding for Natural Interaction: The Siri Experience", Slideshow retrieved from: <a href="mailto:shttps://www.uni-ulm.de/fileadmin/website\_uni\_ulm/iui.iwsds2012/files/">shttps://www.uni-ulm.de/fileadmin/website\_uni\_ulm/iui.iwsds2012/files/</a>
Bellegarda.pdf>, International Workshop on Spoken Dialog Systems (IWSDS) 2012, May 2012, pp. 1-43.

Cambria et al., "Jumping NLP Curves: A Review of Natural Language Processing Research", IEEE Computational Intelligence Magazine, 2014, vol. 9, May 2014, pp. 48-57.

Caraballo et al., "Language Identification Based on a Discriminative Text Categorization Technique", Iberspeech 2012 —Vii Jornadas En Tecnologia Del Habla and Iii Iberians Tech Workshop, Nov. 21, 2012, pp. 1-10.

Castleos, "Whole House Voice Control Demonstration", available online at: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9SRCoxrZ\_W4, Jun. 2, 2012, 26 pages.

Colt, Sam, "Here's One Way Apple's Smartwatch Could Be Better Than Anything Else", Business Insider, Aug. 21, 2014, pp. 1-4.

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012135502, dated Sep. 11, 2014, 15 pages (6 pages of English Translation and 9 pages of official copy).

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144606, dated Nov. 19, 2014, 13 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 8 pages of official copy).

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144639, dated Nov. 28, 2014, 10 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 8 pages of official copy).

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144643, dated Nov. 20, 2014, 13 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 8 pages of official copy).

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144647, dated Jan. 27, 2015, 16 pages (6 pages of English Translation and 10 pages of official copy).

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144648, dated Nov. 19, 2014, 14 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 7 pages of official copy).

Decision to Grant received for Russian Patent Application No. 2015120954, dated Feb. 14, 2018, 20 pages (8 pages of English Translation and 12 pages of official copy).

Deedeevuu, "Amazon Echo Alarm Feature", Available online at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fdjU8eRLk7c, Feb. 16, 2015, 1 page.

Earthling1984, "Samsung Galaxy Smart Stay Feature Explained", Available online at:—"https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RpjBNtSjupl", May 29, 2013, 1 page.

Filipowicz, Luke, "How to use the Quick Type Keyboard in iOS 8", available online at <a href="https://www.imore.com/comment/568232">https://www.imore.com/comment/568232</a>, Oct. 11, 2014, pp. 1-17.

Finkel et al., "Joint Parsing and Named Entity Recognition", Human Language Technologies: The 2009 Annual Conference of the North American Chapter of the ACL, Jun. 2009, pp. 326-334.

Gomez et al., "Mouth Gesture and Voice Command Based Robot Command Interface", IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation, May 12-17, 2009, pp. 333-338.

Google Developers, "Voice Search in Your App", Available online at:—https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PS1FbB5qWEI, Nov. 12, 2014, 1 page.

Hashimoto, Yoshiyuki, "Simple Guide for iPhone Siri, Which Can Be Operated with Your Voice", Shuwa System Co., Ltd., vol. 1, Jul. 5, 2012, pp. 8, 130, 131.

Headset Button Controller v7.3 APK Full APP Download for Android, Blackberry, iPhone, Jan. 27, 2014, 11 pages.

Hear voice from Google translate, Available on URL:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=18AvMhFqD28, Jan. 28, 2011, 1 page.

INews and Tech, "How to Use the QuickType Keyboard in iOS 8", Available online at:—"http://www.inewsandtech.com/how-to-use-the-quicktype-keyboard-in-ios-8/", Sep. 17, 2014, 6 pages.

IOS 8 Release, "Quick Type Keyboard on iOS 8 Makes Typing Easier", Retrieved from the Internet: URL:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0CidLR4fhVU, [Retrieved on Nov. 23, 2018], XP054978896, Jun. 3, 2014, 1 page.

Jonsson et al, "Proximity-based Reminders Using Bluetooth", 2014 IEEE International Conference on Pervasive Computing and Communications Demonstrations, 2014, pp. 151-153.

Jouvet et al., "Evaluating Grapheme-to-phoneme Converters in Automatic Speech Recognition Context", IEEE, 2012, pp. 4821-4824

Karn, Ujjwal, "An Intuitive Explanation of Convolutional Neural Networks", The Data Science Blog, Aug. 11, 2016, 23 pages.

Kazmucha, Allyson, "How to Send Map Locations Using iMessage", iMore.com, Available at <a href="http://www.imore.com/how-use-imessage-share-your-location-your-iphone">http://www.imore.com/how-use-imessage-share-your-location-your-iphone</a>, Aug. 2, 2012, 6 pages. Lewis, Cameron, "Task Ave for iPhone Review", Mac Life, Available at <a href="http://www.maclife.com/article/reviews/task\_ave\_iphone\_review">http://www.maclife.com/article/reviews/task\_ave\_iphone\_review</a>, Mar. 3, 2011, 5 pages.

Liou et al., "Autoencoder for Words", Neurocomputing, vol. 139, Sep. 2014, pp. 84-96.

Majerus, Wesley, "Cell Phone Accessibility for your Blind Child", Retrieved from the Internet <URL:https://web.archive.org/web/20100210001100/https://nfb.org/images/nfb/publications/fr/fr28/3/fr280314.htm>, 2010, pp. 1-5.

Marketing Land, "Amazon Echo: Play Music", Online Available at: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A7V5NPbsXi4">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A7V5NPbsXi4</a>, Apr. 27, 2015, 3 pages.

Mhatre et al., "Donna Interactive Chat-bot acting as a Personal Assistant", International Journal of Computer Applications (0975-8887), vol. 140, No. 10, Apr. 2016, 6 pages.

Mikolov et al., "Linguistic Regularities in Continuous Space Word Representations", Proceedings of NAACL-HLT, Jun. 9-14, 2013, pp. 746-751.

Morrison, Jonathan, "iPhone 5 Siri Demo", Online Available at <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_wHWwG5IhWc">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_wHWwG5IhWc</a>, Sep. 21, 2012, 3 pages.

Nakamura, Satoshi, "Overcoming the Language Barrier with Speech Translation Technology, Science & Technology Trends", Quarterly Review No. 31, Apr. 2009, pp. 36-49.

Nakazawa et al., "Detection and Labeling of Significant Scenes from TV program based on Twitter Analysis", Proceedings of the 3rd Forum on Data Engineering and Information Management (deim 2011 proceedings), IEICE Data Engineering Technical Group. Available online at: http://db-event.jpn.org/deim2011/proceedings/pdf/f5-6.pdf, Feb. 28, 2011, 10 pages (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

NDTV, "Sony SmartWatch 2 Launched in India for Rs. 14,990", available at <a href="http://gadgets.ndtv.com/others/news/sony-smartwatch-2-launched-in-india-for-rs-14990-420319">http://gadgets.ndtv.com/others/news/sony-smartwatch-2-launched-in-india-for-rs-14990-420319</a>, Sep. 18, 2013, 4 pages. Ng, Simon, "Google's Task List Now Comes to Iphone", SimonBlog, Available at <a href="http://www.simonblog.com/2009/02/04/googles-task-list-now-comes-to-iphone/">http://www.simonblog.com/2009/02/04/googles-task-list-now-comes-to-iphone/</a>, Feb. 4, 2009, 3 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 12/987,982, dated Dec. 2, 2013, 18 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 15/394,162, dated Feb. 28, 2019, 23 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent Application No. 2017204217, dated Oct. 8, 2018, 3 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2011205426, dated Jan. 6, 2014, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205568, dated May 20, 2015, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205569, dated Feb. 15, 2016, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205571, dated Jun. 1, 2015, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205586, dated Aug. 6, 2015, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205588, dated Feb. 12, 2016, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205590, dated May 20, 2015, 2 pages.

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205591, dated Feb. 12, 2016, 2 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2014274913, dated May 1, 2017, 3 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent application No. 2016204262, dated Dec. 22, 2017, 3 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Canadian Patent application No. 2,793,118, dated May 12, 2017, 1 page.

Notice of Acceptance received for U.S. Appl. No. 2013205584, dated Mar. 9, 2016, 2 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,787,351, dathed Aug. 6, 2015, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,791,791, dated Aug. 9, 2016, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,792,412, dated Sep. 14, 2015, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,792,570, dated Sep. 16, 2015, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,002, dated Feb. 23, 2016, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,248, dated Aug. 24, 2016, 2 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,741, dated Sep. 16, 2015, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,743, dated May 20, 2015, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,954,559, dated Oct. 20, 2017, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127579, dated Sep. 16, 2016, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127580, dated Jun. 30, 2017, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127582, dated Jun. 24, 2016, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127583, dated May 27, 2016, 3 pages (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127584, dated May 30, 2016, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127585, dated Jul. 10, 2017, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127586, dated May 9, 2016, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7021659, dated Jan. 20, 2016, 3 pages (1 page of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7028786, dated Feb. 27, 2015, 2 pages (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7028802, dated Feb. 27, 2015, 2 pages (official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7028805, dated Aug. 28, 2015, 3 pages (1 page of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029183, dated Dec. 16, 2015, 5 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of Official Copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029195, dated May 30, 2016, 3 pages 3 pages (1 pages of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029197, dated Feb. 27, 2015, 2 pages (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029381, dated Nov. 27, 2015, 3 pages (1 pages of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029382, dated Nov. 20, 2015, 3 pages (1 page of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029385, dated Aug. 21, 2015, 3 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 1 page of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2016-7023962, dated May 31, 2017, 4 pages (1 page of English Translation and 3 pages of Official Copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011794, dated Nov. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011795, dated Nov. 20, 2014, 1 page (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011797, dated Nov. 20, 2014, 1 page (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011798, dated Nov. 28, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011799, dated Nov. 27, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011800, dated Feb. 9, 2016, 2 pages (English Translation only).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011803, dated Nov. 28, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only), (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011807, dated Nov. 28, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011808, dated Jan. 23, 2015, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2015/004983, dated Dec. 16, 2015, 2 pages (1 page of English Translation and 1 page of Official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2015/004983, dated Jun. 10, 2016, 1 page (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2016/011562, dated Mar. 31, 2017, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Notice of Allowance received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144637, dated Oct. 17, 2014, 15 pages (6 pages of English Translation and 9 pages of official copy).

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated Sep. 8, 2016, 14 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,481, dated Jul. 23, 2014, 7 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,713, dated Jan. 30, 2014, 5 pages.

Nozawa et al., "iPhone 4S Perfect Manual", vol. 1, First Edition, Nov. 11, 2011, 5 pages (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205568, dated Feb. 13, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205569, dated Feb. 16, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent application No. 2013205571, dated Feb. 16, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205584, dated Dec. 7, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205584, dated Feb. 18, 2015, 3 pages.

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205585, dated Feb. 19, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205586, dated Feb. 17, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205588, dated Feb. 17, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205590, dated Feb. 16, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2013205591, dated Feb. 16, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2014274913, dated Aug. 5, 2016, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2016204262, dated Feb. 24, 2017, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2017/204217 dated Feb. 12 2018 3 pages

2017204217, dated Feb. 12, 2018, 3 pages. Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,787,351,

dated May 28, 2014, 4 pages. Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,791,791,

dated Aug. 13, 2014, 3 pages. Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,791,791,

dated Aug. 25, 2015, 4 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,792,412, dated Aug. 21, 2014, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,792,442, dated Aug. 25, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,792,442, dated Feb. 4, 2016, 1 page.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,792,570, dated Sep. 3, 2014, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,002, dated Sep. 3, 2014, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,002, dated Sep. 22, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,118, dated Aug. 21, 2015, 4 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,118, dated Jul. 11, 2016, 4 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,118, dated Mar. 19, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,248, dated Sep. 3, 2014, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,248, dated Sep. 10, 2015, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,741, dated Aug. 21, 2014, 2 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,793,743, dated May 20, 2014, 4 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,954,559, dated Mar. 27, 2017, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No. 201180013559.2, dated Feb. 28, 2015, 14 pages (8 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No. 201480030811.4, dated Mar. 3, 2017, 19 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 14 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No. 201480030811.4, dated Sep. 8, 2017, 17 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 14 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No. 201480030811.4, dated Sep. 30, 2018, 19 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 14 pages of Official copy).

Office Action received for European Patent Application No. 14737370. 8, dated Dec. 21, 2017, 5 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 6734/ CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 30, 2018, 8 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8902/CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 30, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8904/ CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 23, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8905/ CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 8, 2018, 7 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8906/CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 24, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8907/CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 24, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8908/CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 24, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8909/CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 25, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8910/CHENP/2012, dated Oct. 25, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2012-549003, dated Feb. 22, 2016, 15 pages (8 pages of English Translation and 7 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2012-549003, dated Jun. 26, 2017, 138 pages (95 pages of English Translation and 43 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2012-549003, dated Mar. 2, 2015, 10 pages (7 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2012-549003, dated Oct. 21, 2016, 51 pages (30 pages of English Translation and 21 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127579, dated Apr. 4, 2016, 6 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127579, dated Sep. 14, 2015, 5 pages (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127580, dated Jan. 20, 2017, 10 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127580, dated Jun. 21, 2016, 12 pages (6 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127580, dated Sep. 28, 2015, 7 pages (Official copy only), (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127581, dated Aug. 31, 2015, 9 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127581, dated Jun. 24, 2016, 4 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127581, dated Nov. 24, 2016, 4 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 2 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127581, dated Oct. 2, 2017, 44 pages (24 pages of English Translation and 20 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127582, dated Aug. 31, 2015, 11 pages (6 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127583, dated Sep. 7, 2015, 3 pages. (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127584, dated Sep. 4, 2015, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127585, dated Jul. 15, 2016, 8 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127585, dated Sep. 10, 2015, 4 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127586, dated Sep. 14, 2015, 8 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127587, dated Aug. 23, 2017, 6 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127587, dated Jan. 27, 2017, 6 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127587, dated Jul. 4, 2016, 7 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127587, dated Sep. 14, 2015, 9 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2017-117880, dated Sep. 29, 2017, 6 pages (3 Pages of English Translation and 3 pages of Official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7021659, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 8 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7021659, dated Feb. 27, 2015, 15 pages (10 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7028786, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 15 pages (9 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7028802, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 10 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7028805, dated Feb. 27, 2015, 14 pages (10 page of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029183, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 11 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029183, dated Jan. 28, 2015, 10 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029183, dated Sep. 7, 2015, 7 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029195, dated Apr. 30, 2014. 11 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029195, dated Feb. 27, 2015, 16 pages (10 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029195, dated Jan. 28, 2016, 6 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029197, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 10 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029381, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 12 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 7 pages of official copy)

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029381, dated Mar. 28, 2015, 5 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029382, dated Apr. 30, 2014, 9 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029382, dated Jan. 28, 2015, 7 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029382, dated Jul. 31, 2015, 12 pages (9 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029385, dated Apr. 30, 2015, 13 pages (9 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-7029385, dated Jun. 27, 2014, 13 pages (8 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2015-7035370, dated Jul. 11, 2016, 12 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 7 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2015-7035370, dated May 31, 2017, 6 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2015-7035370, dated Oct. 11, 2017, 7 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2016-7023962, dated Oct. 20, 2016, 5 pages (2 page of English Translation and 3 pages Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2017-7024596, dated Feb. 22, 2018, 10 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 6 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/008369, dated Oct. 21, 2013, 6 pages (3 page of English Translation and 3 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011794, dated Jun. 13, 2014, 2 pages (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011795, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011795, dated Jun. 13, 2014, 2 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011797, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR  $\S$  1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011797, dated Jun. 13, 2014, 2 pages (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011798, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011798, dated Jun. 24, 2014, 3 pages (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011799, dated Jun. 25, 2014, 2 pages (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011800, dated Aug. 20, 2015, 9 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011800, dated Dec. 5, 2014, 5 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 2 pages of Official copy).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011803, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011803, dated Jun. 25, 2014, 2 pages (Official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011807, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011807, dated Jun. 26, 2014, 2 pages (official copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011808, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Mexican Patent Application No. MX/a/2012/011799, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 1 page (Official Copy Only). (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012135502, dated Feb. 18, 2014, 8 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144605, dated Mar. 26, 2014, 7 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144606, dated Mar. 25, 2014, 7 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144637, dated Mar. 25, 2014, 8 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144640, dated Mar. 24, 2014, 9 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144640, dated Nov. 28, 2014, 8 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144644, dated Mar. 24, 2014, 8 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for Russian Patent Application No. 2012144647, dated Jun. 20, 2014, 8 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 5 pages of official copy).

Office Action received for United Kingdom Patent Application No. 1213633.9, dated Feb. 16, 2017, 5 pages.

Office Action received for United Kingdom Patent Application No. 1213633.9, dated Sep. 28, 2017, 5 pages.

Okuno et al., "System for Japanese Input Method based on the Internet", Technical Report of Information Processing Society of Japan, Natural Language Processing, Japan, Information Processing Society of Japan, vol. 2009, No. 36, Mar. 18, 2009, 8 pages (Official Copy Only) (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Osxdaily, "Get a List of Siri Commands Directly from Siri", Available at <a href="http://osxdaily.com/2013/02/05/list-siri-cornmands/">http://osxdaily.com/2013/02/05/list-siri-cornmands/</a>, Feb. 5, 2013, 15 pages.

Pan et al., "Natural Language Aided Visual Query Building for Complex Data Access", In proceeding of: Proceedings of the Twenty-Second Conference on Innovative Applications of Artificial Intelligence, XP055114607, Jul. 11, 2010, pp. 1821-1826.

Pathak et al., "Privacy-preserving Speech Processing: Cryptographic and String-matching Frameworks Show Promise", In: IEEE signal processing magazine, retrieved from <a href="http://www.merl.com/publications/docs/TR2013-063.pdf">http://www.merl.com/publications/docs/TR2013-063.pdf</a>, Feb. 13, 2013, 16 pages.

Patra et al., "A Kernel-Based Approach for Biomedical Named Entity Recognition", Scientific World Journal, vol. 2013, 2013, pp. 1-7

Pennington et al., "GloVe: Global Vectors for Word Representation", Proceedings of the Conference on Empirical Methods Natural Language Processing (EMNLP), Oct. 25-29, 2014, pp. 1532-1543. Perlow, Jason, "Alexa Loop Mode With Playlist for Sleep Noise", Online Available at: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nSkSuXziJSg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nSkSuXziJSg</a>, Apr. 11, 2016, 3 pages.

Powell, Josh, "Now You See Me . . . Show/Hide Performance", available at http://www.learningjquery.com/2010/05/now-you-see-me-showhide-performance, May 4, 2010, 3 pages.

Routines, "SrnartThings Support", Available online at <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20151207165701/https://support.smartthings.com/hc/en-us/articles/205380034-Routines">hc/en-us/articles/205380034-Routines</a>>, 2015, 2 pages.

Samsung Support, "Create a Qucik Command in Bixby to Launch Custom Settings by at your Command", Retrieved from internet: https://www.facebook.com/samsungsupport/videos/10154746303151213, Nov. 13, 2017, 1 page

Samsung, "SGH-a885 Series—Portable Quad-Band Mobile Phone-User Manual", Retrieved from the Internet: URL: "http://web.archive.org/web/20100106113758/http://www.comparecellular.com/images/phones/userguide1896.pdf", Jan. 1, 2009, 144 pages.

Seehafer, Brent, "Activate google assistant on Galaxy S7 with screen off", Available online at:—"https://productforums.google.co./forum/#!topic/websearch/Ip3qIGBHLVI", Mar. 8, 2017, 4 pages.

Selfrifge et al., "Interact: Tightly-coupling Multimodal Dialog with an Interactive Virtual Assistant", International Conference on Multimodal Interaction, ACM, Nov. 9, 2015, pp. 381-382.

Sundermeyer et al., "From Feedforward to Recurrent LSTM Neural Networks for Language Modeling", IEEE Transactions to Audio, Speech, and Language Processing, 2015, vol. 23, Mar. 2015, pp. 517-529.

Sundermeyer et al., "LSTM Neural Networks for Language Modeling", Interspeech 2012, ISCA's 13 Annual Conference, Sep. 9-13, 2012, pp. 194-197.

Tanaka, Tatsuo, "Next Generation IT Channel Strategy Through "Experience Technology"", Intellectual Resource Creation, Japan, Nomura Research Institute Ltd. vol. 19, No. 1, Dec. 20, 2010, 17 pages. (Official Copy only) (See Communication under 37 CFR § 1.98(a) (3)).

Vodafone Deutschland, "Samsung Galaxy S3 Tastatur Spracheingabe", Available online at—"https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6kOd6Gr8uFE", Aug. 22, 2012, 1 page.

Wikipedia, "Siri", Available At: URL: <a href="https:jjen.wikipedia.orgjwjindex.php?title=Siri&oldid">https:jjen.wikipedia.orgjwjindex.php?title=Siri&oldid</a>, Nov. 8, 2015, 13 Pages.

Wikipedia, "Virtual Assistant", Wikepedia, Online Available at : <a href="https:jjen.wikipedia.orgjwjindex.php?title=Virtual.assistant&oldid=679330666">https:jjen.wikipedia.orgjwjindex.php?title=Virtual.assistant&oldid=679330666</a>, Sep. 3, 2015, 4 Pages.

Wikipedia, "Home Automation", Available At: https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?titie= Home automation&oldid, Oct. 19, 2015, 9 Pages.

X.AI, "How it Works", May 2016, 6 pages.

Xiang et al., "Correcting Phoneme Recognition Errors in Learning Word Pronunciation through Speech Interaction", Speech Communication, vol. 55, No. 1, Jan. 1, 2013, pp. 190-203.

Xu, Yuhong, "Policy optimization of dialogue management in spoken dialogue system for out-of-domain utterances", 2016 International Conference on Asian Language Processing (IALP), IEEE, Nov. 21, 2016, pp. 10-13.

Yan et al., "A Scalable Approach to Using DNN-Derived Features in GMM-HMM Based Acoustic Modeling for LVCSR", InInterspeech, 2013, pp. 104-108.

Yates, Michael C., "How can I exit Google Assistant after i'm finished with it", Available online at:—"https://productforums.google.com/forum/#lmsg/phone-by-google/faECnR2RJwA/gKNIOkQgAQAJ", Jan. 11, 2016, 2 pages.

Young et al., "The Hidden Information State model: A practical framework for POMDP-based spoken dialogue management", Computer Speech & Language, vol. 24, Issue 2, 2010, pp. 150-174. Zangerle et al., "Recommending #-Tag in Twitter", Proceedings of the Workshop on Semantic Adaptive Socail Web, 2011, pp. 1-12. Zhong et al "JustSpeak: Enabling Universal Voice Control on Android", W4A' 14, Proceedings of the 11th Web for All Conference, No. 36, Apr. 7-9, 2014, 8 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2017-7035711, dated Mar. 28, 2019, 4 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 2 pages of Official Copy).

Extended European Search Report received for European Patent Application No. 19195766.1, dated Oct. 8, 2019, 15 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent Application No. 2018202411, dated Sep. 18, 2019, 3 pages.

Notice of Acceptance received for Australian Patent Application No. 2019200296, dated Sep. 5, 2019, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. 112012017826-1, dated Sep. 6, 2019, 5 pages (1 page of English Translation and 4 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2019-7018332, dated Sep. 10, 2019, 5 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of Official Copy).

"The world of Virtual Assistants—more SemTech...", End of Business as Usual—Glenn's External blog, Online Available at <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20091101840940/http://glennas.wordpress.com/2009/10/17/the-world-of-virtual-assistants-more-semtech/">https://web.archive.org/web/20091101840940/http://glennas.wordpress.com/2009/10/17/the-world-of-virtual-assistants-more-semtech/</a>>, Oct. 17, 2009, 5 pages.

Adium, "AboutAdium—Adium X—Trac", available at <a href="http://web.archive.org/web/20070819113247/http://trac.adiumx.com/wiki/AboutAdium">http://web.archive.org/web/20070819113247/http://trac.adiumx.com/wiki/AboutAdium</a>, retrieved on Nov. 25, 2011, 2 pages.

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Advisory Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated Nov. 10, 2014, 5 pages.

Advisory Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/913,336, dated Feb. 20, 2018, 3 pages.

Alfred App, "Alfred", available at <a href="http://www.alfredapp.com/">http://www.alfredapp.com/>, retrieved on Feb. 8, 2012, 5 pages.

Apple, "VoiceOver", available at <a href="http://www.apple.com/accessibility/voiceover/">http://www.apple.com/accessibility/voiceover/</a>, May 19, 2014, 3 pages.

Berry et al., "PTIME: Personalized Assistance for Calendaring", ACM Transactions on Intelligent Systems and Technology, vol. 2, No. 4, Article 40, Jul. 2011, pp. 1-22.

Bertulucci, Jeff, "Google Adds Voice Search to Chrome Browser", PC World, Jun. 14, 2011, 5 pages.

Bocchieri et al., "Use of Geographical Meta-Data in ASR Language and Acoustic Models", IEEE International Conference on Acoustics Speech and Signal Processing, 2010, pp. 5118-5121.

Bulyko, et al, "Error-Correction Detection and Response Generation in a Spoken Dialogue System", Speech Communication, vol. 45, 2005, pp. 271-288.

Butcher, Mike, "EVI Arrives in Town to go Toe-to-Toe with Siri", TechCrunch, Jan. 23, 2012, 2 pages.

Chen, Yi, "Multimedia Siri Finds and Plays Whatever You Ask For", PSFK Report, Feb. 9, 2012, 9 pages.

Cheyer, Adam, "About Adam Cheyer", available at <a href="http://www.adam.cheyer.com/about.html">http://www.adam.cheyer.com/about.html</a>, retrieved on Sep. 17, 2012, 2 pages. Cheyer, et al, "Demonstration Video of Multimodal Maps Using an Open-Agent Architecture", published by SRI International no later than 1996, as depicted in Exemplary Screenshots from video entitled &apos;Demonstration Video of Multimodal Maps Using an Open-Agent Architecture, 6 pages.

Choi et al., "Acoustic and Visual Signal based Context Awareness System for Mobile Application", IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics, vol. 57, No. 2, May 2011, pp. 738-746.

Cox, et al, "Speech and Language Processing for Next-Millennium Communications Services", Proceedings of the IEEE, vol. 88, No. 8, Aug. 2000, pp. 1314-1337.

Davis, et al, "A Personal Handheld Multi-Modal Shopping Assistant", International Conference on Networking and Services, IEEE, 2006. 9 pages.

Evi, "Meet Evi: The One Mobile Application that Provides Solutions for your Everyday Problems", Feb. 2012, 3 pages.

Ex Parte Quayle Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,713, mailed on Dec. 18, 2013, 5 pages.

Exhibit 1, "Natural Language Interface Using Constrained Intermediate Dictionary of Results", List of Publications Manually Reviewed for the Search of U.S. Pat. No. 7,177,798, Mar. 22, 2013, 1 page.

Extended European Search Report received for European Patent Application No. 11707939.2, dated Nov. 18. 2016, 13 pages.

Extended European Search Report received for European Patent Application No. 14737370.8, dated May 19, 2016, 12 pages.

Extended European Search Report received for European Patent Application No. 16188272.5, dated Nov. 18, 2016, 12 pages. Extended European Search Report received for European Patent Application No. 18202474.5, dated Feb. 12, 2019, 9 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 12/987,982, dated Jul. 25, 2014, 21 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated Feb. 9, 2016, 11 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated May 22, 2014, 10 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,481, dated Dec. 19, 2013, 16 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,550, dated Nov. 13, 2013, 10 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,616, dated Nov. 15, 2013, 8 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,742, dated Nov. 18, 2013, 6 pages.

Final office action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,761, dated Dec. 19, 2013, 13 pages.

Final office action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,761, dated Jul. 11, 2014, 5 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,707, dated Nov. 6, 2013, 12 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/913,336, dated Oct. 24, 2017, 9 pages.

Findlater et al., "Beyond QWERTY: Augmenting Touch-Screen Keyboards with Multi-Touch Gestures for Non-Alphanumeric Input", CHI '12, Austin, Texas, USA, May 5-10, 2012, 4 pages.

Gannes, Liz, "Alfred App Gives Personalized Restaurant Recommendations", AllThingsD, Jul. 18, 2011, pp. 1-3.

Gruber, Thomas R., et al., U.S. Appl. No. 61/186,414, filed Jun. 12, 2009 titled "System and Method for Semantic Auto-Completion" 13 pages (Copy Not Attached).

Gruber, Tom, "Big Think Small Screen: How Semantic Computing in the Cloud will Revolutionize the Consumer Experience on the Phone", Keynote Presentation at Web 3.0 Conference, Jan. 2010, 41 pages.

Gruber, Tom, "Siri, A Virtual Personal Assistant-Bringing Intelligence to the Interface", Semantic Technologies Conference, Jun. 16, 2009, 21 pages.

Guay, Matthew, "Location-Driven Productivity with Task Ave", available at <a href="http://iphone.appstorm.net/reviews/productivity/location-driven-productivity-with-task-ave/">http://iphone.appstorm.net/reviews/productivity/location-driven-productivity-with-task-ave/</a>, Feb. 19, 2011, 7 pages.

Guim, Mark, "How to Set a Person-Based Reminder with Cortana", available at <a href="http://www.wpcentral.com/how-to-person-based-reminder-cortana">http://www.wpcentral.com/how-to-person-based-reminder-cortana</a>, Apr. 26, 2014, 15 pages.

Hardwar, Devindra, "Driving App Waze Builds its own Siri for Hands-Free Voice Control", Available online at <a href="http://venturebeat.com/2012/02/09/driving-app-waze-builds-its-own-siri-for-hands-free-voice-control">http://venturebeat.com/2012/02/09/driving-app-waze-builds-its-own-siri-for-hands-free-voice-control</a>, retrieved on Feb. 9, 2012, 4 pages.

Hayashi, et al, "Internet Information Navigation Service TITAN", NTT Technology Journal, JPN, vol. 8, No. 8, Aug. 1996, pp. 20-23. id3.org, "id3v2.4.0-Frames", available at <a href="http://id3.org/id3V2.4.0-frames?action=print">http://id3.org/id3V2.4.0-frames?action=print</a>, retrieved on Jan. 22, 2015, 41 pages.

Interactive Voice, available at <a href="http://www.helloivee.com/company/">http://www.helloivee.com/company/</a>, retrieved on Feb. 10, 2014, 2 pages.

International Preliminary Report on Patentability received for PCT Patent Application No. PCT/US2011/020861, dated Aug. 2, 2012, 11 pages.

International Preliminary Report on Patentability received for PCT Patent Application No. PCT/US2014/040961, dated Dec. 17, 2015, 20 pages.

International Search Report and Written Opinion received for PCT Patent Application No. PCT/US2011/020861, dated Nov. 29, 2011, 15 pages.

International Search Report and Written Opinion received for PCT Patent Application No. PCT/US2014/040961, dated Mar. 10, 2015, 5 pages.

Invitation to Pay Additional Fees received for PCT Application No. PCT/US2014/040961, dated Jan. 14, 2015, 3 pages.

Iowegian International, "FIR Filter Properties, DSPGuru, Digital Signal Processing Central", available at <a href="http://www.dspguru.com/dsp/faq/fir/properties">http://www.dspguru.com/dsp/faq/fir/properties</a> retrieved on Jul. 28, 2010, 6 pages.

Jawaid et al., "Machine Translation with Significant Word Reordering and Rich Target-Side Morphology", WDS'11 Proceedings of Contributed Papers, Part I, 2011, pp. 161-166.

Jiang et al., "A Syllable-based Name Transliteration System", Proc. of the 2009 Named Entities Workshop, Aug. 7 2009, pp. 96-99.

Kanda, et al, "Robust Domain Selection Using Dialogue History in Multi-domain Spoken Dialogue Systems", Journal of information Processing Society, vol. 48, No. 5, May 15, 2007, pp. 1980-1989. (English Abstract submitted).

Kanda, et al, "Spoken Language Understanding Using Dialogue Context in Database Search Task", Journal of Information Processing Society, vol. 47, No. 6, Jun. 6, 2006, pp. 1802-1811. (33 pages of English Translation and 10 pages of Official copy).

Kawamae, et al, "Study on the Structure of Index Data for Metasearch System", Material of 38th SIG of Artificial Intelligence Foundation & 45th SIG of Knowledge Base System, JPN, Sep. 29, 1999, pp. 37-42 (English Abstract Submitted).

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Kickstarter, "Ivee Sleek: Wi-Fi Voice-Activated Assistant", available at <a href="https://www.kickstarter.com/projects/ivee/ivee-sleek-wi-fi-voice-activated-assistant">https://www.kickstarter.com/projects/ivee/ivee-sleek-wi-fi-voice-activated-assistant</a>, retrieved on Feb. 10, 2014, 13 pages. Komatani, Kazunori, et al, "Multi-domain spoken dialogue system with extensibility and robustness against speech recognition errors", Proceedings of the 7th SIGdial Workshop on Discourse and Dialogue, Association for Computational Linguistics, Jul. 2006, pp. 9-17.

Meet Ivee, Your Wi-Fi Voice Activated Assistant, available at <a href="http://www.helloivee.com/">http://www.helloivee.com/</a>, retrieved on Feb. 10, 2014, 8 pages. Mel Scale, Wikipedia the Free Encyclopedia, Last modified on Oct. 13, 2009 and retrieved on Jul. 28, 2010, available at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mel\_scale">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mel\_scale</a>, 2 pages.

Microsoft, "Turn on and Use Magnifier", available at <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/windowsxp/using/accessibility/magnifierturnon.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/windowsxp/using/accessibility/magnifierturnon.mspx</a>, retrieved on Jun. 6, 2009.

Miller, Chance, "Google Keyboard Updated with New Personalized Suggestions Feature", available at <a href="http://9to5google.com/2014/03/19/google-keyboard-updated-with-new-personalized-suggestions-feature/">http://9to5google.com/2014/03/19/google-keyboard-updated-with-new-personalized-suggestions-feature/</a>, Mar. 19, 2014, 4 pages.

Minimum Phase, Wikipedia the free Encyclopedia, Last modified on Jan. 12, 2010 and retrieved on Jul. 28, 2010, available at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minimum\_phase">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minimum\_phase</a>, 8 pages.

Mobile Speech Solutions, Mobile Accessibility, SVOX AG Product Information Sheet, available at <a href="http://www.svox.com/site/bra840604/">http://www.svox.com/site/bra840604/</a> con782768/mob965831936.aSQ?osLang=1>, Sep. 27, 2012, 1 page. My Cool Aids, "What's New", available at <a href="http://www.mycoolaids.com/">http://www.mycoolaids.com/</a>>, 2012, 1 page.

Myers, Brad A., "Shortcutter for Palm", available at <a href="http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~pebbles/v5/shortcutter/palm/index.html">http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~pebbles/v5/shortcutter/palm/index.html</a>, retrieved on Jun. 18, 2014, 10 pages.

Naone, Erica, "TR10: Intelligent Software Assistant", Technology Review, Mar.-Apr. 2009, 2 pages.

Navigli, Roberto, "Word Sense Disambiguation: A Survey", ACM Computing Surveys, vol. 41, No. 2, Feb. 2009, 69 pages.

Nguyen, et al, "Generic Manager for Spoken Dialogue Systems", In DiaBruck: 7th Workshop on the Semantics and Pragmatics of Dialogue, Proceedings, 2003, 2 pages.

Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,481, dated Jul. 5, 2013, 13 pages.

Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,550, dated Apr. 16, 2013, 8 pages.

Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,616, dated Jun. 28, 2013, 9 pages.

Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,713, dated Jul. 5, 2013, 14 pages.

Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,742,

dated Jun. 27, 2013, 9 pages. Non Final office action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,761,

dated Jul. 2, 2013, 12 pages. Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,694,

dated May 23, 2013, 7 pages. Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,694,

dated Oct. 10, 2013, 9 pages.

Non Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,707, dated Jul. 11, 2013, 9 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 12/987,982, dated Mar. 5, 2015, 24 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 12/987,982, dated Mar. 14, 2013, 28 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated Jun. 11, 2015, 9 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated Mar. 7, 2013, 7 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/492,809, dated Nov. 27, 2013, 8 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,512, dated Jul. 26, 2013, 14 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,656, dated Mar. 27, 2013, 7 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/913,336, dated Jan. 30, 2017, 17 pages.

Non-Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/913,336, dated Jul. 2, 2018, 8 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 2,954,559, dated Jun. 14, 2018, 1 page.

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127581, dated May 21, 2018, 3 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127587, dated May 21, 2018, 3 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2017-117880, dated Feb. 12, 2019, 4 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2017-7024596, dated Dec. 19, 2018, 4 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 12/987,982, dated Dec. 15, 2015, 9 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,481, dated May 12, 2014, 7 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,512, dated Dec. 17, 2013, 9 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,550, dated Jun. 11, 2014, 10 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,550, dated Sep. 18, 2014, 10 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,616, dated Apr. 3, 2014, 8 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,616, dated Jul. 17, 2014, 8 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,656, dated Dec. 4, 2013, 10 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,656, dated Jul. 10, 2013, 10 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,742, dated Feb. 19, 2014, 7 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/725,761, dated Apr. 10, 2015, 5 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,694, dated Aug. 1, 2014, 8 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,694, dated

Feb. 21, 2014, 7 pages. Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,694, dated

Jun. 2, 2014, 8 pages. Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,707, dated

Feb. 20, 2014, 7 pages. Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/784,707, dated Mar. 20, 2014, 2 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 13/913,336, dated Dec. 14, 2018, 9 pages.

Notification to Grant received for Chinese Patent Application No. 201180013559.2, dated Jan. 18, 2016, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2018202411, dated Jan. 23, 2019, 2 pages.

Office Action received for Canadian Patent Application No. 3,000,109, dated Jan. 14, 2019, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No. 201480030811.4, dated Jan. 28, 2019, 11 pages.

Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No.

201480030811.4, dated Mar. 1, 2018, 17 pages. Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No.

201610126045.2, dated May 8, 2018, 10 pages.
Office Action received for Chinese Patent Application No.

201610126045.2, dated Nov. 12, 2018, 5 pages.
Office Action received for European Patent Application No. 11707939.2

, dated Jan. 18, 2019, 8 pages. Office Action received for Indian Patent Application No. 8903/

CHENP/2012, dated Aug. 9, 2018, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2012-549003, dated Dec. 20, 2013, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127585, dated Feb. 17, 2017, 9 pages.

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-127587, dated Mar. 19, 2018, 3 pages.

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2017-117880, dated May 11, 2018, 9 pages.

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2017-7035711, dated May 18, 2018, 14 pages.

Phoenix Solutions, Inc., "Declaration of Christopher Schmandt Regarding the MIT Galaxy System", West Interactive Corp., A Delaware Corporation, Document 40, Jul. 2, 2010, 162 pages. Reddi, "The Parser".

Rios, Mafe, "New bar search for Facebook", Youtube, available at "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vwgN1WbvCas", Jul. 19, 2013, 2 pages.

Sarawagi, Sunita, "CRF Package Page", available at <a href="http://crf.sourceforge.net/">http://crf.sourceforge.net/</a>, retrieved on Apr. 6, 2011, 2 pages.

Simonite, Tom, "One Easy Way to Make Siri Smarter", Technology Review, Oct. 18, 2011, 2 pages.

Speaker Recognition, Wikipedia, The Free Enclyclopedia, Nov. 2, 2010, 4 pages.

Spivack, Nova, "Sneak Preview of Siri—Part Two—Technical Foundations—Interview with Tom Gruber, CTO of Siri", Online Available at <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20100114234454/http://www.twine.com/item/12vhy39k4-22m/interview-with-tom-gruber-of-siri">https://web.archive.org/web/20100114234454/http://www.twine.com/item/12vhy39k4-22m/interview-with-tom-gruber-of-siri</a>, Jan. 14, 2010, 5 pages.

SRI, "SRI Speech: Products: Software Development Kits: EduSpeak", available at <a href="http://web.archive.org/web/20090828084033/http://www.speechatsri.com/products/eduspeak>shtml">http://web.archive.org/web/20090828084033/http://www.speechatsri.com/products/eduspeak>shtml</a>, retrieved on Jun. 20, 2013, 2 pages.

Stent et al., "Geo-Centric Language Models for Local Business Voice Search", AT&T Labs—Research, 2009, pp. 389-396.

Sullivan, Danny, "How Google Instant's Autocomplete Suggestions Work", available at <a href="http://searchengineland.com/how-google-instant-autocomplete-suggestions-work-62592">http://searchengineland.com/how-google-instant-autocomplete-suggestions-work-62592</a>, Apr. 6, 2011, 12 pages.

Summons to Attend Oral Proceedings received for European Patent Application No. 14737370.8, dated Jan. 21, 2019, 12 pages.

Sundaram et al., "Latent Perceptual Mapping with Data-Driven Variable-Length Acoustic Units for Template-Based Speech Recognition", ICASSP 2012, Mar. 2012, pp. 4125-4128.

Susaki, et al, "A New Decision Factor for IR System Extracted from Structure of Hypertexts", Report of Information Processing Society of Japan, JPN, vol. 99, No. 57, Jul. 16, 1999, pp. 73-80 (English Abstract submitted).

Tatsuya, et al, "Open-Source Speech Recognition Software Julius", Journal of Japanese Society for Artificial Intelligence, vol. 20, No. 1, Jan. 2005, p. 41-49 (Official Copy Only).

TextnDrive, "Text'nDrive App Demo—Listen and Reply to your Messages by Voice while Driving!", YouTube Video available at <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WaGfzoHsAMw">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WaGfzoHsAMw</a>, Apr. 27, 2010, 1 page.

Tofel, Kevin C., "SpeakToIt: A Personal Assistant for Older iPhones, iPads", Apple News, Tips and Reviews, Feb. 9, 2012, 7 pages.

Tomita, et al, "Multi-database Searching System Based on WWW: WebSENA", NTT Technology Journal, JPN, vol. 10, No. 5 (serial No. 100), 1998, pp. 55-58 (Official Copy).

Tucker, Joshua, "Too Lazy to Grab Your TV Remote? Use Siri Instead", Engadget, Nov. 30, 2011, 8 pages.

Tur et al., "The CALO Meeting Assistant System", IEEE Transactions on Audio, Speech and Language Processing, vol. 18, No. 6, Aug. 2010, pp. 1601-1611.

Ushida, et al, "Spoken Dialogue Engine based on Autonomous

Ushida, et al, "Spoken Dialogue Engine based on Autonomous Behavior Decision Model", Omron Technics, vol. 40, No. 1, 2000, pp. 16-21 (Official Copy Only).

Vlingo InCar, "Distracted Driving Solution with Vlingo InCar", YouTube Video, Available online at <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vqs8XfXxgz4">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vqs8XfXxgz4</a>, Oct. 2010, 2 pages.

Voiceassist, "Send Text, Listen to and Send E-Mail by Voice", YouTube Video, Available online at <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0tEUe1nHHA4">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0tEUe1nHHA4</a>, Jul. 30, 2009, 1 page.

VoiceontheGo, "Voice on the Go (BlackBerry)", YouTube Video, available online at <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJqpWgQS98w">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJqpWgQS98w</a>, Jul. 27, 2009, 1 page.

Wikipedia, "Acoustic Model", available at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AcousticModel">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AcousticModel</a>, retrieved on Sep. 14, 2011, 2 pages.

Wikipedia, "Language Model", available at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Language\_model">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Language\_model</a>, retrieved on Sep. 14, 2011, 4 pages.

Wikipedia, "Speech Recognition", available at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Speech\_recognition">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Speech\_recognition</a>, retrieved on Sep. 14, 2011, 12 pages. Wilson, Mark, "New iPod Shuffle Moves Buttons to Headphones, Adds Text to Speech", available at <a href="http://gizmodo.com/5167946/new-ipod-shuffle-moves-buttons-to-headphones-adds-text-to-speech">http://gizmodo.com/5167946/new-ipod-shuffle-moves-buttons-to-headphones-adds-text-to-speech</a>, Mar. 11, 2009, 12 pages.

Xu et al., "Speech-Based Interactive Games for Language Learning: Reading, Translation, and Question-Answering", Computational Linguistics and Chinese Language Processing, vol. 14, No. 2, Jun. 2009, pp. 133-160.

Zainab, "Google Input Tools Shows Onscreen Keyboard in Multiple Languages [Chrome]", available at <a href="http://www.addictivetips.com/internet-tips/google-input-tools-shows-multiple-language-onscreen-keyboards-chrome/">http://www.addictivetips.com/internet-tips/google-input-tools-shows-multiple-language-onscreen-keyboards-chrome/</a>, Jan. 3, 2012, 3 pages.

Zhang et al., "Research of Text Classification Model Based on Latent Semantic Analysis and Improved HS-SVM", Intelligent Systems and Applications (ISA), 2010 2nd International Workshop, May 22-23, 2010, 5 pages.

Final Office Action received for U.S. Appl. No. 15/394,162, dated Oct. 29, 2019, 17 pages.

Notice of Allowance received for Canadian Patent Application No. 3,000,109, dated Oct. 16, 2019, 1 page.

Decision to Refuse received for European Patent Application No. 14737370.8, dated Jun. 26, 2019, 18 pages.

Minutes of the Oral Proceedings received for European Patent Application No. 14737370.8, mailed on Jun. 26, 2019, 3 pages. Notice of Allowance received for Chinese Patent Application No.

201610126045.2, dated Jul. 16, 2019, 2 pages (1 page of English Translation and 1 page of Official Copy).

Office Action received for European Patent Application No. 16188272. 5, dated May 10, 2019, 8 pages.

Office Action received for Japanese Patent Application No. 2018-050944, dated Mar. 29, 2019, 8 pages (4 pages of English Translation and 4 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Australian Patent Application No. 2019200296, dated Jul. 19, 2019, 2 pages.

Decision on Appeal received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2015-7035370, dated Jun. 7, 2019, 13 pages (3 pages of English Translation and 10 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2019-7007971, dated May 17, 2019, 12 pages (5 pages of English Translation and 7 pages of Official Copy).

Notice of Allowance received for Korean Patent Application No. 10-2019-7007971, dated Dec. 26, 2019, 5 pages (2 pages of English Translation and 3 pages of Official Copy).

Notice of Allowance received for U.S. Appl. No. 15/394,162, dated Feb. 20, 2020, 6 pages.

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028965-5, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028966-3, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028968-0, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028969-8, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028970-1, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028971-0, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028973-6, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy). Office Action received for Brazilian Patent Application No. BR122012028974-4, dated May 27, 2020, 6 pages (1 page of English Translation and 5 pages of Official Copy).

<sup>\*</sup> cited by examiner

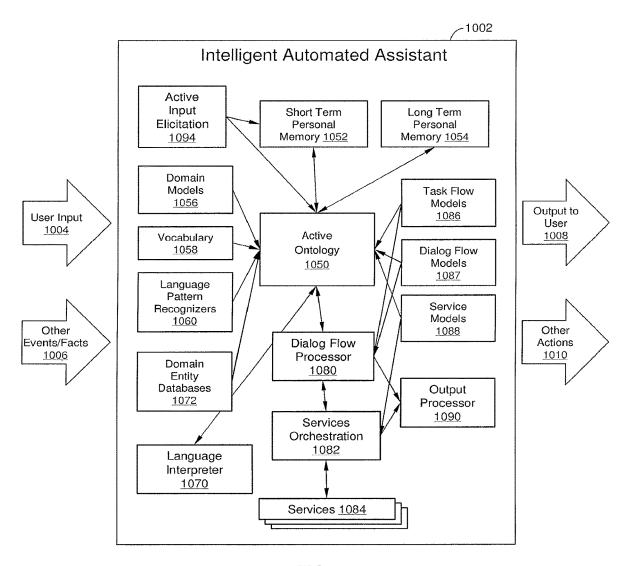


FIG. 1

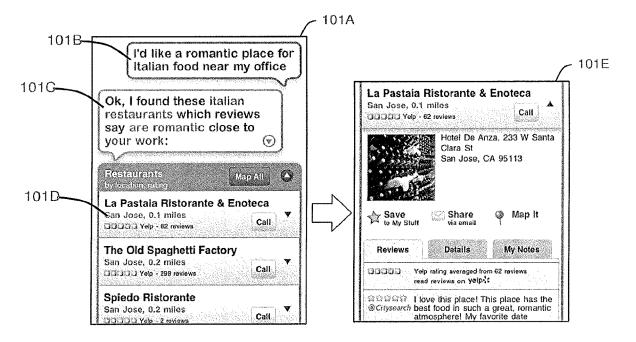


FIG. 2

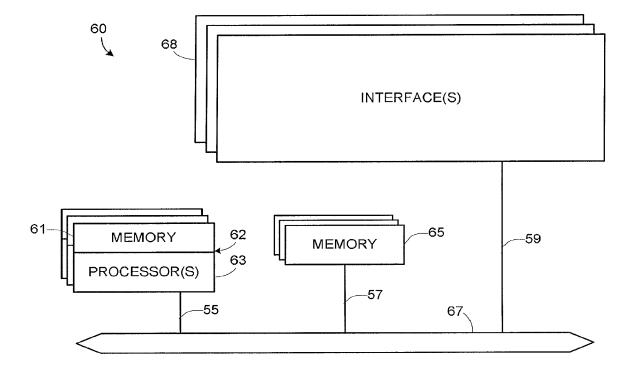


FIG. 3

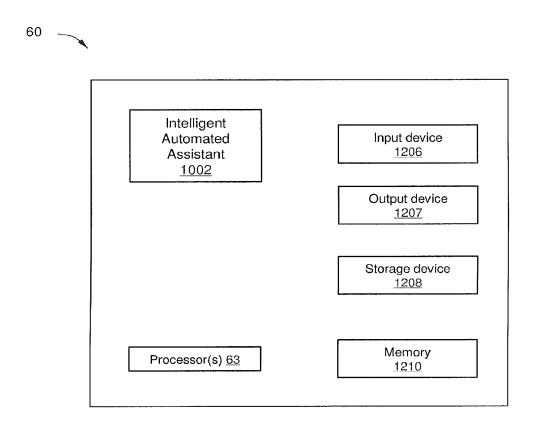


FIG. 4

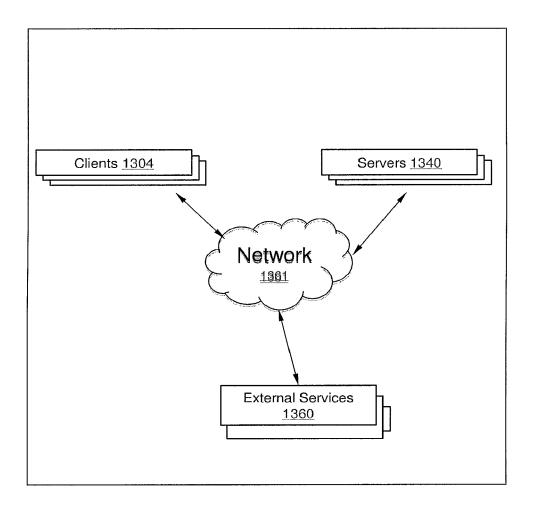
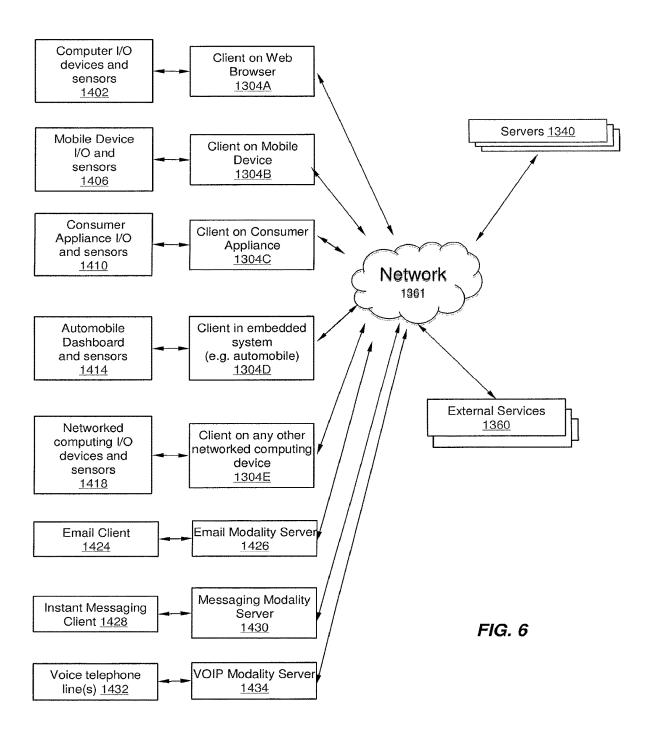


FIG. 5



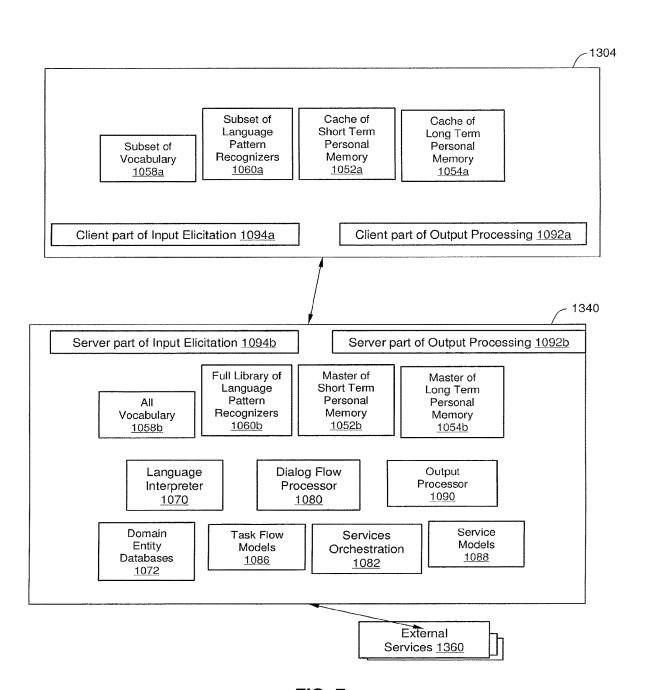


FIG. 7

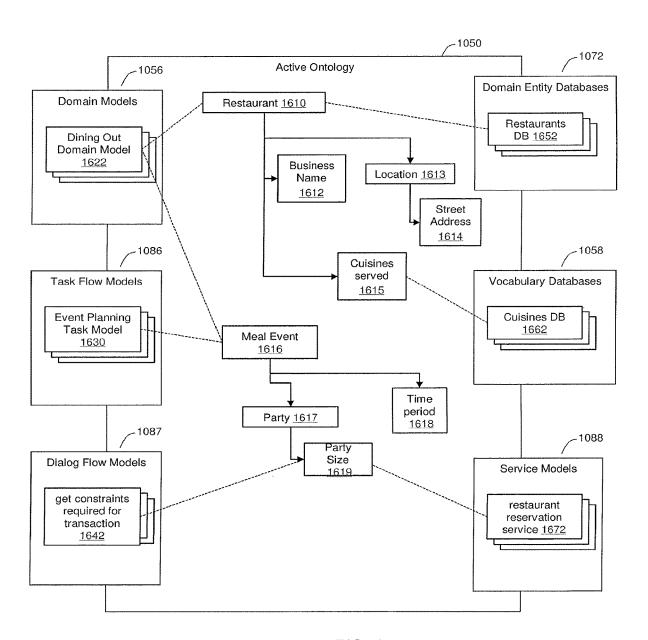


FIG. 8

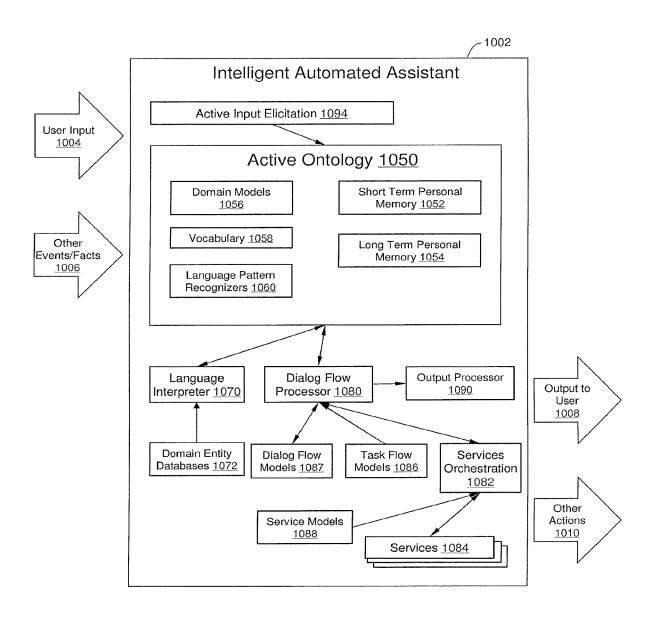


FIG. 9

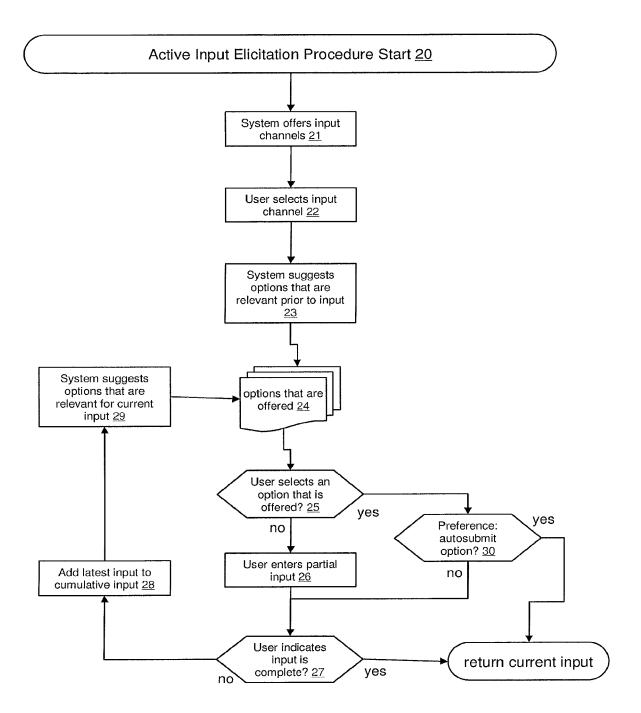


FIG. 10

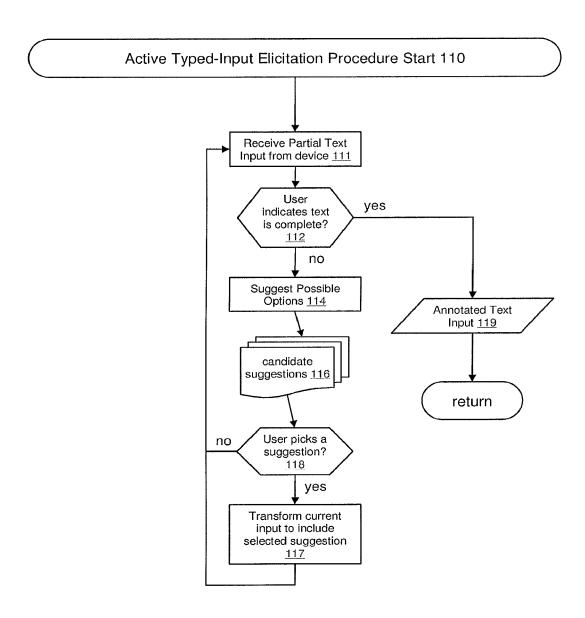


FIG. 11

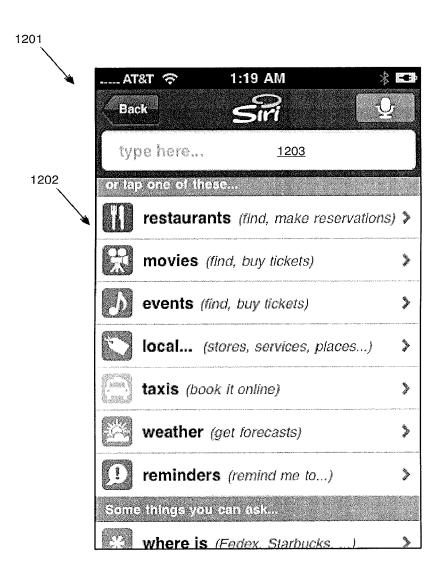
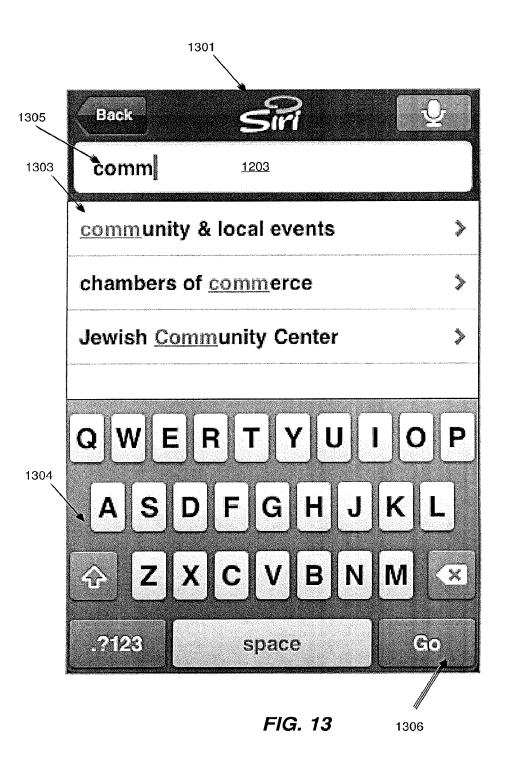
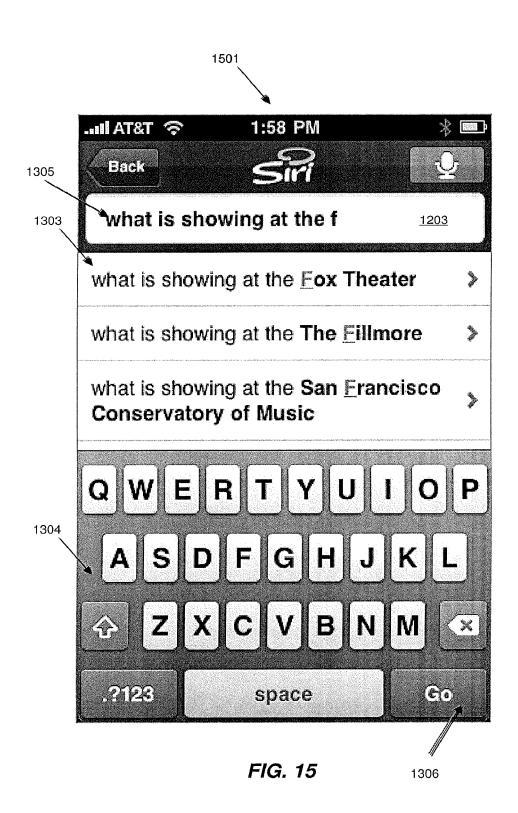


FIG. 12





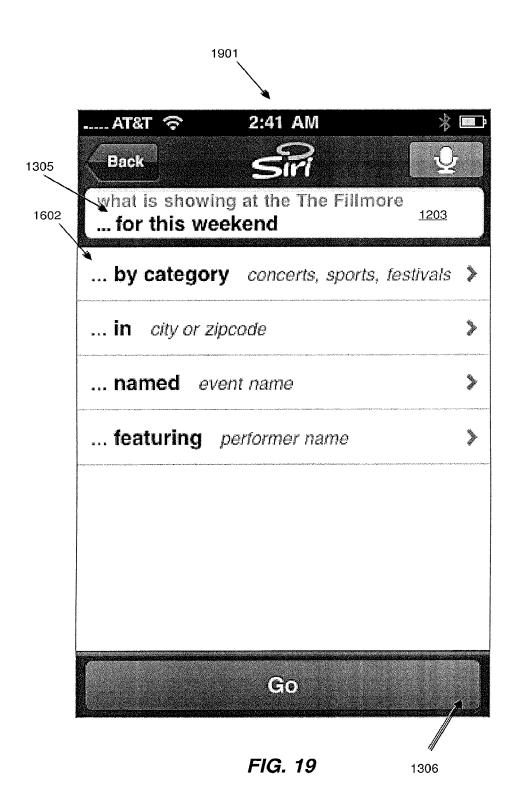
Aug. 11, 2020











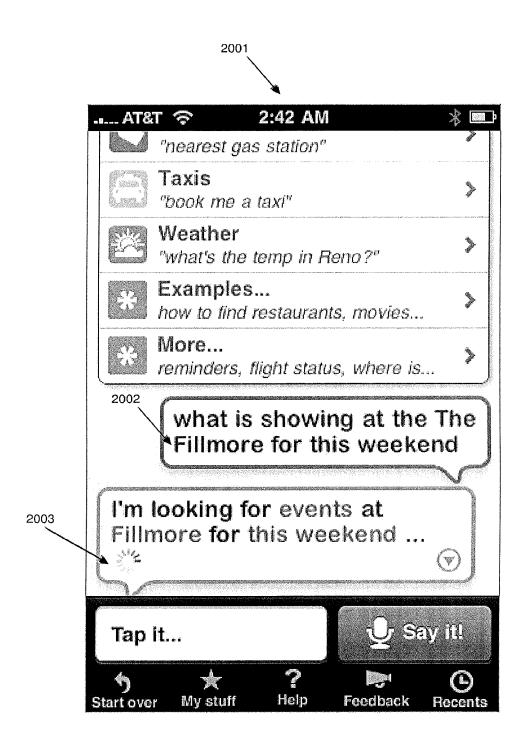


FIG. 20

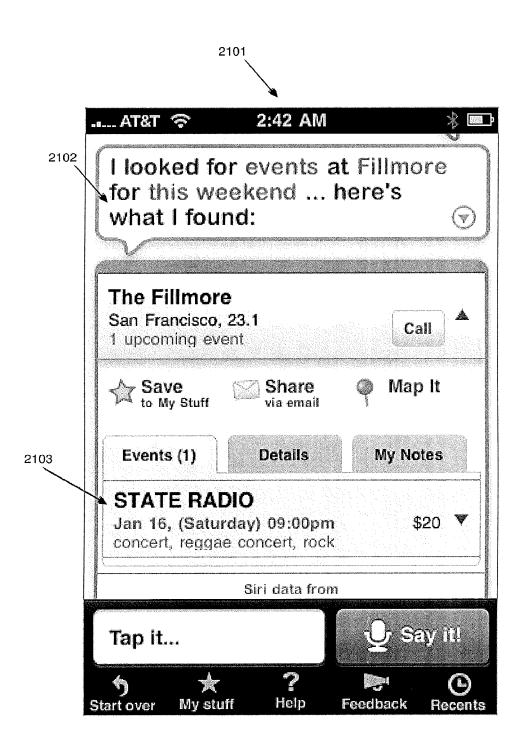
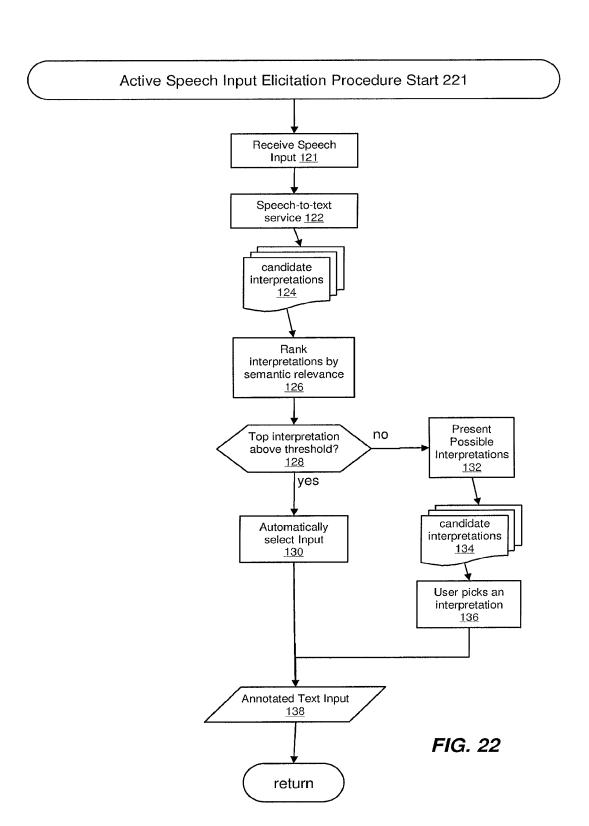


FIG. 21



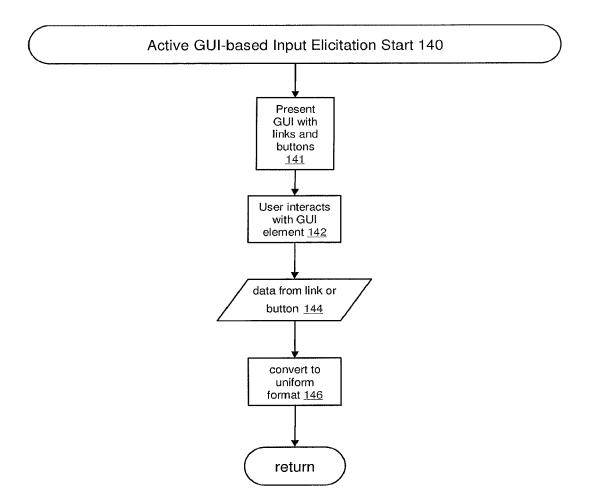


FIG. 23

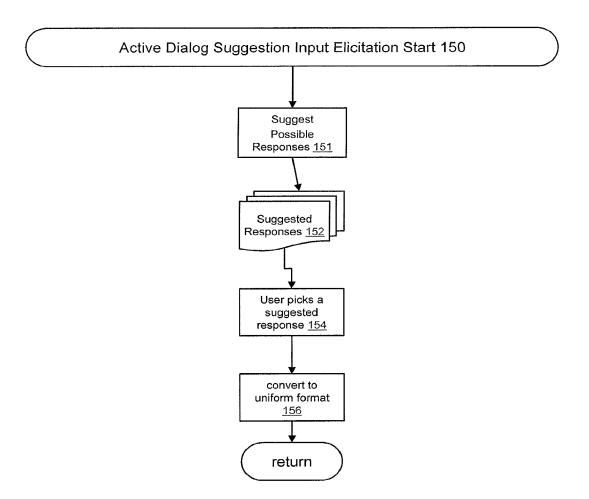


FIG. 24

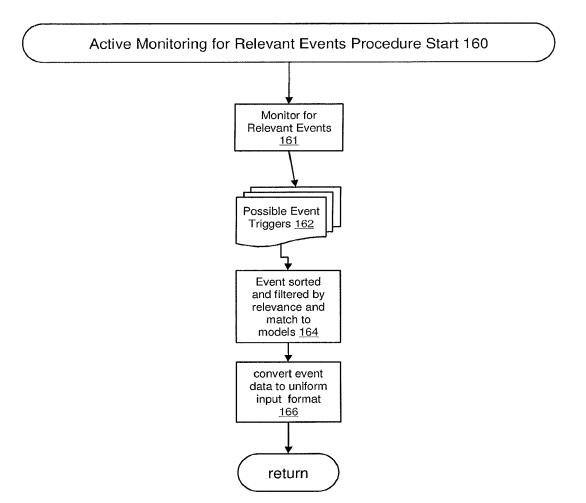


FIG. 25

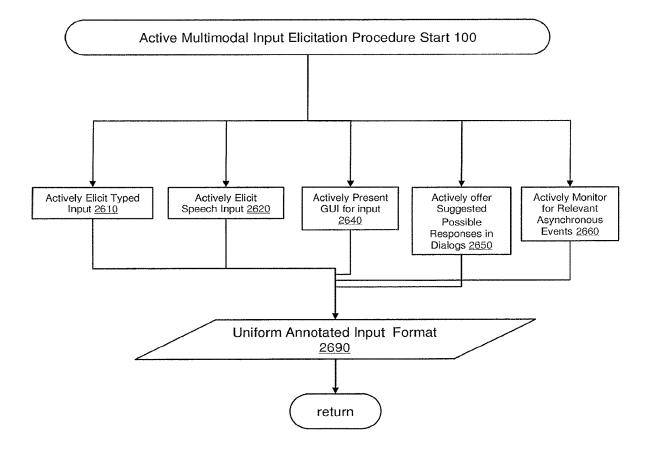


FIG. 26

103A



103B Google Maps Back celunams Plaza Shopping Ce Distance: 0.6 ml (about 1 mln) Square nont Square Shopping **Shopping Center** pping Center (1) Junipero Serra Fwy Mandarin Gourmet Cupertino 10145 N De Anza Blvd, Cupertino CA Portal Park ark Portal P Shopping. Cupertino Stevens Creek Blvd ens Creek Blvd Orchar nza Cupertino Crossroads Marke ege **Shopping Center** Shoppin W∉soi Ra@GOOS McClellan Square Ra@GOOS McOpping Center Map Directions

FIG. 27

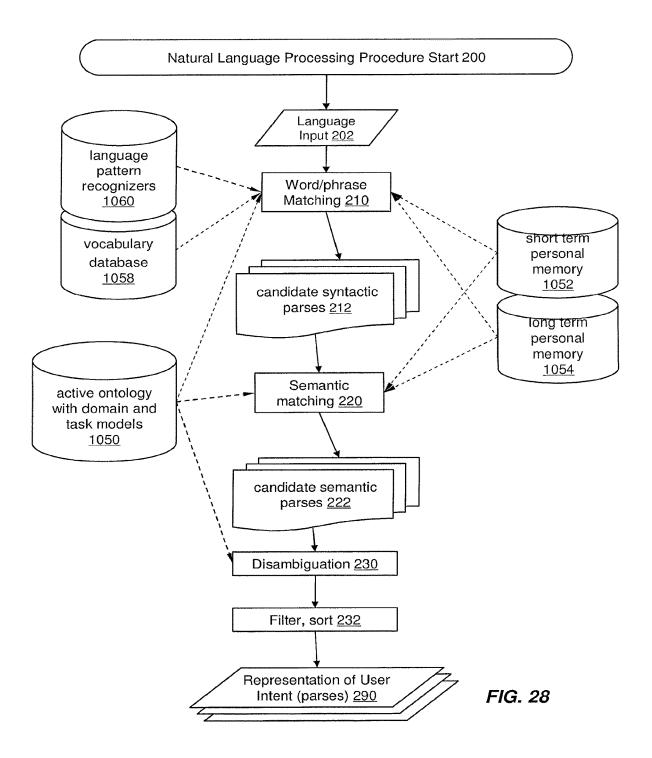




FIG. 29

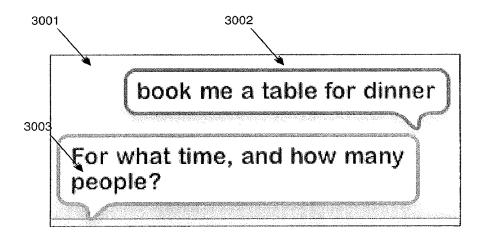


FIG. 30



FIG. 31

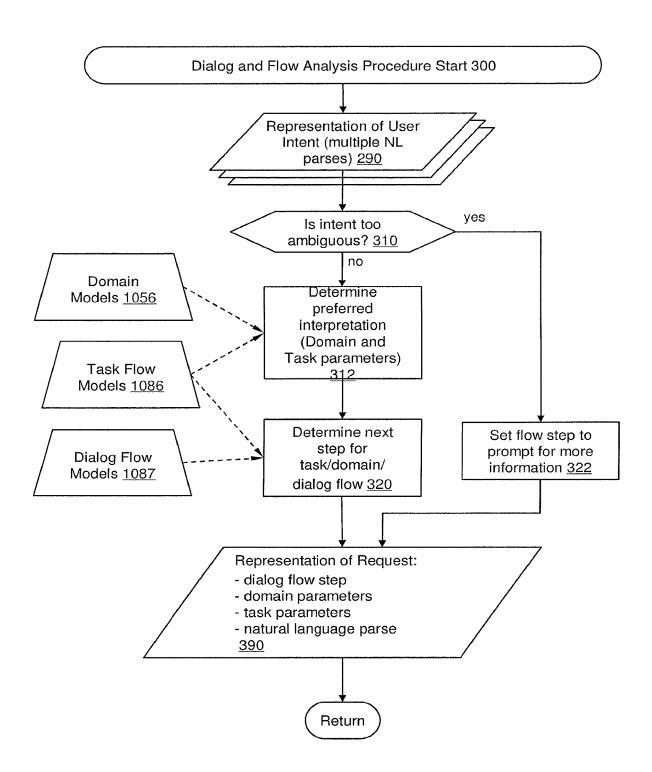
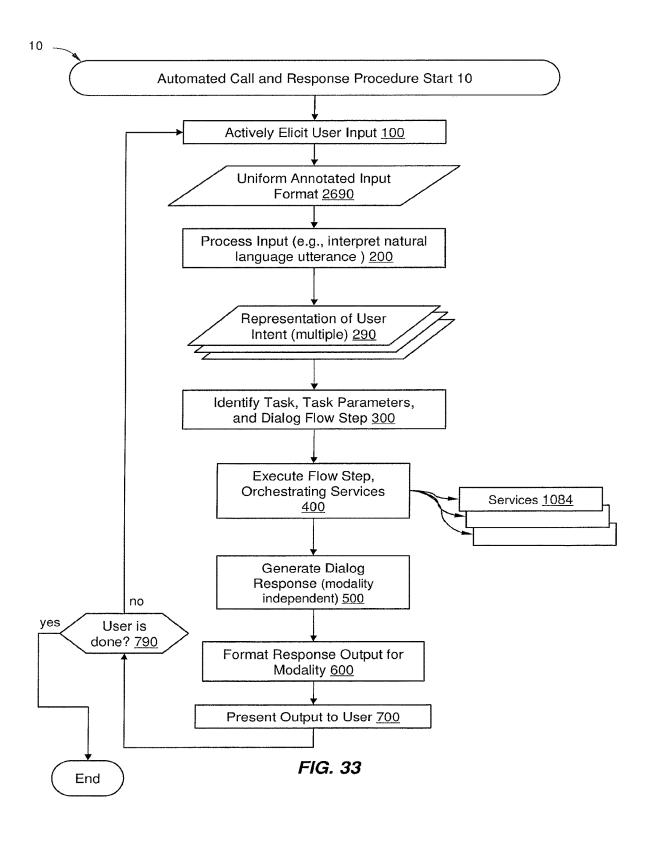


FIG. 32



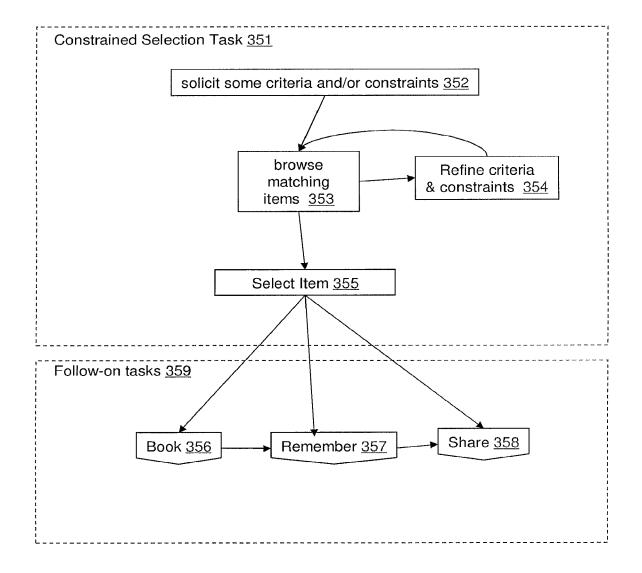
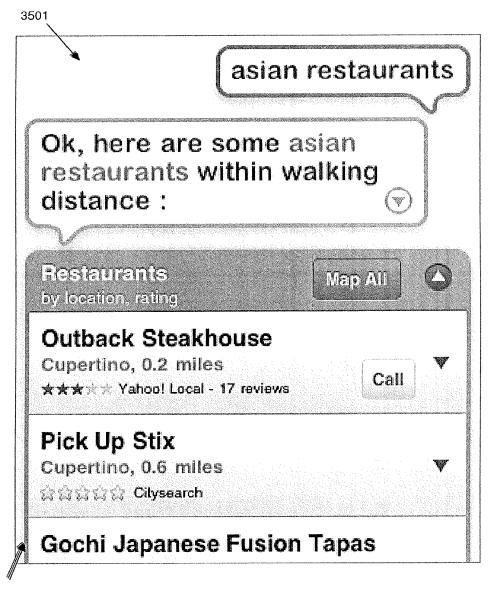


FIG. 34

Aug. 11, 2020

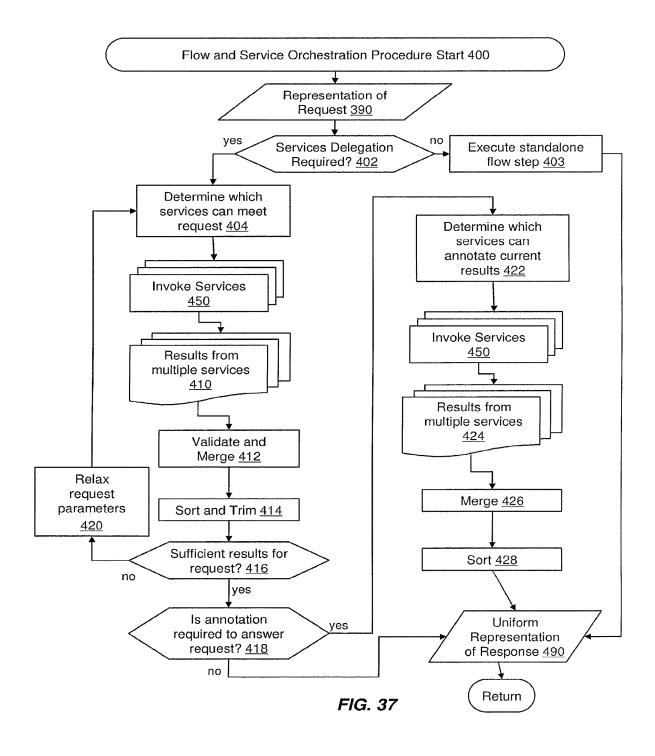


3502

FIG. 35



FIG. 36



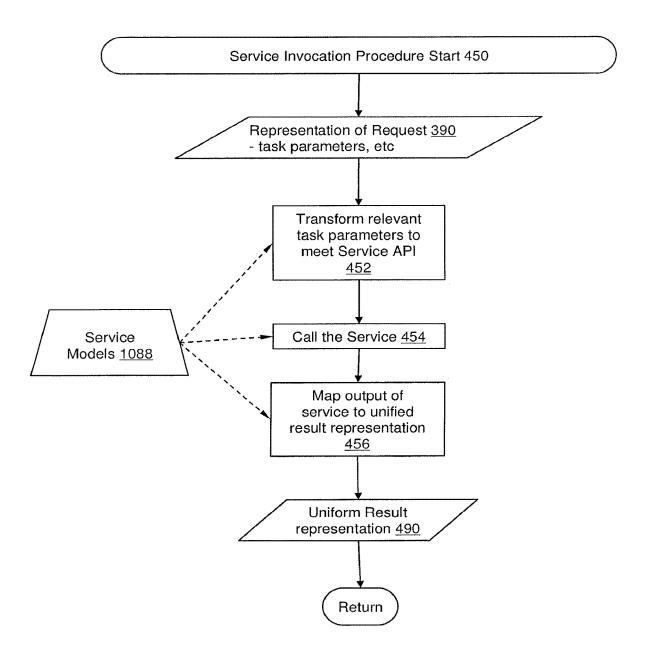


FIG. 38

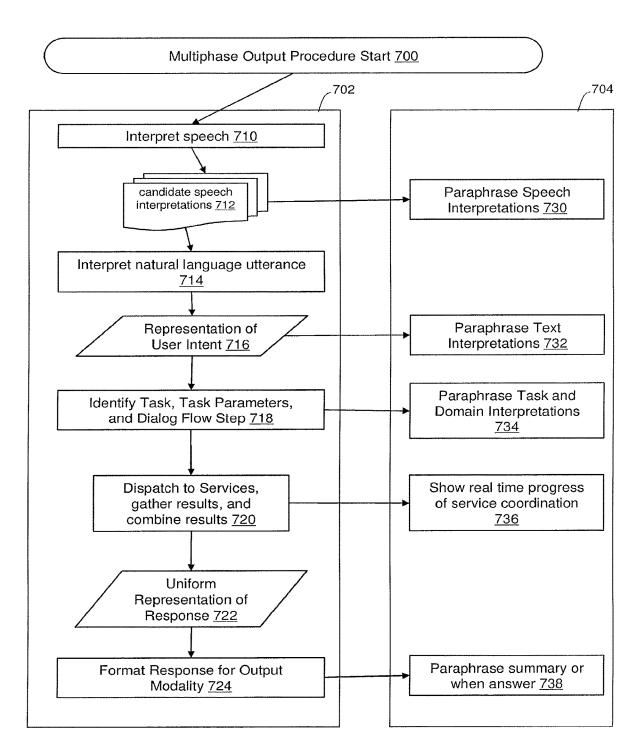


FIG. 39

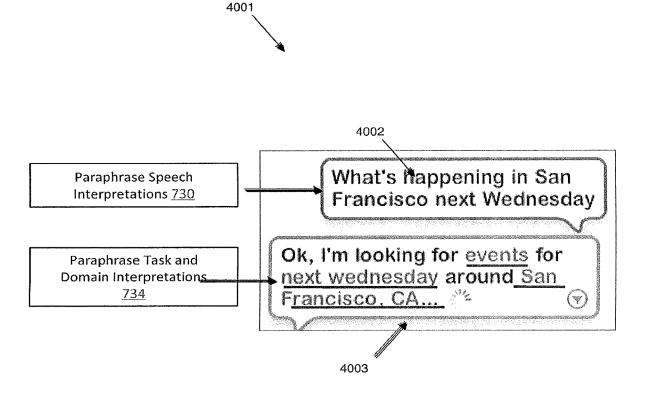


FIG. 40

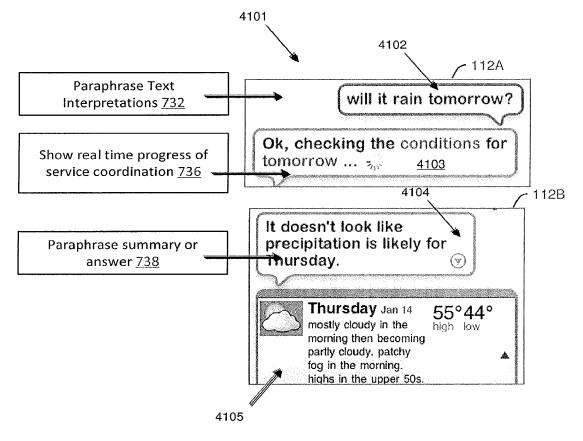


FIG. 41

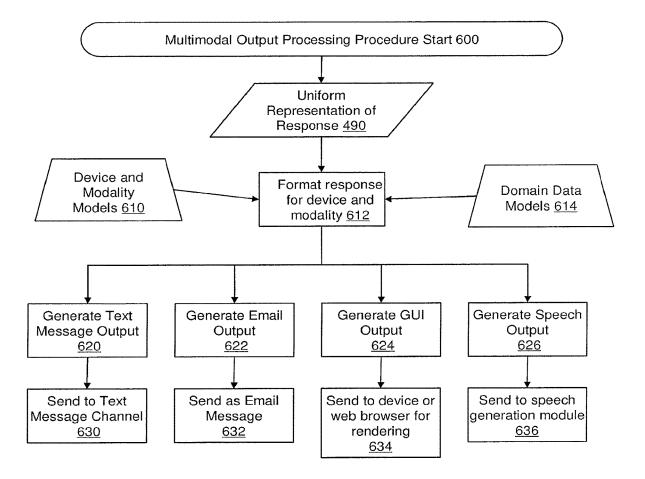


FIG. 42

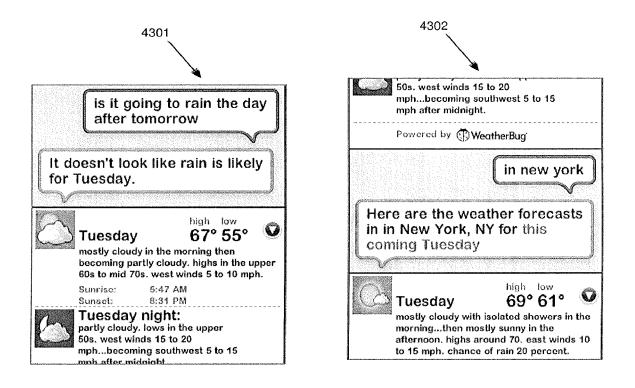


FIG. 43A

FIG. 43B

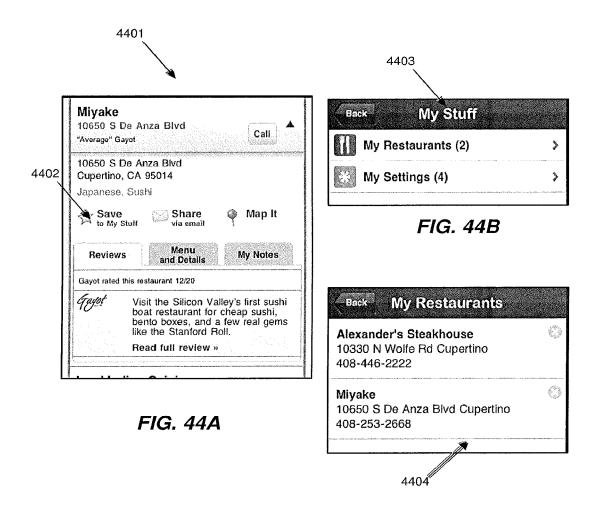


FIG. 44C

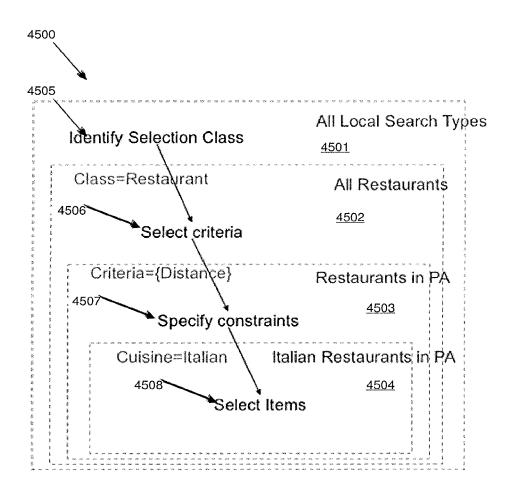


FIG. 45

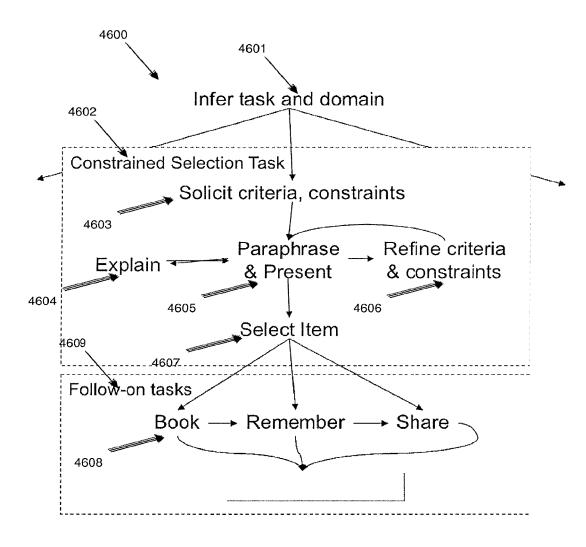
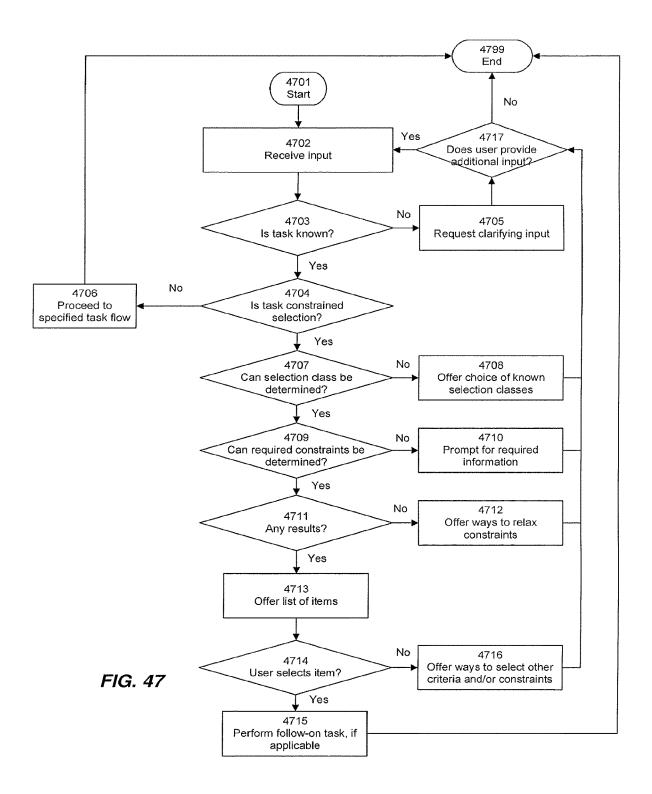


FIG. 46



# <u>4800</u>

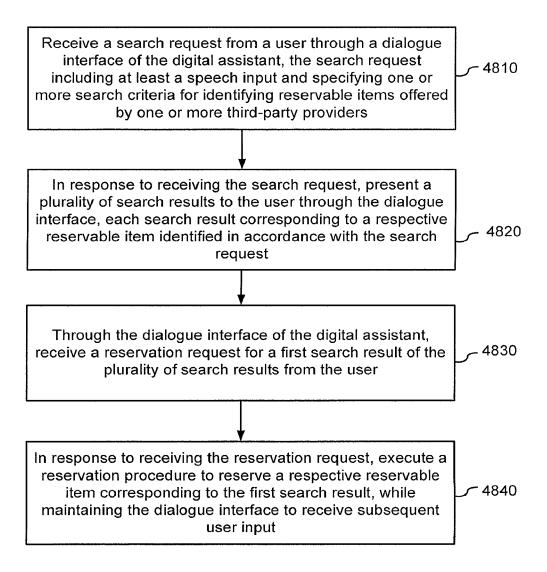


FIG. 48

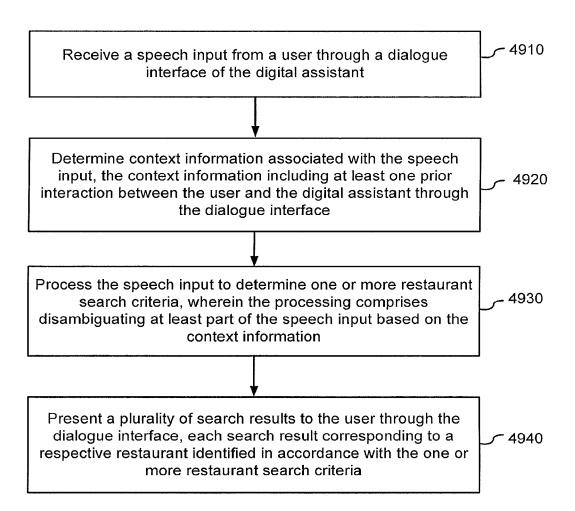


FIG. 49

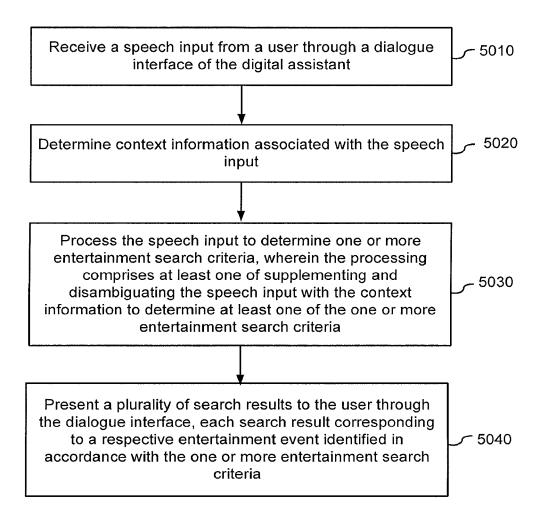


FIG. 50

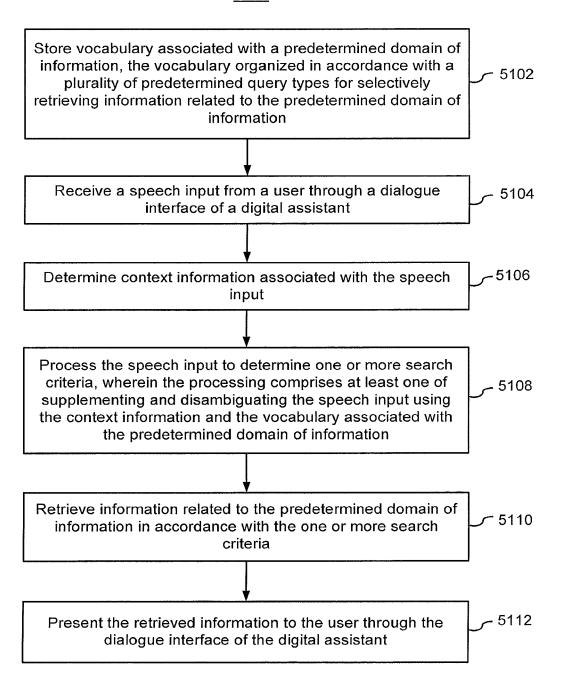


FIG. 51

Aug. 11, 2020

Select a	Based on	Based on these criteria	а						
	Location	Price	Availability	Type	Quality	Name	Services	special search	general search
Restaurant	proximity	affordability	open tables	cuisine	rating by guide, review	restaurant name	delivery	menu items	keywords
Hotel	proximity	price range	available rooms	motel, hotel, B&B	rating by guide, review	hotel name	amenities		keywords
Movie	theatre proximity		show times	genre	rating by review	movie title		actors, etc.	
Local Business	proximity			business category	rating by review	business name			keywords
Local	venue proximity		by date			event title			keywords
concert	venue proximity		by tour schedule	music genre		band name		band members	keywords
CD, book, DVD, to buy		price range	online, in store, etc.	download, physical	popularity	album or song name		artist, title, etc.	keywords

# INTELLIGENT AUTOMATED ASSISTANT

# CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/913,336, entitled "INTELLIGENT AUTO-MATED ASSISTANT," filed Jun. 7, 2013, which is a continuation-in-part application of and claims priority to U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/987,982, entitled "Intelligent Automated Assistant," filed Jan. 10, 2011, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 61/295,774, filed Jan. 18, 2010. This application further claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 61/657,736, entitled "Intelligent Automated Assistant," filed Jun. 8, 2012. All of the above-mentioned applications are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

This application is further related to (1) U.S. application Ser. No. 11/518,292, filed Sep. 8, 2006, entitled "Method and Apparatus for Building an Intelligent Automated Assis- 20 tant;" (2) U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 61/186,414 filed Jun. 12, 2009, entitled "System and Method for Semantic Auto-Completion;" (3) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/725, 512, filed Dec. 21, 2012, entitled "Active Input Elicitation by Intelligent Automated Assistant,"; (4) U.S. application <sup>25</sup> Ser. No. 13/725,550, filed Dec. 21, 2012, entitled "Determining User Intent Based on Ontologies of Domains,"; (5) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/725,616, filed Dec. 21, 2012, entitled "Service Orchestration for Intelligent Automated Assistant,"; (6) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/725,656, filed 30 Dec. 21, 2012, entitled "Prioritizing Selection Criteria by Automated Assistant,"; (7) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/725, 713, filed Dec. 21, 2012, entitled "Disambiguation Based on Active Input Elicitation by Intelligent Automated Assistant,"; (8) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/784,694, filed Mar. 4, 35 2013, entitled "Paraphrasing of User Request by Automated Digital Assistant,"; (9) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/784,707, filed Mar. 4, 2013, entitled "Maintaining Context Information Between User Interactions with a Voice Assistant,"; (10) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/725,742, filed Dec. 21, 2012, 40 entitled "Intent Deduction Based on Previous User Interactions with a Voice Assistant,"; and (11) U.S. application Ser. No. 13/725,761, filed Dec. 21, 2012, entitled "Using Event Alert Text as Input to an Automated Assistant,", all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

This application is related to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/186,414 for "System and Method for Semantic Auto-Completion," filed Jun. 12, 2009, which is incorporated herein by reference.

# FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to intelligent systems, and more specifically for classes of applications for intelligent automated assistants.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Today's electronic devices are able to access a large, growing, and diverse quantity of functions, services, and 60 information, both via the Internet and from other sources. Functionality for such devices is increasing rapidly, as many consumer devices, smartphones, tablet computers, and the like, are able to run software applications to perform various tasks and provide different types of information. Often, each 65 application, function, website, or feature has its own user interface and its own operational paradigms, many of which

2

can be burdensome to learn or overwhelming for users. In addition, many users may have difficulty even discovering what functionality and/or information is available on their electronic devices or on various websites; thus, such users may become frustrated or overwhelmed, or may simply be unable to use the resources available to them in an effective manner.

In particular, novice users, or individuals who are impaired or disabled in some manner, and/or are elderly, busy, distracted, and/or operating a vehicle may have difficulty interfacing with their electronic devices effectively, and/or engaging online services effectively. Such users are particularly likely to have difficulty with the large number of diverse and inconsistent functions, applications, and websites that may be available for their use.

Accordingly, existing systems are often difficult to use and to navigate, and often present users with inconsistent and overwhelming interfaces that often prevent the users from making effective use of the technology.

#### **SUMMARY**

According to various embodiments of the present invention, an intelligent automated assistant is implemented on an electronic device, to facilitate user interaction with a device, and to help the user more effectively engage with local and/or remote services. In various embodiments, the intelligent automated assistant engages with the user in an integrated, conversational manner using natural language dialog, and invokes external services when appropriate to obtain information or perform various actions.

According to various embodiments of the present invention, the intelligent automated assistant integrates a variety of capabilities provided by different software components (e.g., for supporting natural language recognition and dialog, multimodal input, personal information management, task flow management, orchestrating distributed services, and the like). Furthermore, to offer intelligent interfaces and useful functionality to users, the intelligent automated assistant of the present invention may, in at least some embodiments, coordinate these components and services. The conversation interface, and the ability to obtain information and perform follow-on task, are implemented, in at least some embodiments, by coordinating various components such as lan-45 guage components, dialog components, task management components, information management components and/or a plurality of external services.

According to various embodiments of the present invention, intelligent automated assistant systems may be config-50 ured, designed, and/or operable to provide various different types of operations, functionalities, and/or features, and/or to combine a plurality of features, operations, and applications of an electronic device on which it is installed. In some embodiments, the intelligent automated assistant systems of the present invention can perform any or all of: actively eliciting input from a user, interpreting user intent, disambiguating among competing interpretations, requesting and receiving clarifying information as needed, and performing (or initiating) actions based on the discerned intent. Actions can be performed, for example, by activating and/or interfacing with any applications or services that may be available on an electronic device, as well as services that are available over an electronic network such as the Internet. In various embodiments, such activation of external services can be performed via APIs or by any other suitable mechanism. In this manner, the intelligent automated assistant systems of various embodiments of the present invention

can unify, simplify, and improve the user's experience with respect to many different applications and functions of an electronic device, and with respect to services that may be available over the Internet. The user can thereby be relieved of the burden of learning what functionality may be available on the device and on web-connected services, how to interface with such services to get what he or she wants, and how to interpret the output received from such services; rather, the assistant of the present invention can act as a go-between between the user and such diverse services.

In addition, in various embodiments, the assistant of the present invention provides a conversational interface that the user may find more intuitive and less burdensome than conventional graphical user interfaces. The user can engage in a form of conversational dialog with the assistant using any of a number of available input and output mechanisms, such as for example speech, graphical user interfaces (buttons and links), text entry, and the like. The system can be implemented using any of a number of different platforms, 20 such as device APIs, the web, email, and the like, or any combination thereof. Requests for additional input can be presented to the user in the context of such a conversation. Short and long term memory can be engaged so that user input can be interpreted in proper context given previous 25 events and communications within a given session, as well as historical and profile information about the user.

In addition, in various embodiments, context information derived from user interaction with a feature, operation, or application on a device can be used to streamline the operation of other features, operations, or applications on the device or on other devices. For example, the intelligent automated assistant can use the context of a phone call (such as the person called) to streamline the initiation of a text message (for example to determine that the text message should be sent to the same person, without the user having to explicitly specify the recipient of the text message). The intelligent automated assistant of the present invention can thereby interpret instructions such as "send him a text 40 message", wherein the "him" is interpreted according to context information derived from a current phone call, and/or from any feature, operation, or application on the device. In various embodiments, the intelligent automated assistant takes into account various types of available con- 45 text data to determine which address book contact to use, which contact data to use, which telephone number to use for the contact, and the like, so that the user need not re-specify such information manually.

In various embodiments, the assistant can also take into 50 account external events and respond accordingly, for example, to initiate action, initiate communication with the user, provide alerts, and/or modify previously initiated action in view of the external events. If input is required from the user, a conversational interface can again be used. 55

In one embodiment, the system is based on sets of interrelated domains and tasks, and employs additional functionally powered by external ser-vices with which the system can interact. In various embodiments, these external services include web-enabled services, as well as functionality related to the hardware device itself. For example, in an embodiment where the intelligent automated assistant is implemented on a smartphone, personal digital assistant, tablet computer, or other device, the assistant can control many operations and functions of the device, such as to dial 65 a telephone number, send a text message, set reminders, add events to a calendar, and the like.

4

In various embodiments, the system of the present invention can be implemented to provide assistance in any of a number of different domains. Examples include:

Local Services (including location- and time-specific services such as restaurants, movies, automated teller machines (ATMs), events, and places to meet);

Personal and Social Memory Services (including action items, notes, calendar events, shared links, and the like):

E-commerce (including online purchases of items such as books, DVDs, music, and the like);

Travel Services (including flights, hotels, attractions, and the like).

One skilled in the art will recognize that the above list of domains is merely exemplary. In addition, the system of the present invention can be implemented in any combination of domains

In various embodiments, the intelligent automated assistant systems disclosed herein may be configured or designed to include functionality for automating the application of data and services available over the Internet to discover, find, choose among, purchase, reserve, or order products and services. In addition to automating the process of using these data and services, at least one intelligent automated assistant system embodiment disclosed herein may also enable the combined use of several sources of data and services at once. For ex-ample, it may combine information about products from several review sites, check prices and availability from multiple distributors, and check their locations and time constraints, and help a user find a personalized solution to their problem. Additionally, at least one intelligent automated assistant system embodiment disclosed herein may be configured or designed to include functionality for automating the use of data and services available over the Internet 35 to discover, investigate, select among, reserve, and otherwise learn about things to do (including but not limited to movies, events, performances, exhibits, shows and at-tractions); places to go (including but not limited to travel destinations, hotels and other places to stay, landmarks and other sites of interest, etc.); places to eat or drink (such as restaurants and bars), times and places to meet others, and any other source of entertainment or social interaction which may be found on the Internet. Additionally, at least one intelligent automated assistant system embodiment disclosed herein may be configured or designed to include functionality for enabling the operation of applications and services via natural language dialog that may be otherwise provided by dedicated applications with graphical user interfaces including search (including location-based search); navigation (maps and directions); database lookup (such as finding businesses or people by name or other properties); getting weather conditions and forecasts, checking the price of market items or status of financial transactions; monitoring traffic or the status of flights; accessing and updating calendars and schedules; managing reminders, alerts, tasks and projects; communicating over email or other messaging platforms; and operating devices locally or remotely (e.g., dialing telephones, controlling light and temperature, controlling home security devices, playing music or video, etc.). Further, at least one intelligent automated assistant system embodiment disclosed herein may be configured or designed to include functionality for identifying, generating, and/or providing personalized recommendations for activities, products, services, source of entertainment, time management, or any other kind of recommendation service that benefits from an interactive dialog in natural language and automated access to data and services.

In various embodiments, the intelligent automated assistant of the present invention can control many features and operations of an electronic device. For example, the intelligent automated assistant can call services that interface with functionality and applications on a device via APIs or by other means, to perform functions and operations that might otherwise be initiated using a conventional user interface on the device. Such functions and operations may include, for example, setting an alarm, making a telephone call, sending a text message or email message, adding a calendar event, and the like. Such functions and operations may be performed as add-on functions in the context of a conversational dialog between a user and the assistant. Such functions and operations can be specified by the user in the 15 context of such a dialog, or they may be automatically performed based on the context of the dialog. One skilled in the art will recognize that the assistant can thereby be used as a control mechanism for initiating and controlling various operations on the electronic device, which may be used as an 20 alternative to conventional mechanisms such as buttons or graphical user interfaces.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings illustrate several embodiments of the invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention according to the embodiments. One skilled in the art will recognize that the particular embodiments illustrated in the drawings are 30 merely exemplary, and are not intended to limit the scope of the present invention.

- FIG. 1 is a block diagram depicting an example of one embodiment of an intelligent automated assistant system.
- user and an intelligent automated assistant according to at least one embodiment.
- FIG. 3 is a block diagram depicting a computing device suitable for implementing at least a portion of an intelligent automated assistant according to at least one embodiment. 40
- FIG. 4 is a block diagram depicting an architecture for implementing at least a portion of an intelligent automated assistant on a standalone computing system, according to at least one embodiment.
- FIG. 5 is a block diagram depicting an architecture for 45 implementing at least a portion of an intelligent automated assistant on a distributed computing network, according to at least one embodiment.
- FIG. 6 is a block diagram depicting a system architecture
- FIG. 7 is a block diagram depicting a client and a server, which communicate with each other to implement the present invention according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 8 is a block diagram depicting a fragment of an 55 active ontology ac-cording to one embodiment.
- FIG. 9 is a block diagram depicting an example of an alternative embodiment of an intelligent automated assistant
- FIG. 10 is a flow diagram depicting a method of operation 60 for active input elicitation component(s) according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 11 is a flow diagram depicting a method for active typed-input elicitation according to one embodiment.
- FIGS. 12 to 21 are screen shots illustrating some portions 65 of some of the procedures for active typed-input elicitation according to one embodiment.

- FIG. 22 is a flow diagram depicting a method for active input elicitation for voice or speech input according to one
- FIG. 23 is a flow diagram depicting a method for active input elicitation for GUI-based input according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 24 is a flow diagram depicting a method for active input elicitation at the level of a dialog flow according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 25 is a flow diagram depicting a method for active monitoring for relevant events according to one embodi-
- FIG. 26 is a flow diagram depicting a method for multimodal active input elicitation according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 27 is a set of screen shots illustrating an example of various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features which may be provided by domain models component(s) and services orchestration according to one embodi-
- FIG. 28 is a flow diagram depicting an example of a method for natural language processing according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 29 is a screen shot illustrating natural language processing according to one embodiment.
- FIGS. 30 and 31 are screen shots illustrating an example of various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features which may be provided by dialog flow processor component(s) according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 32 is a flow diagram depicting a method of operation for dialog flow processor component(s) according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 33 is a flow diagram depicting an automatic call and response procedure, according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 34 is a flow diagram depicting an example of task FIG. 2 illustrates an example of an interaction between a 35 flow for a constrained selection task according to one embodiment.
  - FIGS. 35 and 36 are screen shots illustrating an example of the operation of constrained selection task according to one embodiment.
  - FIG. 37 is a flow diagram depicting an example of a procedure for executing a service orchestration procedure according to one embodiment.
  - FIG. 38 is a flow diagram depicting an example of a service invocation procedure according to one embodiment.
  - FIG. 39 is a flow diagram depicting an example of a multiphase output procedure according to one embodiment.
  - FIGS. 40 and 41 are screen shots depicting examples of output processing according to one embodiment.
- FIG. 42 is a flow diagram depicting an example of illustrating several different types of clients and modes of 50 multimodal output processing according to one embodi-
  - FIGS. 43A and 43B are screen shots depicting an example of the use of short term personal memory component(s) to maintain dialog context while changing location, according to one embodiment.
  - FIGS. 44A through 44C are screen shots depicting an example of the use of long term personal memory component(s), according to one embodiment.
  - FIG. 45 depicts an example of an abstract model for a constrained selection task.
  - FIG. 46 depicts an example of a dialog flow model to help guide the user through a search process.
  - FIG. 47 is a flow diagram depicting a method of constrained selection according to one embodiment.
  - FIG. 48 is a flow diagram depicting a method for providing assistance with search and reservation requests using a digital assistant according to some embodiments.

FIG. 49 is a flow diagram depicting a method for performing a restaurant search using a digital assistant according to some embodiments.

FIG. 50 is a flow diagram depicting a method for providing assistance with entertainment-related requests using a 5 digital assistant according to some embodiments.

FIG. 51 is a flow diagram depicting a method for providing information related to particular domains of information using a digital assistant according to some embodiments.

FIG. **52** is an example of constrained selection domains that may be handled by assistant 1002 according to various embodiments.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE **EMBODIMENTS**

Various techniques will now be described in detail with reference to a few example embodiments thereof as illustrated in the accompanying drawings. In the following 20 description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of one or more aspects and/or features described or reference herein. It will be apparent, however, to one skilled in the art, that one or more practiced without some or all of these specific details. In other instances, well known process steps and/or structures have not been described in detail in order to not obscure some of the aspects and/or features described or reference herein.

One or more different inventions may be described in the present application. Further, for one or more of the invention(s) described herein, numerous embodiments may be described in this patent application, and are presented for illustrative purposes only. The described embodiments are 35 not intended to be limiting in any sense. One or more of the invention(s) may be widely applicable to numerous embodiments, as is readily apparent from the disclosure. These embodiments are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice one or more of the 40 invention(s), and it is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and that structural, logical, software, electrical and other changes may be made without departing from the scope of the one or more of the invention(s). Accordingly, those skilled in the art will recognize that the 45 one or more of the invention(s) may be practiced with various modifications and alterations. Particular features of one or more of the invention(s) may be described with reference to one or more particular embodiments or figures that form a part of the present disclosure, and in which are 50 shown, by way of illustration, specific embodiments of one or more of the invention(s). It should be understood, however, that such features are not limited to usage in the one or more particular embodiments or figures with reference to which they are described. The present disclosure is neither 55 a literal description of all embodiments of one or more of the invention(s) nor a listing of features of one or more of the invention(s) that must be present in all embodiments.

Headings of sections provided in this patent application and the title of this patent application are for convenience 60 only, and are not to be taken as limiting the disclosure in any way.

Devices that are in communication with each other need not be in continuous communication with each other, unless expressly specified otherwise. In addition, devices that are in 65 Hardware Architecture communication with each other may communicate directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries.

A description of an embodiment with several components in communication with each other does not imply that all such components are required. To the contrary, a variety of optional components are described to illustrate the wide variety of possible embodiments of one or more of the invention(s).

Further, although process steps, method steps, algorithms or the like may be described in a sequential order, such processes, methods and algorithms may be configured to work in alternate orders. In other words, any sequence or order of steps that may be described in this patent application does not, in and of itself, indicate a requirement that the steps be performed in that order. The steps of described processes may be performed in any order practical. Further, some steps may be performed simultaneously despite being described or implied as occurring non-simultaneously (e.g., because one step is described after the other step). Moreover, the illustration of a process by its depiction in a drawing does not imply that the illustrated process is exclusive of other variations and modifications thereto, does not imply that the illustrated process or any of its steps are necessary to one or more of the invention(s), and does not imply that the illustrated process is preferred.

When a single device or article is described, it will be aspects and/or features described or reference herein may be 25 readily apparent that more than one device/article (whether or not they cooperate) may be used in place of a single device/article. Similarly, where more than one device or article is described (whether or not they cooperate), it will be readily apparent that a single device/article may be used in place of the more than one device or article.

The functionality and/or the features of a device may be alternatively embodied by one or more other devices that are not explicitly described as having such functionality/features. Thus, other embodiments of one or more of the invention(s) need not include the device itself.

Techniques and mechanisms described or reference herein will sometimes be described in singular form for clarity. However, it should be noted that particular embodiments include multiple iterations of a technique or multiple instantiations of a mechanism unless noted otherwise.

Although described within the context of intelligent automated assistant technology, it may be understood that the various aspects and techniques described herein (such as those associated with active ontologies, for example) may also be deployed and/or applied in other fields of technology involving human and/or computerized interaction with soft-

Other aspects relating to intelligent automated assistant technology (e.g., which may be utilized by, provided by, and/or implemented at one or more intelligent automated assistant system embodiments described herein) are disclosed in one or more of the following references:

- U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/295,774 for "Intelligent Automated Assistant," filed Jan. 18, 2010, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference;
- U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/518,292 for "Method And Apparatus for Building an Intelligent Automated Assistant," filed Sep. 8, 2006, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference; and
- U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/186,414 for "System and Method for Semantic Auto-Completion," filed Jun. 12, 2009, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

Generally, the intelligent automated assistant techniques disclosed herein may be implemented on hardware or a -------

combination of software and hardware. For example, they may be implemented in an operating system kernel, in a separate user process, in a library package bound into network applications, on a specially constructed machine, or on a network interface card. In a specific embodiment, the techniques disclosed herein may be implemented in software such as an operating system or in an application running on an operating system.

Software/hardware hybrid implementation(s) of at least some of the intelligent automated assistant embodiment(s) disclosed herein may be implemented on a programmable machine selectively activated or reconfigured by a computer program stored in memory. Such network devices may have multiple network interfaces which may be configured or designed to utilize different types of network communica- 15 tion protocols. A general architecture for some of these machines may appear from the descriptions disclosed herein. According to specific embodiments, at least some of the features and/or functionalities of the various intelligent automated assistant embodiments disclosed herein may be 20 implemented on one or more general-purpose network host machines such as an end-user computer system, computer, network server or server system, mobile computing device (e.g., personal digital assistant, mobile phone, smartphone, laptop, tablet computer, or the like), consumer electronic 25 device, music player, or any other suitable electronic device, router, switch, or the like, or any combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, at least some of the features and/or functionalities of the various intelligent automated assistant embodiments disclosed herein may be implemented in one 30 or more virtualized computing environments (e.g., network computing clouds, or the like).

Referring now to FIG. 3, there is shown a block diagram depicting a computing device 60 suitable for implementing at least a portion of the intelligent automated assistant 35 features and/or functionalities disclosed herein. Computing device 60 may be, for example, an end-user computer system, network server or server system, mobile computing device (e.g., personal digital assistant, mobile phone, smartphone, laptop, tablet computer, or the like), consumer electronic device, music player, or any other suitable electronic device, or any combination or portion thereof. Computing device 60 may be adapted to communicate with other computing devices, such as clients and/or servers, over a communications network such as the Internet, using known 45 protocols for such communication, whether wireless or wired.

In one embodiment, computing device 60 includes central processing unit (CPU) 62, interfaces 68, and a bus 67 (such as a peripheral component inter-connect (PCI) bus). When 50 acting under the control of appropriate software or firmware, CPU 62 may be responsible for implementing specific functions associated with the functions of a specifically configured computing device or machine. For example, in at least one embodiment, a user's personal digital assistant 55 (PDA) may be configured or designed to function as an intelligent automated assistant system utilizing CPU 62, memory 61, 65, and interface(s) 68. In at least one embodiment, the CPU 62 may be caused to perform one or more of the different types of intelligent automated assistant func- 60 tions and/or operations under the control of software modules/components, which for example, may include an operating system and any appropriate applications software, drivers, and the like.

CPU **62** may include one or more processor(s) **63** such as, 65 for example, a processor from the Motorola or Intel family of microprocessors or the MIPS family of microprocessors.

10

In some embodiments, processor(s) 63 may include specially designed hardware (e.g., application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs), electrically erasable programmable read-only memories (EEPROMs), field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), and the like) for controlling the operations of computing device 60. In a specific embodiment, a memory 61 (such as non-volatile random access memory (RAM) and/or read-only memory (ROM)) also forms part of CPU 62. However, there are many different ways in which memory may be coupled to the system. Memory block 61 may be used for a variety of purposes such as, for example, caching and/or storing data, programming instructions, and the like.

As used herein, the term "processor" is not limited merely to those integrated circuits referred to in the art as a processor, but broadly refers to a microcontroller, a microcomputer, a programmable logic controller, an applicationspecific integrated circuit, and any other programmable circuit

In one embodiment, interfaces 68 are provided as interface cards (sometimes referred to as "line cards"). Generally, they control the sending and receiving of data packets over a computing network and sometimes support other peripherals used with computing device 60. Among the interfaces that may be provided are Ethernet interfaces, frame relay interfaces, cable interfaces, DSL interfaces, token ring interfaces, and the like. In addition, various types of interfaces may be provided such as, for example, universal serial bus (USB), Serial, Ethernet, Firewire, PCI, parallel, radio frequency (RF), Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup>, near-field communications (e.g., using near-field magnetics), 802.11 (WiFi), frame relay, TCP/IP, ISDN, fast Ethernet interfaces, Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) interfaces, high-speed serial interface (HSSI) interfaces, Point of Sale (POS) interfaces, fiber data distributed interfaces (FDDIs), and the like. Generally, such interfaces 68 may include ports appropriate for communication with the appropriate media. In some cases, they may also include an independent processor and, in some instances, volatile and/or nonvolatile memory (e.g., RAM).

Although the system shown in FIG. 3 illustrates one specific architecture for a computing device 60 for implementing the techniques of the invention described herein, it is by no means the only device architecture on which at least a portion of the features and techniques described herein may be implemented. For example, architectures having one or any number of processors 63 can be used, and such processors 63 can be present in a single device or distributed among any number of devices. In one embodiment, a single processor 63 handles communications as well as routing computations. In various embodiments, different types of intelligent automated assistant features and/or functionalities may be implemented in an intelligent automated assistant system which includes a client device (such as a personal digital assistant or smartphone running client software) and server system(s) (such as a server system described in more detail below).

Regardless of network device configuration, the system of the present invention may employ one or more memories or memory modules (such as, for example, memory block 65) configured to store data, program instructions for the general-purpose network operations and/or other information relating to the functionality of the intelligent automated assistant techniques described herein. The program instructions may control the operation of an operating system and/or one or more applications, for example. The memory or memories may also be configured to store data structures,

keyword taxonomy information, advertisement information, user click and impression information, and/or other specific non-program information described herein.

Because such information and program instructions may be employed to implement the systems/methods described 5 herein, at least some network device embodiments may include nontransitory machine-readable storage media, which, for example, may be configured or designed to store program instructions, state information, and the like for performing various operations described herein. Examples of such nontransitory machine-readable storage media include, but are not limited to, magnetic media such as hard disks, floppy disks, and magnetic tape; optical media such as CD-ROM disks; magneto-optical media such as floptical disks, and hardware devices that are specially configured to 15 store and perform program instructions, such as read-only memory devices (ROM), flash memory, memristor memory, random access memory (RAM), and the like. Examples of program instructions include both machine code, such as produced by a compiler, and files containing higher level 20 code that may be executed by the computer using an interpreter.

In one embodiment, the system of the present invention is implemented on a standalone computing system. Referring now to FIG. 4, there is shown a block diagram depicting an 25 architecture for implementing at least a portion of an intelligent automated assistant on a standalone computing system, according to at least one embodiment. Computing device 60 includes processor(s) 63 which run software for implementing intelligent automated assistant 1002. Input 30 device 1206 can be of any type suitable for receiving user input, including for example a keyboard, touchscreen, microphone (for example, for voice input), mouse, touchpad, trackball, five-way switch, joystick, and/or any combination thereof. Output device 1207 can be a screen, 35 speaker, printer, and/or any combination thereof. Memory 1210 can be random-access memory having a structure and architecture as are known in the art, for use by processor(s) 63 in the course of running software. Storage device 1208 can be any magnetic, optical, and/or electrical storage device 40 for storage of data in digital form; examples include flash memory, magnetic hard drive, CD-ROM, and/or the like.

In another embodiment, the system of the present invention is implemented on a distributed computing network, such as one having any number of clients and/or servers. 45 Referring now to FIG. 5, there is shown a block diagram depicting an architecture for implementing at least a portion of an intelligent automated assistant on a distributed computing network, according to at least one embodiment.

In the arrangement shown in FIG. 5, any number of clients 50 1304 are provided; each client 1304 may run software for implementing client-side portions of the present invention. In addition, any number of servers 1340 can be provided for handling requests received from clients 1304. Clients 1304 and servers 1340 can communicate with one another via 55 electronic network 1361, such as the Internet. Network 1361 may be implemented using any known net-work protocols, including for example wired and/or wireless protocols.

In addition, in one embodiment, servers 1340 can call external services 1360 when needed to obtain additional 60 information or refer to store data concerning previous interactions with particular users. Communications with external services 1360 can take place, for example, via network 1361. In various embodiments, external services 1360 include web-enabled services and/or functionality related to or 65 installed on the hardware device itself. For example, in an embodiment where assistant 1002 is implemented on a

12

smartphone or other electronic device, assistant 1002 can obtain information stored in a calendar application ("app"), contacts, and/or other sources.

In various embodiments, assistant 1002 can control many features and operations of an electronic device on which it is installed. For example, assistant 1002 can call external services 1360 that interface with functionality and applications on a device via APIs or by other means, to perform functions and operations that might otherwise be initiated using a conventional user interface on the device. Such functions and operations may include, for example, setting an alarm, making a telephone call, sending a text message or email message, adding a calendar event, and the like. Such functions and operations may be performed as add-on functions in the context of a conversational dialog between a user and assistant 1002. Such functions and operations can be specified by the user in the context of such a dialog, or they may be automatically performed based on the context of the dialog. One skilled in the art will recognize that assistant 1002 can thereby be used as a control mechanism for initiating and controlling various operations on the electronic device, which may be used as an alternative to conventional mechanisms such as buttons or graphical user interfaces.

For example, the user may provide input to assistant 1002 such as "I need to wake tomorrow at 8 am". Once assistant 1002 has determined the user's intent, using the techniques described herein, assistant 1002 can call external services 1360 to interface with an alarm clock function or application on the device. Assistant 1002 sets the alarm on behalf of the user. In this manner, the user can use assistant 1002 as a replacement for conventional mechanisms for setting the alarm or performing other functions on the device. If the user's requests are ambiguous or need further clarification, assistant 1002 can use the various techniques described herein, including active elicitation, paraphrasing, suggestions, and the like, to obtain the needed information so that the correct services 1360 are called and the intended action taken. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 may prompt the user for confirmation before calling a service 1360 to perform a function. In one embodiment, a user can selectively disable assistant's 1002 ability to call particular services 1360 or can disable all such service-calling if desired.

The system of the present invention can be implemented with many different types of clients 1304 and modes of operation. Referring now to FIG. 6, there is shown a block diagram depicting a system architecture illustrating several different types of clients 1304 and modes of operation. One skilled in the art will recognize that the various types of clients 1304 and modes of operation shown in FIG. 6 are merely exemplary, and that the system of the present invention can be implemented using clients 1304 and/or modes of operation other than those depicted. Additionally, the system can include any or all of such clients 1304 and/or modes of operation, alone or in any combination. Depicted examples include:

Computer devices with input/output devices and/or sensors 1402. A client component may be deployed on any such computer device 1402. At least one embodiment may be implemented using a web browser 1304A or other software application for enabling communication with servers 1340 via network 1361. Input and output channels may of any type, including for example visual and/or auditory channels. For example, in one embodiment, the system of the invention can be implemented using voice-based communication methods, allowing

for an embodiment of the assistant for the blind whose equivalent of a web browser is driven by speech and uses speech for output.

Mobile Devices with I/O and sensors 1406, for which the client may be implemented as an application on the mobile device 1304B. This includes, but is not limited to, mobile phones, smartphones, personal digital assistants, tablet devices, networked game consoles, and the

Consumer Appliances with I/O and sensors 1410, for which the client may be implemented as an embedded application on the appliance 1304C.

Automobiles and other vehicles with dashboard interfaces and sensors 1414, for which the client may be implemented as an embedded system application 1304D. This includes, but is not limited to, car navigation systems, voice control systems, in-car entertainment systems, and the like.

Networked computing devices such as routers 1418 or 20 any other device that resides on or interfaces with a network, for which the client may be implemented as a device-resident application 1304E.

Email clients 1424, for which an embodiment of the assistant is connected via an Email Modality Server 25 server 1340, including for example: 1426. Email Modality server 1426 acts as a communication bridge, for example taking input from the user as email messages sent to the assistant and sending output from the assistant to the user as replies.

Instant messaging clients 1428, for which an embodiment 30 of the assistant is connected via a Messaging Modality Server 1430. Messaging Modality server 1430 acts as a communication bridge, taking input from the user as messages sent to the assistant and sending output from the assistant to the user as messages in reply.

Voice telephones 1432, for which an embodiment of the assistant is connected via a Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) Modality Server 1430. VoIP Modality server 1430 acts as a communication bridge, taking input from the user as voice spoken to the assistant and sending 40 output from the assistant to the user, for example as synthesized speech, in reply.

For messaging platforms including but not limited to email, instant messaging, discussion forums, group chat sessions, live help or customer support sessions and the like, 45 assistant 1002 may act as a participant in the conversations. Assistant 1002 may monitor the conversation and reply to individuals or the group using one or more the techniques and methods described herein for one-to-one interactions.

In various embodiments, functionality for implementing 50 the techniques of the present invention can be distributed among any number of client and/or server components. For example, various software modules can be implemented for performing various functions in connection with the present invention, and such modules can be variously implemented 55 to run on server and/or client components. Referring now to FIG. 7, there is shown an example of a client 1304 and a server 1340, which communicate with each other to implement the present invention according to one embodiment. FIG. 7 depicts one possible arrangement by which software 60 modules can be distributed among client 1304 and server 1340. One skilled in the art will recognize that the depicted arrangement is merely exemplary, and that such modules can be distributed in many different ways. In addition, any number of clients 1304 and/or servers 1340 can be provided, and the modules can be distributed among these clients 1304 and/or servers 1340 in any of a number of different ways.

14

In the example of FIG. 7, input elicitation functionality and output processing functionality are distributed among client 1304 and server 1340, with client part of input elicitation 1094a and client part of output processing 1092a located at client 1304, and server part of input elicitation 1094b and server part of output processing 1092b located at server 1340. The following components are located at server

complete vocabulary 1058b;

complete library of language pattern recognizers 1060b; master version of short term personal memory 1052b; master version of long term personal memory 1054b.

In one embodiment, client 1304 maintains subsets and/or portions of these components locally, to improve responsiveness and reduce dependence on network communications. Such subsets and/or portions can be maintained and updated according to well known cache management techniques. Such subsets and/or portions include, for example:

subset of vocabulary 1058a;

subset of library of language pattern recognizers 1060a; cache of short term personal memory 1052a;

cache of long term personal memory 1054a.

Additional components may be implemented as part of

language interpreter 1070;

dialog flow processor 1080;

output processor 1090;

domain entity databases 1072;

task flow models 1086;

services orchestration 1082;

service capability models 1088.

Each of these components will be described in more detail below. Server 1340 obtains additional information by inter-35 facing with external services 1360 when needed.

Conceptual Architecture

Referring now to FIG. 1, there is shown a simplified block diagram of a specific example embodiment of an intelligent automated assistant 1002. As described in greater detail herein, different embodiments of intelligent automated assistant systems may be configured, designed, and/or operable to provide various different types of operations, functionalities, and/or features generally relating to intelligent automated assistant technology. Further, as described in greater detail herein, many of the various operations, functionalities, and/or features of the intelligent automated assistant system(s) disclosed herein may provide may enable or provide different types of advantages and/or benefits to different entities interacting with the intelligent automated assistant system(s). The embodiment shown in FIG. 1 may be implemented using any of the hardware architectures described above, or using a different type of hardware architecture.

For example, according to different embodiments, at least some intelligent automated assistant system(s) may be configured, designed, and/or operable to provide various different types of operations, functionalities, and/or features, such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

automate the application of data and services available over the Internet to discover, find, choose among, purchase, reserve, or order products and services. In addition to automating the process of using these data and services, intelligent automated assistant 1002 may also enable the combined use of several sources of data and services at once. For example, it may combine information about products from several review sites, check prices and availability from multiple distributors,

and check their locations and time constraints, and help a user find a personalized solution to their problem.

automate the use of data and services available over the Internet to discover, investigate, select among, reserve, and otherwise learn about things to do (including but not limited to movies, events, performances, exhibits, shows and attractions); places to go (including but not limited to travel destinations, hotels and other places to stay, landmarks and other sites of interest, and the like); places to eat or drink (such as restaurants and bars), times and places to meet others, and any other source of entertainment or social interaction which may be found on the Internet.

enable the operation of applications and services via 15 natural language dialog that are otherwise provided by dedicated applications with graphical user interfaces including search (including location-based search); navigation (maps and directions); database lookup (such as finding businesses or people by name or other 20 properties); getting weather conditions and forecasts, checking the price of market items or status of financial transactions; monitoring traffic or the status of flights; accessing and updating calendars and schedules; managing reminders, alerts, tasks and projects; communi- 25 cating over email or other messaging platforms; and operating devices locally or remotely (e.g., dialing telephones, controlling light and temperature, controlling home security devices, playing music or video, and the like). In one embodiment, assistant 1002 can be 30 used to initiate, operate, and control many functions and apps available on the device.

offer personal recommendations for activities, products, services, source of entertainment, time management, or any other kind of recommendation service that benefits 35 from an interactive dialog in natural language and automated access to data and services.

According to different embodiments, at least a portion of the various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features provided by intelligent automated assistant 40 1002 may be implemented at one or more client systems(s), at one or more server systems (s), and/or combinations thereof

According to different embodiments, at least a portion of the various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or 45 other features provided by assistant 1002 may implement by at least one embodiment of an automated call and response procedure, such as that illustrated and described, for example, with respect to FIG. 33.

Additionally, various embodiments of assistant **1002** 50 described herein may include or provide a number of different advantages and/or benefits over currently existing intelligent automated assistant technology such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

The integration of speech-to-text and natural language understanding technology that is constrained by a set of explicit models of domains, tasks, services, and dialogs. Unlike assistant technology that attempts to implement a general-purpose artificial intelligence system, the embodiments described herein may apply the multiple sources of constraints to reduce the number of solutions to a more tractable size. This results in fewer ambiguous interpretations of language, fewer relevant domains or tasks, and fewer ways to operationalize the 65 intent in services. The focus on specific domains, tasks, and dialogs also makes it feasible to achieve coverage

16

over domains and tasks with human-managed vocabulary and mappings from intent to services parameters.

The ability to solve user problems by invoking services on their behalf over the Internet, using APIs. Unlike search engines which only return links and content, some embodiments of automated assistants 1002 described herein may automate research and problem-solving activities. The ability to invoke multiple services for a given request also provides broader functionality to the user than is achieved by visiting a single site, for instance to produce a product or service or find something to do.

The application of personal information and personal interaction history in the interpretation and execution of user requests. Unlike conventional search engines or question answering services, the embodiments described herein use information from personal interaction history (e.g., dialog history, previous selections from results, and the like), personal physical context (e.g., user's location and time), and personal information gathered in the context of interaction (e.g., name, email addresses, physical addresses, phone numbers, account numbers, preferences, and the like). Using these sources of information enables, for example,

better interpretation of user input (e.g., using personal history and physical context when interpreting language);

more personalized results (e.g., that bias toward preferences or recent selections):

improved efficiency for the user (e.g., by automating steps involving the signing up to services or filling out forms).

The use of dialog history in interpreting the natural language of user inputs. Because the embodiments may keep personal history and apply natural language understanding on user inputs, they may also use dialog context such as current location, time, domain, task step, and task parameters to interpret the new inputs. Conventional search engines and command processors interpret at least one query independent of a dialog history. The ability to use dialog history may make a more natural interaction possible, one which resembles normal human conversation.

Active input elicitation, in which assistant 1002 actively guides and constrains the input from the user, based on the same models and information used to interpret their input. For example, assistant 1002 may apply dialog models to suggest next steps in a dialog with the user in which they are refining a request; offer completions to partially typed input based on domain and context specific possibilities; or use semantic interpretation to select from among ambiguous interpretations of speech as text or text as intent.

The explicit modeling and dynamic management of services, with dynamic and robust services orchestration. The architecture of embodiments described enables assistant 1002 to interface with many external services, dynamically determine which services may provide information for a specific user request, map parameters of the user request to different service APIs, call multiple services at once, integrate results from multiple services, fail over gracefully on failed services, and/or efficiently maintain the implementation of services as their APIs and capabilities evolve.

The use of active ontologies as a method and apparatus for building assistants 1002, which simplifies the software engineering and data maintenance of automated assis-

tant systems. Active ontologies are an integration of data modeling and execution environments for assistants. They provide a framework to tie together the various sources of models and data (domain concepts, task flows, vocabulary, language pattern recognizers, dialog context, user personal information, and mappings from domain and task requests to external services. Active ontologies and the other architectural innovations described herein make it practical to build deep functionality within domains, unifying multiple sources of information and services, and to do this across a set of domains.

In at least one embodiment, intelligent automated assistant 1002 may be operable to utilize and/or generate various  $_{15}$ different types of data and/or other types of information when performing specific tasks and/or operations. This may include, for example, input data/information and/or output data/information. For example, in at least one embodiment, intelligent automated assistant 1002 may be operable to 20 access, process, and/or otherwise utilize information from one or more different types of sources, such as, for example, one or more local and/or remote memories, devices and/or systems. Additionally, in at least one embodiment, intelligent automated assistant 1002 may be operable to generate 25 one or more different types of output data/information, which, for example, may be stored in memory of one or more local and/or remote devices and/or systems.

Examples of different types of input data/information which may be accessed and/or utilized by intelligent auto- 30 mated assistant 1002 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Voice input: from mobile devices such as mobile telephones and tablets, computers with microphones, Bluetooth headsets, automobile voice control systems, 35 over the telephone system, recordings on answering services, audio voicemail on integrated messaging services, consumer applications with voice input such as clock radios, telephone station, home entertainment control systems, and game consoles.

Text input from keyboards on computers or mobile devices, keypads on remote controls or other consumer electronics devices, email messages sent to the assistant, instant messages or similar short messages sent to the assistant, text received from players in multiuser 45 game environments, and text streamed in message feeds.

Location information coming from sensors or locationbased systems. Examples include Global Positioning System (GPS) and Assisted GPS (A-GPS) on mobile 50 phones. In one embodiment, location information is combined with explicit user input. In one embodiment, the system of the present invention is able to detect when a user is at home, based on known address information and current location determination. In this 55 manner, certain inferences may be made about the type of information the user might be interested in when at home as opposed to outside the home, as well as the type of services and actions that should be invoked on behalf of the user depending on whether or not he or 60 she is at home.

Time information from clocks on client devices. This may include, for example, time from telephones or other client devices indicating the local time and time zone. In addition, time may be used in the context of user 65 requests, such as for instance, to interpret phrases such as "in an hour" and "tonight".

18

Compass, accelerometer, gyroscope, and/or travel velocity data, as well as other sensor data from mobile or handheld devices or embedded systems such as automobile control systems. This may also include device positioning data from remote controls to appliances and game consoles.

Clicking and menu selection and other events from a graphical user interface (GUI) on any device having a GUI. Further examples include touches to a touch screen.

Events from sensors and other data-driven triggers, such as alarm clocks, calendar alerts, price change triggers, location triggers, push notification onto a device from servers, and the like.

The input to the embodiments described herein also includes the context of the user interaction history, including dialog and request history.

Examples of different types of output data/information which may be generated by intelligent automated assistant 1002 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Text output sent directly to an output device and/or to the user interface of a device

Text and graphics sent to a user over email

Text and graphics send to a user over a messaging service Speech output, may include one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Synthesized speech

Sampled speech

Recorded messages

Graphical layout of information with photos, rich text, videos, sounds, and hyperlinks. For instance, the content rendered in a web browser.

Actuator output to control physical actions on a device, such as causing it to turn on or off, make a sound, change color, vibrate, control a light, or the like.

Invoking other applications on a device, such as calling a mapping application, voice dialing a telephone, sending an email or instant message, playing media, making entries in calendars, task managers, and note applications, and other applications.

Actuator output to control physical actions to devices attached or controlled by a device, such as operating a remote camera, controlling a wheelchair, playing music on remote speakers, playing videos on remote displays, and the like.

It may be appreciated that the intelligent automated assistant 1002 of FIG. 1 is but one example from a wide range of intelligent automated assistant system embodiments which may be implemented. Other embodiments of the intelligent automated assistant system (not shown) may include additional, fewer and/or different components/features than those illustrated, for example, in the example intelligent automated assistant system embodiment of FIG.

User Interaction

40

Referring now to FIG. 2, there is shown an example of an interaction between a user and at least one embodiment of an intelligent automated assistant 1002. The example of FIG. 2 assumes that a user is speaking to intelligent automated assistant 1002 using input device 1206 (FIG. 4), which may be a speech input mechanism, and the output is graphical layout to output device 1207 (FIG. 4), which may be a scrollable screen. Conversation screen 101A features a conversational user interface showing what the user said 101B ("I'd like a romantic place for Italian food near my office") and assistant's 1002 response, which is a summary of its

findings 101C ("OK, I found these Italian restaurants which reviews say are romantic close to your work:") and a set of results 101D (the first three of a list of restaurants are shown). In this example, the user clicks on the first result in the list, and the result automatically opens up to reveal more 5 information about the restaurant, shown in information screen 101E. Information screen 101E and conversation screen 101A may appear on the same output device, such as a touch-screen or other display device; the examples depicted in FIG. 2 are two different output states for the 10 same output device.

In one embodiment, information screen 101E shows information gathered and combined from a variety of services, including for example, any or all of the following:

Addresses and geolocations of businesses;

Distance from user's current location;

Reviews from a plurality of sources;

In one embodiment, information screen 101E also includes some examples of services that assistant 1002 might offer on behalf of the user, including:

Dial a telephone to call the business ("call");

Remember this restaurant for future reference ("save"); Send an email to someone with the directions and information about this restaurant ("share");

Show the location of and directions to this restaurant on 25 a map ("map it");

Save personal notes about this restaurant ("my notes"). As shown in the example of FIG. 2, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 includes intelligence beyond simple database applications, such as, for example,

Processing a statement of intent in a natural language 101B, not just keywords;

Inferring semantic intent from that language input, such as interpreting "place for Italian food" as "Italian restaurants";

Operationalizing semantic intent into a strategy for using online services and executing that strategy on behalf of the user (e.g., operationalizing the desire for a romantic place into the strategy of checking on-line review sites for reviews that describe a place as "romantic").

Intelligent Automated Assistant Components

According to various embodiments, intelligent automated assistant 1002 may include a plurality of different types of components, devices, modules, processes, systems, and the like, which, for example, may be implemented and/or 45 instantiated via the use of hardware and/or combinations of hardware and software. For example, as illustrated in the example embodiment of FIG. 1, assistant 1002 may include one or more of the following types of systems, components, devices, processes, and the like (or combinations thereof): 50

One or more active ontologies 1050;

Active input elicitation component(s) 1094 (may include client part 1094a and server part 1094b);

Short term personal memory component(s) **1052** (may include master version **1052***b* and cache **1052***a*);

Long-term personal memory component(s) **1054** (may include master version **1052***b* and cache **1052***a*);

Domain models component(s) 1056;

Vocabulary component(s) **1058** (may include complete vocabulary **1058***b* and subset **1058***a*);

Language pattern recognizer(s) component(s) **1060** (may include full library **1060***b* and subset **1560***a*);

Language interpreter component(s) 1070;

Domain entity database(s) 1072;

Dialog flow processor component(s) 1080;

Services orchestration component(s) 1082;

Services component(s) 1084;

20

Task flow models component(s) 1086;

Dialog flow models component(s) 1087;

Service models component(s) 1088;

Output processor component(s) 1090.

As described in connection with FIG. 7, in certain client/ server-based embodiments, some or all of these components may be distributed between client 1304 and server 1340.

For purposes of illustration, at least a portion of the different types of components of a specific example embodiment of intelligent automated assistant 1002 will now be described in greater detail with reference to the example intelligent automated assistant 1002 embodiment of FIG. 1. Active Ontologies 1050

Active ontologies 1050 serve as a unifying infrastructure that integrates models, components, and/or data from other parts of embodiments of intelligent automated assistants 1002. In the field of computer and information science, ontologies provide structures for data and knowledge representation such as classes/types, relations, attributes/properties and their instantiation in instances. Ontologies are used, for example, to build models of data and knowledge. In some embodiments of the intelligent automated system 1002, ontologies are part of the modeling framework in which to build models such as domain models.

Within the context of the present invention, an "active ontology" 1050 may also serve as an execution environment, in which distinct processing elements are arranged in an ontology-like manner (e.g., having distinct attributes and relations with other processing elements). These processing elements carry out at least some of the tasks of intelligent automated assistant 1002. Any number of active ontologies 1050 can be provided.

In at least one embodiment, active ontologies 1050 may 55 be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Act as a modeling and development environment, integrating models and data from various model and data components, including but not limited to

Domain models 1056

Vocabulary 1058

40

60

65

Domain entity databases 1072

Task flow models 1086

Dialog flow models 1087

Service capability models 1088

Act as a data-modeling environment on which ontologybased editing tools may operate to develop new models, data structures, database schemata, and representations

Act as a live execution environment, instantiating values for elements of domain 1056, task 1086, and/or dialog models 1087, language pattern recognizers, and/or vocabulary 1058, and user-specific information such as that found in short term personal memory 1052, long term personal memory 1054, and/or the results of service orchestration 1082. For example, some nodes of an active ontology may correspond to domain concepts such as restaurant and its property restaurant name. During live execution, these active ontology nodes may be instantiated with the identity of a particular restaurant entity and its name, and how its name corresponds to words in a natural language input utterance. Thus, in this embodiment, the active ontology is serving as both a modeling environment specifying the concept that restaurants are entities with identities that have names,

21

and for storing dynamic bindings of those modeling nodes with data from entity databases and parses of natural language.

Enable the communication and coordination among components and processing elements of an intelligent automated assistant, such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Active input elicitation component(s) 1094 Language interpreter component(s) 1070 Dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 Services orchestration component(s) 1082 Services component(s) 1084

In one embodiment, at least a portion of the functions, operations, actions, and/or other features of active ontologies **1050** described herein may be implemented, at least in 15 part, using various methods and apparatuses described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/518,292 for "Method and Apparatus for Building an Intelligent Automated Assistant," filed Sep. 8, 2006.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of active 20 ontology 1050 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of different types of data 25 which may be accessed by active ontologies 1050 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Static data that is available from one or more components of intelligent automated assistant 1002;

Data that is dynamically instantiated per user session, for example, but not limited to, maintaining the state of the user-specific inputs and outputs exchanged among components of intelligent automated assistant 1002, the contents of short term personal memory, the inferences 35 made from previous states of the user session, and the like.

In this manner, active ontologies 1050 are used to unify elements of various components in intelligent automated assistant 1002. An active ontology 1050 allows an author, 40 designer, or system builder to integrate components so that the elements of one component are identified with elements of other components. The author, designer, or system builder can thus combine and integrate the components more easily.

Referring now to FIG. **8**, there is shown an example of a 45 fragment of an active ontology **1050** according to one embodiment. This example is intended to help illustrate some of the various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features that may be provided by active ontologies **1050**.

Active ontology 1050 in FIG. 8 includes representations of a restaurant and meal event. In this example, a restaurant is a concept 1610 with properties such as its name 1612, cuisines served 1615, and its location 1613, which in turn might be modeled as a structured node with properties for 55 street address 1614. The concept of a meal event might be modeled as a node 1616 including a dining party 1617 (which has a size 1619) and time period 1618.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to domain models 1056. For example, FIG. 8 depicts a 60 dining out domain model 1622 linked to restaurant concept 1610 and meal event concept 1616. In this instance, active ontology 1050 includes dining out domain model 1622; specifically, at least two nodes of active ontology 1050, namely restaurant 1610 and meal 65 event 1616, are also included in and/or referenced by dining out domain model 1622. This domain model

22

represents, among other things, the idea that dining out involves meal event that occur at restaurants. The active ontology nodes restaurant 1610 and meal event 1616 are also included and/or referenced by other components of the intelligent automated assistant, a shown by dotted lines in FIG. 8.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to task flow models 1086. For example, FIG. 8 depicts an event planning task flow model 1630, which models the planning of events independent of domains, applied to a domain-specific kind of event: meal event 1616. Here, active ontology 1050 includes general event planning task flow model 1630, which comprises nodes representing events and other concepts involved in planning them. Active ontology 1050 also includes the node meal event 1616, which is a particular kind of event. In this example, meal event 1616 is included or made reference to by both domain model 1622 and task flow model 1630, and both of these models are included in and/or referenced by active ontology 1050. Again, meal event 1616 is an example of how active ontologies can unify elements of various components included and/or referenced by other components of the intelligent automated assistant, a shown by dotted lines in FIG. 8.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to dialog flow models 1087. For example, FIG. 8 depicts a dialog flow model 1642 for getting the values of constraints required for a transaction instantiated on the constraint party size as represented in concept 1619. Again, active ontology 1050 provides a framework for relating and unifying various components such as dialog flow models 1087. In this case, dialog flow model 1642 has a general concept of a constraint that is instantiated in this particular example to the active ontology node party size 1619. This particular dialog flow model 1642 operates at the abstraction of constraints, independent of domain. Active ontology 1050 represents party size property 1619 of party node 1617, which is related to meal event node 1616. In such an embodiment, intelligent automated assistant 1002 uses active ontology 1050 to unify the concept of constraint in dialog flow model 1642 with the property of party size 1619 as part of a cluster of nodes representing meal event concept 1616, which is part of the domain model 1622 for dining out.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to service models 1088. For example, FIG. 8 depicts a model of a restaurant reservation service 1672 associated with the dialog flow step for getting values required for that service to perform a transaction. In this instance, service model 1672 for a restaurant reservation service specifies that a reservation requires a value for party size 1619 (the number of people sitting at a table to reserve). The concept party size 1619, which is part of active ontology 1050, also is linked or related to a general dialog flow model 1642 for asking the user about the constraints for a transaction; in this instance, the party size is a required constraint for dialog flow model 1642.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to domain entity databases 1072. For example, FIG. 8 depicts a domain entity database of restaurants 1652 associated with restaurant node 1610 in active ontology 1050. Active ontology 1050 represents the general concept of restaurant 1610, as may be used by the various components of intelligent automated assistant

1002, and it is instantiated by data about specific restaurants in restaurant database 1652.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to vocabulary databases 1058. For example, FIG. 8 depicts a vocabulary database of cuisines 1662, such as Italian, French, and the like, and the words associated with each cuisine such as "French", "continental", "provincial", and the like. Active ontology 1050 includes restaurant node 1610, which is related to cuisines served node 1615, which is associated with the representation of cuisines in cuisines database 1662. A specific entry in database 1662 for a cuisine, such as "French", is thus related through active ontology 1050 as an instance of the concept of cuisines served 1615.

Active ontologies may include and/or make reference to 15 any database that can be mapped to concepts or other representations in ontology 1050. Domain entity databases 1072 and vocabulary databases 1058 are merely two examples of how active ontology 1050 may integrate databases with each other and with other compo- 20 nents of automated assistant 1002. Active ontologies allow the author, designer, or system builder to specify a nontrivial mapping between representations in the database and representations in ontology 1050. For example, the database schema for restaurants database 25 1652 may represent a restaurant as a table of strings and numbers, or as a projection from a larger database of business, or any other representation suitable for database 1652. In this example active ontology 1050, restaurant 1610 is a concept node with properties and 30 relations, organized differently from the database tables. In this example, nodes of ontology 1050 are associated with elements of database schemata. The integration of database and ontology 1050 provides a unified representation for interpreting and acting on 35 specific data entries in databases in term's of the larger sets of models and data in active ontology 1050. For instance, the word "French" may be an entry in cuisines database 1662. Because, in this example, database 1662 is integrated in active ontology 1050, that same word 40 "French" also has an interpretation as a possible cuisine served at a restaurant, which is involved in planning meal events, and this cuisine serves as a constraint to use when using restaurants reservation services, and so forth. Active ontologies can thus integrate databases 45 into the modeling and execution environment to interoperate with other components of automated assistant 1002.

As described above, active ontology 1050 allows the author, designer, or system builder to integrate components; 50 thus, in the example of FIG. 8, the elements of a component such as constraint in dialog flow model 1642 can be identified with elements of other components such as required parameter of restaurant reservation service 1672.

Active ontologies **1050** may be embodied as, for example, 55 configurations of models, databases, and components in which the relationships among models, databases, and components are any of:

containership and/or inclusion;

relationship with links and/or pointers;

interface over APIs, both internal to a program and between programs.

For example, referring now to FIG. 9, there is shown an example of an alternative embodiment of intelligent automated assistant system 1002, wherein domain models 1056, 65 vocabulary 1058, language pattern recognizers 1060, short term personal memory 1052, and long term personal

24

memory 1054 components are organized under a common container associated with active ontology 1050, and other components such as active input elicitation component(s) 1094, language interpreter 1070 and dialog flow processor 1080 are associated with active ontology 1050 via API relationships.

Active Input Elicitation Component(s) 1094

In at least one embodiment, active input elicitation component(s) 1094 (which, as described above, may be implemented in a stand-alone configuration or in a configuration including both server and client components) may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Elicit, facilitate and/or process input from the user or the user's environment, and/or information about their need(s) or request(s). For example, if the user is looking to find a restaurant, the input elicitation module may get information about the user's constraints or preferences for location, time, cuisine, price, and so forth.

Facilitate different kinds of input from various sources, such as for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

input from keyboards or any other input device that generates text

input from keyboards in user interfaces that offer dynamic suggested completions of partial input

input from voice or speech input systems

input from Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs) in which users click, select, or otherwise directly manipulate graphical objects to indicate choices

input from other applications that generate text and send it to the automated assistant, including email, text messaging, or other text communication platforms

By performing active input elicitation, assistant 1002 is able to disambiguate intent at an early phase of input processing. For example, in an embodiment where input is provided by speech, the waveform might be sent to a server 1340 where words are extracted, and semantic interpretation performed. The results of such semantic interpretation can then be used to drive active input elicitation, which may offer the user alternative candidate words to choose among based on their degree of semantic fit as well as phonetic match.

In at least one embodiment, active input elicitation component(s) 1094 actively, automatically, and dynamically guide the user toward inputs that may be acted upon by one or more of the services offered by embodiments of assistant 1002. Referring now to FIG. 10, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method of operation for active input elicitation component(s) 1094 according to one embodiment.

The procedure begins 20. In step 21, assistant 1002 may offer interfaces on one or more input channels. For example, a user interface may offer the user options to speak or type or tap at any stage of a conversational interaction. In step 22, the user selects an input channel by initiating input on one modality, such as pressing a button to start recording speech or to bring up an interface for typing.

In at least one embodiment, assistant 1002 offers default suggestions for the selected modality 23. That is, it offers options 24 that are relevant in the current context prior to the user entering any input on that modality. For example, in a text input modality, assistant 1002 might offer a list of

common words that would begin textual requests or commands such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof): imperative verbs (e.g., find, buy, reserve, get, call, check, schedule, and the like), nouns (e.g., restaurants, movies, events, businesses, and the like), or 5 menu-like options naming domains of discourse (e.g., weather, sports, news, and the like)

If the user selects one of the default options in 25, and a preference to autosubmit 30 is set, the procedure may return immediately. This is similar to the operation of a conventional menu selection.

However, the initial option may be taken as a partial input, or the user may have started to enter a partial input 26. At any point of input, in at least one embodiment, the user may choose to indicate that the partial input is complete 22, 15 which causes the procedure to return.

In 28, the latest input, whether selected or entered, is added to the cumulative input.

In 29, the system suggestions next possible inputs that are relevant given the current input and other sources of con- 20 ponent(s) 1094 present to the user a conversational interface, straints on what constitutes relevant and/or meaningful input.

In at least one embodiment, the sources of constraints on user input (for example, which are used in steps 23 and 29) are one or more of the various models and data sources that 25 may be included in assistant 1002, which may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Vocabulary 1058. For example, words or phrases that match the current input may be suggested. In at least 30 one embodiment, vocabulary may be associated with any or one or more nodes of active ontologies, domain models, task models, dialog models, and/or service

Domain models **1056**, which may constrain the inputs that 35 may instantiate or otherwise be consistent with the domain model. For example, in at least one embodiment, domain models 1056 may be used to suggest concepts, relations, properties, and/or instances that would be consistent with the current input.

Language pattern recognizers 1060, which may be used to recognize idioms, phrases, grammatical constructs, or other patterns in the current input and be used to suggest completions that fill out the pattern.

Domain entity databases 1072, which may be used to 45 suggest possible entities in the domain that match the input (e.g., business names, movie names, event names, and the like).

Short term memory 1052, which may be used to match any prior input or portion of prior input, and/or any 50 other property or fact about the history of interaction with a user. For example, partial input may be matched against cities that the user has encountered in a session, whether hypothetically (e.g., mentioned in queries) sensors).

In at least one embodiment, semantic paraphrases of recent inputs, request, or results may be matched against the current input. For example, if the user had previously request "live music" and obtained concert 60 listing, and then typed "music" in an active input elicitation environment, suggestions may include "live music" and/or "concerts".

Long term personal memory 1054, which may be used to suggest matching items from long term memory. Such 65 matching items may include, for example, one or more or any combination of: domain entities that are saved

(e.g., "favorite" restaurants, movies, theaters, venues, and the like), to-do items, list items, calendar entries, people names in contacts/address books, street or city names mentioned in contact/address books, and the like.

Task flow models 1086, which may be used to suggest inputs based on the next possible steps of in a task flow.

Dialog flow models 1087, which may be used to suggest inputs based on the next possible steps of in a dialog

Service capability models 1088, which may be used to suggest possible services to employ, by name, category, capability, or any other property in the model. For example, a user may type part of the name of a preferred review site, and assistant 1002 may suggest a complete command for querying that review site for review.

In at least one embodiment, active input elicitation comfor example, an interface in which the user and assistant communicate by making utterances back and forth in a conversational manner. Active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of conversational interfaces.

In at least one embodiment, active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of conversational interfaces in which assistant 1002 uses plies of the conversation to prompt for information from the user according to dialog models. Dialog models may represent a procedure for executing a dialog, such as, for example, a series of steps required to elicit the information needed to perform a service.

In at least one embodiment, active input elicitation component(s) 1094 offer constraints and guidance to the user in real time, while the user is in the midst of typing, speaking, or otherwise creating input. For example, active elicitation may guide the user to type text inputs that are recognizable by an embodiment of assistant 1002 and/or that may be serviced by one or more services offered by embodiments of assistant 1002. This is an advantage over passively waiting for unconstrained input from a user because it enables the user's efforts to be focused on inputs that may or might be useful, and/or it enables embodiments of assistant 1002 to apply its interpretations of the input in real time as the user is inputting it.

At least a portion of the functions, operations, actions, and/or other features of active input elicitation described herein may be implemented, at least in part, using various methods and apparatuses described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/518,292 for "Method and Apparatus for Building an Intelligent Automated Assistant," filed Sep. 8,

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or and/or physically (e.g., as determined from location 55 threads of active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software.

> According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of minimum threshold criteria for triggering initiation of at least one instance of active input elicitation component(s) 1094. Various examples of conditions or events which may trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of active input

elicitation component(s) 1094 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Start of user session. For example, when the user session starts up an application that is an embodiment of 5 assistant 1002, the interface may offer the opportunity for the user to initiate input, for example, by pressing a button to initiate a speech input system or clicking on a text field to initiate a text input session.

User input detected.

When assistant 1002 explicitly prompts the user for input, as when it requests a response to a question or offers a menu of next steps from which to choose.

When assistant 1002 is helping the user perform a transaction and is gathering data for that transaction, e.g., 15 filling in a form.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database 20 information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of different types of data which may be accessed by active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations 25 thereof):

database of possible words to use in a textual input; grammar of possible phrases to use in a textual input utterance:

database of possible interpretations of speech input; database of previous inputs from a user or from other users;

data from any of the various models and data sources that may be part of embodiments of assistant 1002, which may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the 35 following (or combinations thereof):

Domain models 1056;

Vocabulary 1058;

Language pattern recognizers 1060;

Domain entity databases 1072;

Short term memory 1052;

Long term personal memory 1054;

Task flow models 1086;

Dialog flow models 1087;

Service capability models 1088.

According to different embodiments, active input elicitation component(s) 1094 may apply active elicitation procedures to, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

typed input;

speech input;

input from graphical user interfaces (GUIs), including

input from suggestions offered in a dialog; and

events from the computational and/or sensed environ- 55 ments.

Active Typed Input Elicitation

Referring now to FIG. 11, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method for active typed input elicitation according to one embodiment.

The method begins 110. Assistant 1002 receives 111 partial text input, for example via input device 1206. Partial text input may include, for example, the characters that have been typed so far in a text input field. At any time, a user may indicate that the typed input is complete 112, as, for 65 example, by pressing an Enter key. If not complete, a suggestion generator generates 114 candidate suggestions

28

116. These suggestions may be syntactic, semantic, and/or other kinds of suggestion based any of the sources of information or constraints described herein. If the suggestion is selected 118, the input is transformed 117 to include the selected suggestion.

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions may include extensions to the current input. For example, a suggestion for "rest" may be "restaurants".

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions may include replacements of parts of the current input. For example, a suggestion for "rest" may be "places to eat".

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions may include replacing and rephrasing of parts of the current input. For example, if the current input is "find restaurants of style" a suggestion may be "italian" and when the suggestion is chosen, the entire input may be rewritten as "find Italian restaurants".

In at least one embodiment, the resulting input that is returned is annotated 119, so that information about which choices were made in 118 is preserved along with the textual input. This enables, for example, the semantic concepts or entities underlying a string to be associated with the string when it is returned, which improves accuracy of subsequent language interpretation.

Referring now to FIGS. 12 to 21, there are shown screen shots illustrating some portions of some of the procedures for active typed-input elicitation according to one embodiment. The screen shots depict an example of an embodiment of assistant 1002 as implemented on a smartphone such as the iPhone available from Apple Inc. of Cupertino, Calif. Input is provided to such device via a touchscreen, including on-screen keyboard functionality. One skilled in the art will recognize that the screen shots depict an embodiment that is merely exemplary, and that the techniques of the present invention can be implemented on other devices and using other layouts and arrangements.

In FIG. 12, screen 1201 includes a top-level set of suggestions 1202 shown when no input has been provided in field 1203. This corresponds to no-input step 23 of FIG. 10 applied to step 114 of FIG. 11 where there is no input.

In FIG. 13, screen 1301 depicts an example of the use of vocabulary to offer suggested completions 1303 of partial user input 1305 entered in field 1203 using on-screen keyboard 1304. These suggested completions 1303 may be part of the function of active input elicitation 1094. The user has entered partial user input 1305 including the string "comm". Vocabulary component 1058 has provided a mapping of this string into three different kinds of instances, which are listed as suggested completions 1303: the phrase "community & local events" is a category of the events domain; "chambers of commerce" is a category of the local business search domain, and "Jewish Community Center" is the name of an instance of local businesses. Vocabulary component 1058 may provide the data lookup and management of name spaces like these. The user can tap Go button 1306 to indicate that he or she has finished entering input; this causes assistant 1002 to proceed with the completed text string as a unit of user input.

In FIG. 14, screen 1401 depicts an example in which suggested semantic completions 1303 for a partial string "wh" 1305 include entire phrases with typed parameters. These kinds of suggestions may be enabled by the use of one or more of the various models and sources of input constraints described herein. For example, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 14, "what is happening in city" is an active elicitation of the location parameter of the Local Events domain; "where is business name" is an active elicitation of

the Business Name constraint of the Local Business Search domain; "what is showing at the venue name" is an active elicitation of the Venue Name constraint of the Local Events domain; and "what is playing at the movie theater" is an active elicitation of the Movie Theater Name constraint of 5 the Local Events domain. These examples illustrate that the suggested completions are generated by models rather than simply drawn from a database of previously entered queries.

In FIG. 15, screen 1501 depicts a continuation of the same example, after the user has entered additional text 1305 in field 1203. Suggested completions 1303 are updated to match the additional text 1305. In this example, data from a domain entity database 1072 were used: venues whose name starts with "f". Note that this is a significantly smaller and more semantically relevant set of suggestions than all words that begin with "f". Again, the suggestions are generated by applying a model, in this case the domain model that represents Local Events as happening at Venues, which are Businesses with Names. The suggestions actively elicit inputs that would make potentially meaningful entries when using a Local Events service.

In FIG. 16, screen 1601 depicts a continuation of the same example, after the user has selected one of suggested completions 1303. Active elicitation continues by prompting 25 the user to further specify the type of information desired, here by presenting a number of specifiers 1602 from which the user can select. In this example, these specifiers are generated by the domain, task flow, and dialog flow models. The Domain is Local Events, which includes Categories of events that happen on Dates in Locations and have Event Names and Feature Performers. In this embodiment, the fact that these five options are offered to the user is generated from the Dialog Flow model that indicates that users should be asked for Constraints that they have not yet entered and from the Service Model that indicates that these five Constraints are parameters to Local Event services available to the assistant. Even the choice of preferred phrases to use as specifiers, such as "by category" and "featured", are gener- 40 ated from the Domain Vocabulary databases.

In FIG. 17, screen 1701 depicts a continuation of the same example, after the user has selected one of specifiers 1602.

In FIG. 18, screen 1801 depicts a continuation of the same example, wherein the selected specifier 1602 has been added 45 to field 1203, and additional specifiers 1602 are presented. The user can select one of specifiers 1602 and/or provide additional text input via keyboard 1304.

In FIG. 19, screen 1901 depicts a continuation of the same example, wherein the selected specifier 1602 has been added 50 to field 1203, and yet more specifiers 1602 are presented. In this example, previously entered constraints are not actively elicited redundantly.

In FIG. 20, screen 2001 depicts a continuation of the same example, wherein the user has tapped the Go button 1306. 55 The user's input is shown in box 2002, and a message is shown in box 2003, providing feedback to the user as to the query being performed in response to the user's input.

In FIG. 21, screen 2101 depicts a continuation of the same example, wherein results have been found. Message is 60 shown in box 2102. Results 2103, including input elements allowing the user to view further details, save the identified event, buy tickets, add notes, or the like.

In one screen 2101, and other displayed screens, are scrollable, allowing the user to scroll upwards to see screen 65 2001 or other previously presented screens, and to make changes to the query if desired.

30

Active Speech Input Elicitation

Referring now to FIG. 22, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method for active input elicitation for voice or speech input according to one embodiment.

The method begins 221. Assistant 1002 receives 121 voice or speech input in the form of an auditory signal. A speech-to-text service 122 or processor generates a set of candidate text interpretations 124 of the auditory signal. In one embodiment, speech-to-text service 122 is implemented using, for example, Nuance Recognizer, available from Nuance Communications, Inc. of Burlington, Mass.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 employs statistical language models to generate candidate text interpretations 124 of speech input 121.

In addition, in one embodiment, the statistical language models are tuned to look for words, names, and phrases that occur in the various models of assistant 1002 shown in FIG. 8. For example, in at least one embodiment the statistical language models are given words, names, and phrases from some or all of: domain models 1056 (e.g., words and phrases relating to restaurant and meal events), task flow models 1086 (e.g., words and phrases relating to planning an event), dialog flow models 1087 (e.g., words and phrases related to the constraints that are needed to gather the inputs for a restaurant reservation), domain entity databases 1072 (e.g., names of restaurants), vocabulary databases 1058 (e.g., names of cuisines), service models 1088 (e.g., names of service provides such as OpenTable), and/or any words, names, or phrases associated with any node of active ontology 1050.

In one embodiment, the statistical language models are also tuned to look for words, names, and phrases from long-term personal memory 1054. For example, statistical language models can be given text from to-do items, list items, personal notes, calendar entries, people names in contacts/address books, email addresses, street or city names mentioned in contact/address books, and the like.

A ranking component analyzes the candidate interpretations 124 and ranks 126 them according to how well they fit syntactic and/or semantic models of intelligent automated assistant 1002. Any sources of constraints on user input may be used. For example, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 may rank the output of the speech-to-text interpreter according to how well the interpretations parse in a syntactic and/or semantic sense, a domain model, task flow model, and/or dialog model, and/or the like: it evaluates how well various combinations of words in the text interpretations 124 would fit the concepts, relations, entities, and properties of active ontology 1050 and its associated models. For example, if speech-to-text service 122 generates the two candidate interpretations "italian food for lunch" and "italian shoes for lunch", the ranking by semantic relevance 126 might rank "italian food for lunch" higher if it better matches the nodes assistant's 1002 active ontology 1050 (e.g., the words "italian", "food" and "lunch" all match nodes in ontology 1050 and they are all connected by relationships in ontology 1050, whereas the word "shoes" does not match ontology 1050 or matches a node that is not part of the dining out domain network).

In various embodiments, algorithms or procedures used by assistant 1002 for interpretation of text inputs, including any embodiment of the natural language processing procedure shown in FIG. 28, can be used to rank and score candidate text interpretations 124 generated by speech-to-text service 122.

In one embodiment, if ranking component 126 determines 128 that the highest-ranking speech interpretation from interpretations 124 ranks above a specified threshold, the highest-ranking interpretation may be automatically selected 130. If no interpretation ranks above a specified threshold,

possible candidate interpretations of speech 134 are presented 132 to the user. The user can then select 136 among the displayed choices.

In various embodiments, user selection 136 among the displayed choices can be achieved by any mode of input, 5 including for example any of the modes of multimodal input described in connection with FIG. 16. Such input modes include, without limitation, actively elicited typed input 2610, actively elicited speech input 2620, actively presented GUI for input 2640, and/or the like. In one embodiment, the 10 user can select among candidate interpretations 134, for example by tapping or speaking. In the case of speaking, the possible interpretation of the new speech input is highly constrained by the small set of choices offered 134. For example, if offered "Did you mean italian food or italian 15 shoes?" the user can just say "food" and the assistant can match this to the phrase "italian food" and not get it confused with other global interpretations of the input.

Whether input is automatically selected 130 or selected 136 by the user, the resulting input 138 is returned. In at least 20 one embodiment, the returned input is annotated 138, so that information about which choices were made in step 136 is preserved along with the textual input. This enables, for example, the semantic concepts or entities underlying a string to be associated with the string when it is returned, 25 which improves accuracy of subsequent language interpretation. For example, if "Italian food" was offered as one of the candidate interpretations 134 based on a semantic interpretation of Cuisine=ItalianFood, then the machine-readable semantic interpretation can be sent along with the user's 30 selection of the string "Italian food" as annotated text input 138

In at least one embodiment, candidate text interpretations 124 are generated based on speech interpretations received as output of speech-to-text service 122.

In at least one embodiment, candidate text interpretations 124 are generated by paraphrasing speech interpretations in terms of their semantic meaning. In some embodiments, there can be multiple paraphrases of the same speech interpretation, offering different word sense or homonym alternatives. For example, if speech-to-text service 122 indicates "place for meet", the candidate interpretations presented to the user could be paraphrased as "place to meet (local businesses)" and "place for meat (restaurants)".

In at least one embodiment, candidate text interpretations 124 include offers to correct substrings.

In at least one embodiment, candidate text interpretations 124 include offers to correct substrings of candidate interpretations using syntactic and semantic analysis as described herein.

In at least one embodiment, when the user selects a  $_{50}$  candidate interpretation, it is returned.

In at least one embodiment, the user is offered an interface to edit the interpretation before it is returned.

In at least one embodiment, the user is offered an interface to continue with more voice input before input is returned. This enables one to incrementally build up an input utterance, getting syntactic and semantic corrections, suggestions, and guidance at one iteration.

In at least one embodiment, the user is offered an interface to proceed directly from 136 to step 111 of a method of active typed input elicitation (described above in connection with FIG. 11). This enables one to interleave typed and spoken input, getting syntactic and semantic corrections, suggestions, and guidance at one step.

In at least one embodiment, the user is offered an interface to proceed directly from step 111 of an embodiment of active 65 typed input elicitation to an embodiment of active speech input elicitation. This enables one to interleave typed and

32

spoken input, getting syntactic and semantic corrections, suggestions, and guidance at one step.

Active GUI-Based Input Elicitation

Referring now to FIG. 23, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method for active input elicitation for GUI-based input according to one embodiment.

The method begins 140. Assistant 1002 presents 141 graphical user interface (GUI) on output device 1207, which may include, for example, links and buttons. The user interacts 142 with at least one GUI element. Data 144 is received, and converted 146 to a uniform format. The converted data is then returned.

In at least one embodiment, some of the elements of the GUI are generated dynamically from the models of the active ontology, rather than written into a computer program. For example, assistant 1002 can offer a set of constraints to guide a restaurant reservation service as regions for tapping on a screen, with each region representing the name of the constraint and/or a value. For instance, the screen could have rows of a dynamically generated GUI layout with regions for the constraints Cuisine, Location, and Price Range. If the models of the active ontology change, the GUI screen would automatically change without reprogramming.

Active Dialog Suggestion Input Elicitation

FIG. 24 is a flow diagram depicting a method for active input elicitation at the level of a dialog flow according to one embodiment. The method begins 150. Assistant 1002 suggests 151 possible responses 152. The user selects 154 a suggested response. The received input is converted 156 to a uniform format. The converted data is then returned.

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions offered in step 151 are offered as follow-up steps in a dialog and/or task flow.

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions offer options to refine a query, for example using parameters from a domain and/or task model. For example, one may be offered to change the assumed location or time of a request.

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions offer options to choose among ambiguous alternative interpretations given by a language interpretation procedure or component.

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions offer options to choose among ambiguous alternative interpretations given by a language interpretation procedure or component.

In at least one embodiment, the suggestions offer options to choose among next steps in a workflow associated dialog flow model 1087. For example, dialog flow model 1087 may suggest that after gathering the constrained for one domain (e.g., restaurant dining), assistant 1002 should suggest other related domains (e.g., a movie nearby).

Active Monitoring for Relevant Events

In at least one embodiment, asynchronous events may be treated as inputs in an analogous manner to the other modalities of active elicited input. Thus, such events may be provided as inputs to assistant 1002. Once interpreted, such events can be treated in a manner similar to any other input.

For example, a flight status change may initiate an alert notification to be sent to a user. If a flight is indicated as being late, assistant 1002 may continue the dialog by presenting alternative flights, making other suggestions, and the like, based on the detected event.

Such events can be of any type. For example, assistant 1002 might detect that the user just got home, or is lost (off a specified route), or that a stock price hit a threshold value, or that a television show the user is interested in is starting, or that a musician of interest is touring in the area. In any of these situations, assistant 1002 can proceed with a dialog in substantially the same manner as if the user had him- or herself initiated the inquiry. In one embodiment, events can even be based on data provided from other devices, for

example to tell the user when a coworker has returned from lunch (the coworker's device can signal such an event to the user's device, at which time assistant 1002 installed on the user's device responds accordingly).

In one embodiment, the events can be notifications or 5 alerts from a calendar, clock, reminder, or to-do application. For example, an alert from a calendar application about a dinner date can initiate a dialog with assistant **1002** about the dining event. The dialog can proceed as if the user had just spoken or typed the information about the upcoming dinner event, such as "dinner for 2 in San Francisco".

In one embodiment, the context of possible event trigger 162 can include information about people, places, times, and other data. These data can be used as part of the input to assistant 1002 to use in various steps of processing.

In one embodiment, these data from the context of event trigger 162 can be used to disambiguate speech or text inputs from the user. For example, if a calendar event alert includes the name of a person invited to the event, that information can help disambiguate input which might match several people with the same or similar name.

Referring now to FIG. 25, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method for active monitoring for relevant events according to one embodiment. In this example, event trigger events are sets of input 162. The method begins 160. Assistant 1002 monitors 161 for such events. Detected events may be filtered and sorted 164 for semantic relevance using models, data and information available from other components in intelligent automated assistant 1002. For example, an event that reports a change in flight status may be given higher relevance if the short-term or long-term memory records for a user indicate that the user is on that flight and/or have made inquiries about it to assistant 1002. This sorting and filtering may then present only the top events for review by the user, who may then choose to pick one or more and act on them.

Event data is converted **166** to a uniform input format, and returned.

In at least one embodiment, assistant 1002 may proactively offer services associated with events that were suggested for user attention. For example, if a flight status alert indicates a flight may be missed, assistant 1002 may suggest to the user a task flow for replanning the itinerary or booking a hotel.

Case: Null Input

5	User Input	System Response	Comment
.0	With an empty field and no dialog context, type a question or space charac- ter, or enter	Find restaurants, hotels, movies, Book a table, a room, a seat, Order food, flowers, Buy a ticket, a book, a DVD, Schedule a meeting, an event,	Black text would be inserted into the input field. Italicized text would be the follow-up sugges-
	nothing for some period of time.	Remember to a thing to do Explain results	tions once the text was inserted.

Case: First Word Input

User Input	System Response	Comment
With empty dialog context If the user types the first letter of any command, it is suggested. For example	<u>F</u> ind restaurants, hotels, movies,	Black text would be inserted into the input field. Italicized text would be the follow-up suggestions once the text was inserted.

Case: Key Word Input

User Input	t	System Response	Comment
With empty context If 5 types the 1 letters of a keyword, suggested command. example Re	the user first two any it is as well as	Remember to a thing, to do Find <u>re</u> staurants by location, cuisine,	Black text would be inserted into the input field. Italicized text would be the follow-up suggestions once the text was inserted.

Case: Prompting for Arguments

User Input	System Response	Comment
The user has entered or selected a "command" verb and nothing else. For example, Find_	restaurants by location, cuisine, hotels by location, availability, movies by location, genre, name of place	Offer not only the selection class but advertise the constraint options. Note that name of place is a just a prompt, and would not insert text.

Input Elicitation Component(s) Example:

The following example is intended to help illustrate some of the various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features which may be provided by active input elicitation component(s) 1094.

Example: Command Completion (What can the User Say to Assistant 1002)

The user is facing a text input box with the general instruction to enter "what do you want to do?" Depending on the context and the user input, any of several system responses are provided. Examples are shown below

Case: Suggesting Criteria

User Input	System Response	Comment
The user has already entered enough to establish a task and domain, and now is prompted for constraints in order. find restaurants	in city, zip code near home, office, place name named restaurant name	Black text would be inserted into the input field. Italicized text would be the follow-up suggestions once the text was inserted.

Case: Adding Criteria

Case: Name with Context

User Input	System Response	Comment	_	User Input	System Response	Comment
The user has said "in" and now is prompted	in city, zip code Palo Alto, CA	Until they enter the next word, the	5	Find restaurants il for	Il Fornaio (restaurant)	May require entity name lookup.
for locations Find restaurants in_	Menlo Park, CA	suggestions are a prompt for what kind of thing to type. The Places are cities from personal memory.	10			Uses selection class and location context from current and past queries to constrain completion. Show domain as a suggestion.
The user has said "near" and now is prompted for locations	my home my work Palo Alto, CA Menlo Park, CA	The Places are none or more places from personal memory.		tom cruise Find movies rom	movies romantic Roman Holiday (movie)	May require entity name lookup. Based on ontology only
Find restaurants near_			15	g-rated	movies	

35

40

Case: Adding Location or Other Constraints

User Input	System Response	Comment	20
Find restaurants in Palo Alto_	serving food type or cuisine with availability tonight,	Prompt for other constraints	
	tomorrow, described as romantic, good service		25
Find restaurants in	tonight	The 7:00 and 9:00 are	
Palo Alto with availability	tomorrow at 7pm	our suggestions based on current time	
avariaomity_	at 9pm	on current time	
	other time or date		3.0

Case: Starting from Constraint, Unknown Task or Domain

User Input	System Response	Comment
romantic_	restaurants by location, cuisine, hotels by location, availability, movies by location, genre,	Constraint value from ontology tells you which selection classes to use.
comedy_	movies by location, genre, movies by location, genre, events by location, clubs by location	

Example: Name Completion

Here, the user has typed some text without accepting any of the commands, or he or she is just extending a command with an entity name. The system may attempt to complete the names, depending on context. It also disambiguates the domain.

Case: Words without Context

il for Il Fornaio (restaurant) Ill Forgotten Gains (movie) tom cruise romantic movies restaurants  Il Fornaio (restaurant) May require entity name lookup. Notice multi-word completion Show domain as a suggestion. May require entity name lookup. Based on ontology only	65

Example: Choosing Values from a Set

36

Here, the user is responding to a system request to enter a value for a specific parameter, such as location, time, cuisine, or genre. The user may either select from a list or enter a value. As she types, matching items from the list are shown as options. Examples are shown below.

Case: Valueclass Selection

User Input	System Response	Comment
Restaurants serving	burgers Ice cream Hot dogs	User may type anything else and doesn't have to pick from the menu
Restaurants serving h	Hamburgers Hot dogs Hot sauce	to pick from the menu
Movies playing	today tonight Friday night	

Example: Reusing Previous Commands

Previous queries are also options to complete on in an autocomplete interface. They may be just matched as strings (when the input field is empty and there are no known constraints) or they may be suggested as relevant when in certain situations.

Case: Completion on Previous Queries

User Input	System Response	Comment
Intel	Italian restaurants (normal completion) Films starring Italian actors (recent query)	Using string matching to retrieve previous queries
Lunch	lunch places in marin (recent query) buy the book naked lunch	

Example: Retrieving Personal Memory Items

Assistant 1002 may remember certain events and/or entities in personal memory associated with the user. Autocomplete can be performed based on such remembered items. Examples appear below.

Case: Completion on Events and Entities in Personal Memory

User Input	System Response	Comment	5
Mary	lunch with Mary on Saturday (from My Events) film called "Something about Mary"		-
Lunch	lunch with Mary on Saturday (from My Events)		10
Hob	buy the book naked lunch (from My Todos) Hobee's Restaurant in Palo Alto (from My Restaurants)		10

#### Multimodal Active Input Elicitation

In at least one embodiment, active input elicitation component(s) **1094** may process input from a plurality of input modalities. At least one modality might be implemented with an active input elicitation procedure that takes advantages of the particular kinds of inputs and methods for selecting from suggested options. A described herein, they may be embodiments of procedures for active input elicitation for text input, speech input, GUI-based input, input in the context of a dialog, and/or input resulting from event triggers.

In at least one embodiment, for a single instance of intelligent automated assistant **1002**, there may be support for one or more (or any combination of) typed input, speech input, GUI input, dialog input, and/or event input.

Referring now to FIG. 26, there is shown a flow diagram 30 depicting a method for multimodal active input elicitation according to one embodiment. The method begins 100. Inputs may be received concurrently from one or more or any combination of the input modalities, in any sequence. Thus, the method includes actively eliciting typed input 35 2610, speech input 2620, GUI-based input 2640, input in the context of a dialog 2650, and/or input resulting from event triggers 2660. Any or all of these input sources are unified into unified input format 2690 and returned. Unified input format 2690 enables the other components of intelligent 40 automated assistant 1002 to be designed and to operate independently of the particular modality of the input.

Offering active guidance for multiple modalities and levels enables constraint and guidance on the input beyond those available to isolated modalities. For example, the 45 kinds of suggestions offered to choose among speech, text, and dialog steps are independent, so their combination is a significant improvement over adding active elicitation techniques to individual modalities or levels.

Combining multiple sources of constraints as described 50 herein (syntactic/linguistic, vocabulary, entity databases, domain models, task models, service models, and the like) and multiple places where these constraints may be actively applied (speech, text, GUI, dialog, and asynchronous events) provides a new level of functionality for human-machine 55 interaction.

### Domain Models Component(s) 1056

Domain models **1056** component(s) include representations of the concepts, entities, relations, properties, and instances of a domain. For example, dining out domain 60 model **1622** might include the concept of a restaurant as a business with a name and an address and phone number, the concept of a meal event with a party size and date and time associated with the restaurant.

In at least one embodiment, domain models component(s) 65 **1056** of assistant **1002** may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions,

38

and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Domain model component(s) 1056 may be used by automated assistant 1002 for several processes, including: eliciting input 100, interpreting natural language 200, dispatching to services 400, and generating output 600.

Domain model component(s) 1056 may provide lists of words that might match a domain concept or entity, such as names of restaurants, which may be used for active elicitation of input 100 and natural language processing 200.

Domain model component(s) 1056 may classify candidate words in processes, for instance, to determine that a word is the name of a restaurant.

Domain model component(s) 1056 may show the relationship between partial information for interpreting natural language, for example that cuisine may be associated with business entities (e.g., "local Mexican food" may be interpreted as "find restaurants with style=Mexican", and this inference is possible because of the information in domain model 1056).

Domain model component(s) 1056 may organize information about services used in service orchestration 1082, for example, that a particular web service may provide reviews of restaurants.

Domain model component(s) 1056 may provide the information for generating natural language paraphrases and other output formatting, for example, by providing canonical ways of describing concepts, relations, properties and instances.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of the domain models component(s) 1056 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of domain models component(s) 1056 may be performed, implemented and/or initiated by one or more of the following types of systems, components, systems, devices, procedures, processes, and the like (or combinations thereof):

Domain models component(s) **1056** may be implemented as data structures that represent concepts, relations, properties, and instances. These data structures may be stored in memory, files, or databases.

Access to domain model component(s) 1056 may be implemented through direct APIs, network APIs, database query interfaces, and/or the like.

Creation and maintenance of domain models component(s) 1056 may be achieved, for example, via direct editing of files, database transactions, and/or through the use of domain model editing tools.

Domain models component(s) 1056 may be implemented as part of or in association with active ontologies 1050, which combine models with instantiations of the models for servers and users.

According to various embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of domain models component(s) 1056 may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of minimum threshold criteria for triggering initiation of at least one instance of domain models component(s) 1056. For example, trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of domain models component(s) 1056 may be triggered when domain model information is required, including during input elicitation,

input interpretation, task and domain identification, natural language processing, service orchestration, and/or formatting output for users.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of domain models component(s) 1056 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. For example, data from domain model component(s) 1056 may be associated with other model modeling components including vocabulary 1058, language pattern recognizers 1060, dialog flow models 1087, task flow models 1086, service capability models 1088, domain entity databases 1072, and the like. For example, businesses in domain entity databases 1072 is that are classified as restaurants might be known by type identifiers which are maintained in the dining out domain model components.

Domain Models Component(s) Example:

Referring now to FIG. 27, there is shown a set of screen 20 shots illustrating an example of various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features which may be provided by domain models component(s) 1056 according to one embodiment.

In at least one embodiment, domain models component(s) 25 1056 are the unifying data representation that enables the presentation of information shown in screens 103A and 103B about a restaurant, which combines data from several distinct data sources and services and which includes, for example: name, address, business categories, phone number, 30 identifier for saving to long term personal memory, identifier for sharing over email, reviews from multiple sources, map coordinates, personal notes, and the like.

Language Interpreter Component(s) 1070

In at least one embodiment, language interpreter component(s) **1070** of assistant **1002** may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Analyze user input and identify a set of parse results.

User input can include any information from the user and his/her device context that can contribute to understanding the user's intent, which can include, for example one or more of the following (or combinations thereof): sequences of words, the identity of gestures or GUI elements involved in eliciting the input, current context of the dialog, current device application and its current data objects, and/or any other personal dynamic data obtained about the user such as location, time, and the like. For example, in one embodiment, user input is in the form of the uniform annotated input format 2690 resulting from active input elicitation 1094.

Parse results are associations of data in the user input with concepts, relationships, properties, instances, 55 and/or other nodes and/or data structures in models, databases, and/or other representations of user intent and/context. Parse result associations can be complex mappings from sets and sequences of words, signals, and other elements of user input to one or 60 more associated concepts, relations, properties, instances, other nodes, and/or data structures described herein.

Analyze user input and identify a set of syntactic parse results, which are parse results that associate data in the 65 user input with structures that represent syntactic parts of speech, clauses and phrases including multiword

40

names, sentence structure, and/or other grammatical graph structures. Syntactic parse results are described in element 212 of natural language processing procedure described in connection with FIG. 28.

Analyze user input and identify a set of semantic parse results, which are parse results that associate data in the user input with structures that represent concepts, relationships, properties, entities, quantities, propositions, and/or other representations of meaning and user intent. In one embodiment, these representations of meaning and intent are represented by sets of and/or elements of and/or instances of models or databases and/or nodes in ontologies, as described in element 220 of natural language processing procedure described in connection with FIG. 28.

Disambiguate among alternative syntactic or semantic parse results as described in element 230 of natural language processing procedure described in connection with FIG. 28.

Determine whether a partially typed input is syntactically and/or semantically meaningful in an autocomplete procedure such as one described in connection with FIG. 11.

Help generate suggested completions 114 in an autocomplete procedure such as one described in connection with FIG. 11.

Determine whether interpretations of spoken input are syntactically and/or semantically meaningful in a speech input procedure such as one described in connection with FIG. 22.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of language interpreter component(s) 1070 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of language interpreter component(s) 1070 may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of minimum threshold criteria for triggering initiation of at least one instance of language interpreter component(s) 1070. Various examples of conditions or events which may trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of language interpreter component(s) 1070 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

while eliciting input, including but not limited to Suggesting possible completions of typed input 114 (FIG. 11);

Ranking interpretations of speech 126 (FIG. 22);

When offering ambiguities as suggested responses in dialog 152 (FIG. 24);

when the result of eliciting input is available, including when input is elicited by any mode of active multimodal input elicitation 100.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of language interpreter component(s) 1070 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of such data-base information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of different types of data which may be accessed by the Language Interpreter component(s) may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Domain models 1056; Vocabulary 1058; Domain entity databases 1072;

Short term memory 1052;

Long term personal memory 1054;

Task flow models 1086;

Dialog flow models 1087;

Service capability models 1088.

Referring now also to FIG. 29, there is shown a screen 5 shot illustrating natural language processing according to one embodiment. The user has entered (via voice or text) language input 2902 consisting of the phrase "who is playing this weekend at the fillmore". This phrase is echoed back to the user on screen 2901. Language interpreter 10 component(s) 1070 component process input 2902 and generates a parse result. The parse result associates that input with a request to show the local events that are scheduled for any of the upcoming weekend days at any event venue whose name matches "fillmore". A paraphrase 15 of the parse results is shown as 2903 on screen 2901.

Referring now also to FIG. 28, there is shown a flow diagram depicting an example of a method for natural language processing according to one embodiment.

The method begins 200. Language input 202 is received, 20 such as the string "who is playing this weekend at the fillmore" in the example of FIG. 29. In one embodiment, the input is augmented by current context information, such as the current user location and local time. In word/phrase matching 210, language interpreter component(s) 1070 find 25 associations between user input and concepts. In this example, associations are found between the string "playing" and the concept of listings at event venues; the string "this weekend" (along with the current local time of the user) and an instantiation of an approximate time period that 30 represents the upcoming weekend; and the string "fillmore" with the name of a venue. Word/phrase matching 210 may use data from, for example, language pattern recognizers 1060, vocabulary database 1058, active ontology 1050, short term personal memory 1052, and long term personal 35 memory 1054.

Language interpreter component(s) 1070 generate candidate syntactic parses 212 which include the chosen parse result but may also include other parse results. For example, other parse results may include those wherein "playing" is 40 associated with other domains such as games or with a category of event such as sporting events.

Short- and/or long-term memory 1052, 1054 can also be used by language interpreter component(s) 1070 in generating candidate syntactic parses 212. Thus, input that was 45 provided previously in the same session, and/or known information about the user, can be used, to improve performance, reduce ambiguity, and reinforce the conversational nature of the interaction. Data from active ontology 1050, domain models 1056, and task flow models 1086 can also be 50 used, to implement evidential reasoning in determining valid candidate syntactic parses 212.

In semantic matching 220, language interpreter component(s) 1070 consider combinations of possible parse results according to how well they fit semantic models such as 55 domain models and databases. In this case, the parse includes the associations (1) "playing" (a word in the user input) as "Local Event At Venue" (part of a domain model 1056 represented by a cluster of nodes in active ontology 1050) and (2) "fillmore" (another word in the input) as a 60 match to an entity name in a domain entity database 1072 for Local Event Venues, which is represented by a domain model element and active ontology node (Venue Name).

Semantic matching 220 may use data from, for example, active ontology 1050, short term personal memory 1052, 65 and long term personal memory 1054. For example, semantic matching 220 may use data from previous references to

42

venues or local events in the dialog (from short term personal memory 1052) or personal favorite venues (from long term personal memory 1054).

A set of candidate, or potential, semantic parse results is generated **222**.

In disambiguation step 230, language interpreter component(s) 1070 weigh the evidential strength of candidate semantic parse results 222. In this example, the combination of the parse of "playing" as "Local Event At Venue" and the match of "fillmore" as a Venue Name is a stronger match to a domain model than alternative combinations where, for instance, "playing" is associated with a domain model for sports but there is no association in the sports domain for "fillmore".

Disambiguation 230 may use data from, for example, the structure of active ontology 1050. In at least one embodiment, the connections between nodes in an active ontology provide evidential support for disambiguating among candidate semantic parse results 222. For example, in one embodiment, if three active ontology nodes are semantically matched and are all connected in active ontology 1050, this indicates higher evidential strength of the semantic parse than if these matching nodes were not connected or connected by longer paths of connections in active ontology 1050. For example, in one embodiment of semantic matching 220, the parse that matches both Local Event At Venue and Venue Name is given increased evidential support because the combined representations of these aspects of the user intent are connected by links and/or relations in active ontology 1050: in this instance, the Local Event node is connected to the Venue node which is connected to the Venue Name node which is connected to the entity name in the database of venue names.

In at least one embodiment, the connections between nodes in an active ontology that provide evidential support for disambiguating among candidate semantic parse results 222 are directed arcs, forming an inference lattice, in which matching nodes provide evidence for nodes to which they are connected by directed arcs.

In 232, language interpreter component(s) 1070 sort and select 232 the top semantic parses as the representation of user intent 290.

Domain Entity Database(s) 1072

In at least one embodiment, domain entity database(s) 1072 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Store data about domain entities. Domain entities are things in the world or computing environment that may be modeled in domain models. Examples may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Businesses of any kind;

Movies, videos, songs and/or other musical products, and/or any other named entertainment products;

Products of any kind;

Events;

Calendar entries;

Cities, states, countries, neighborhoods, and/or other geographic, geopolitical, and/or geospatial points or regions;

Named places such as landmarks, airports, and the like; Provide database services on these databases, including but not limited to simple and complex queries, transactions, triggered events, and the like.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of domain entity database(s) 1072 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some 5 embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of domain entity database(s) 1072 may be performed, implemented and/or initiated by database software and/or hardware residing on client(s) 1304 and/or on server(s) 1340.

One example of a domain entity database 1072 that can be used in connection with the present invention according to one embodiment is a database of one or more businesses storing, for example, their names and locations. The database might be used, for example, to look up words contained 15 in an input request for matching businesses and/or to look up the location of a business whose name is known. One skilled in the art will recognize that many other arrangements and implementations are possible.

Vocabulary Component(s) 1058

In at least one embodiment, vocabulary component(s) 1058 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Provide databases associating words and strings with concepts, properties, relations, or instances of domain models or task models;

Vocabulary from vocabulary components may be used by automated assistant 1002 for several processes, including for example: eliciting input, interpreting natural language, and generating output.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of vocabulary component(s) 1058 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or 35 more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of vocabulary component(s) 1058 may be implemented as data structures that associate strings with the names of 40 concepts, relations, properties, and instances. These data structures may be stored in memory, files, or databases. Access to vocabulary component(s) 1058 may be implemented through direct APIs, network APIs, and/or database query interfaces. Creation and maintenance of vocabulary 45 component(s) 1058 may be achieved via direct editing of files, database transactions, or through the use of domain model editing tools. Vocabulary component(s) 1058 may be implemented as part of or in association with active ontologies 1050. One skilled in the art will recognize that many 50 other arrangements and implementations are possible.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of vocabulary component(s) 1058 may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of 55 minimum threshold criteria for triggering initiation of at least one instance of vocabulary component(s) 1058. In one embodiment, vocabulary component(s) 1058 are accessed whenever vocabulary information is required, including, for example, during input elicitation, input interpretation, and 60 formatting output for users. One skilled in the art will recognize that other conditions or events may trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of vocabulary component(s) 1058.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of vocabulary component(s) **1058** may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one

44

embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. In one embodiment, vocabulary component(s) 1058 may access data from external databases, for instance, from a data warehouse or dictionary.

Language Pattern Recognizer Component(s) 1060

In at least one embodiment, language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, looking for patterns in language or speech input that indicate grammatical, idiomatic, and/or other composites of input tokens. These patterns correspond to, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof): words, names, phrases, data, parameters, commands, and/or signals of speech acts.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may be performed, implemented and/or initiated by one or more files, databases, and/or programs containing expressions in a pattern matching language. In at least one embodiment, language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 are represented declaratively, rather than as program code; this enables them to be created and maintained by editors and other tools other than programming tools. Examples of declarative representations may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof): regular expressions, pattern matching rules, natural language grammars, parsers based on state machines and/or other parsing models.

One skilled in the art will recognize that other types of systems, components, systems, devices, procedures, processes, and the like (or combinations thereof) can be used for implementing language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of minimum threshold criteria for triggering initiation of at least one instance of language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060. Various examples of conditions or events which may trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

during active elicitation of input, in which the structure of the language pattern recognizers may constrain and guide the input from the user;

during natural language processing, in which the language pattern recognizers help interpret input as language;

during the identification of tasks and dialogs, in which the language pattern recognizers may help identify tasks, dialogs, and/or steps therein.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of

different types of data which may be accessed by language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may include, but are not limited to, data from any of the models various models and data sources that may be part of embodiments of assistant 1002, which may include, but are not limited to, 5 one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

45

Domain models 1056;

Vocabulary 1058;

Domain entity databases 1072;

Short term memory 1052;

Long term personal memory 1054;

Task flow models 1086;

Dialog flow models 1087;

Service capability models 1088.

embodiments of assistant 1002 may be coordinated by active ontologies 1050.

Referring again to FIG. 14, there is shown an example of some of the various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features which may be provided by language 20 pattern recognizer component(s) 1060. FIG. 14 illustrates language patterns that language pattern recognizer component(s) 1060 may recognize. For example, the idiom "what is happening" (in a city) may be associated with the task of event planning and the domain of local events.

Dialog Flow Processor Component(s) 1080

In at least one embodiment, dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the 30 following (or combinations thereof):

Given a representation of the user intent 290 from language interpretation 200, identify the task a user wants performed and/or a problem the user wants solved. For example, a task might be to find a restaurant.

For a given problem or task, given a representation of user intent 290, identify parameters to the task or problem. For example, the user might be looking for a recommended restaurant that serves Italian food near the user's home. The constraints that a restaurant be rec- 40 ommended, serving Italian food, and near home are parameters to the task of finding a restaurant.

Given the task interpretation and current dialog with the user, such as that which may be represented in personal short term memory 1052, select an appropriate dialog 45 flow model and determine a step in the flow model corresponding to the current state.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one 50 or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at 55 least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of different types of data which may be accessed by dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 may include, but are not 60 limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

task flow models 1086;

domain models 1056;

dialog flow models 1087.

Referring now to FIGS. 30 and 31, there are shown screen shots illustrating an example of various types of functions,

46

operations, actions, and/or other features which may be provided by dialog flow processor component(s) according to one embodiment.

As shown in screen 3001, user requests a dinner reservation by providing speech or text input 3002 "book me a table for dinner". Assistant 1002 generates a prompt 3003 asking the user to specify time and party size.

Once these parameters have been provided, screen 3101 is shown. Assistant 1002 outputs a dialog box 3102 indi-10 cating that results are being presented, and a prompt 3103 asking the user to click a time. Listings 3104 are also displayed.

In one embodiment, such a dialog is implemented as follows. Dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 are given In one embodiment, access of data from other parts of 15 a representation of user intent from language interpreter component 1070 and determine that the appropriate response is to ask the user for information required to perform the next step in a task flow. In this case, the domain is restaurants, the task is getting a reservation, and the dialog step is to ask the user for information required to accomplish the next step in the task flow. This dialog step is exemplified by prompt 3003 of screen 3001.

Referring now also to FIG. 32, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method of operation for dialog flow 25 processor component(s) 1080 according to one embodiment. The flow diagram of FIG. 32 is described in connection with the example shown in FIGS. 30 and 31.

The method begins 300. Representation of user intent 290 is received. As described in connection with FIG. 28, in one embodiment, representation of user intent 290 is a set of semantic parses. For the example shown in FIGS. 30 and 31, the domain is restaurants, the verb is "book" associated with restaurant reservations, and the time parameter is the evening of the current day.

In 310, dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 determine whether this interpretation of user intent is supported strongly enough to proceed, and/or if it is better supported than alternative ambiguous parses. In the current example, the interpretation is strongly supported, with no competing ambiguous parses. If, on the other hand, there are competing ambiguities or sufficient uncertainty, then step 322 is performed, to set the dialog flow step so that the execution phase causes the dialog to output a prompt for more information from the user.

In 312, the dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 determine the preferred interpretation of the semantic parse with other information to determine the task to perform and its parameters. Information may be obtained, for example, from domain models 1056, task flow models 1086, and/or dialog flow models 1087, or any combination thereof. In the current example, the task is identified as getting a reservation, which involves both finding a place that is reservable and available, and effecting a transaction to reserve a table. Task parameters are the time constraint along with others that are inferred in step 312.

In 320, the task flow model is consulted to determine an appropriate next step. Information may be obtained, for example, from domain models 1056, task flow models 1086, and/or dialog flow models 1087, or any combination thereof. In the example, it is determined that in this task flow the next step is to elicit missing parameters to an availability search for restaurants, resulting in prompt 3003 illustrated in FIG. 30, requesting party size and time for a reservation.

As described above, FIG. 31 depicts screen 3101 is shown including dialog element 3102 that is presented after the user answers the request for the party size and reservation time. In one embodiment, screen 3101 is presented as the result of

another iteration through an automated call and response procedure, as described in connection with FIG. 33, which leads to another call to the dialog and flow procedure depicted in FIG. 32. In this instantiation of the dialog and flow procedure, after receiving the user preferences, dialog 5 flow processor component(s) 1080 determines a different task flow step in step 320: to do an availability search. When request 390 is constructed, it includes the task parameters sufficient for dialog flow processor component(s) 1080 and services orchestration component(s) 1082 to dispatch to a 10 restaurant booking service.

Dialog Flow Models Component(s) 1087

In at least one embodiment, dialog flow models component(s) 1087 may be operable to provide dialog flow models, which represent the steps one takes in a particular kind of conversation between a user and intelligent automated assistant 1002. For example, the dialog flow for the generic task of performing a transaction includes steps for getting the necessary data for the transaction and confirming the transaction parameters before committing it.

Task Flow Models Component(s) 1086

In at least one embodiment, task flow models component(s) 1086 may be operable to provide task flow models, which represent the steps one takes to solve a problem or address a need. For example, the task flow for getting a 25 dinner reservation involves finding a desirable restaurant, checking availability, and doing a transaction to get a reservation for a specific time with the restaurant.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of task flow models component(s) **1086** may be 30 concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors **63** and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of task flow models component(s) **1086** may be 35 may be implemented as programs, state machines, or other ways of identifying an appropriate step in a flow graph.

In at least one embodiment, task flow models component(s) 1086 may use a task modeling framework called generic tasks. Generic tasks are abstractions that model the 40 steps in a task and their required inputs and generated outputs, without being specific to domains. For example, a generic task for transactions might include steps for gathering data required for the transaction, executing the transaction, and outputting results of the transaction—all without 45 reference to any particular transaction domain or service for implementing it. It might be instantiated for a domain such as shopping, but it is independent of the shopping domain and might equally well apply to domains of reserving, scheduling, and the like.

At least a portion of the functions, operations, actions, and/or other features associated with task flow models component(s) 1086 and/or procedure(s) described herein may be implemented, at least in part, using concepts, features, components, processes, and/or other aspects disclosed 55 herein in connection with generic task modeling framework.

Additionally, at least a portion of the functions, operations, actions, and/or other features associated with task flow models component(s) 1086 and/or procedure(s) described herein may be implemented, at least in part, using concepts, 60 features, components, processes, and/or other aspects relating to constrained selection tasks, as described herein. For example, one embodiment of generic tasks may be implemented using a constrained selection task model.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of task flow 65 models component(s) **1086** may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least

one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of different types of data which may be accessed by task flow models component(s) 1086 may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

48

Domain models 1056;

Vocabulary 1058;

Domain entity databases 1072;

Short term memory 1052;

Long term personal memory 1054;

Dialog flow models 1087;

Service capability models 1088.

nent(s) **1087** may be operable to provide dialog flow models, which represent the steps one takes in a particular kind of conversation between a user and intelligent automated assistant task **351** according to one embodiment.

Constrained selection is a kind of generic task in which the goal is to select some item from a set of items in the world based on a set of constraints. For example, a constrained selection task **351** may be instantiated for the domain of restaurants. Constrained selection task **351** starts by soliciting criteria and constraints from the user **352**. For example, the user might be interested in Asian food and may want a place to eat near his or her office.

In step 353, assistant 1002 presents items that meet the stated criteria and constraints for the user to browse. In this example, it may be a list of restaurants and their properties which may be used to select among them.

In step 354, the user is given an opportunity to refine criteria and constraints. For example, the user might refine the request by saying "near my office". The system would then present a new set of results in step 353.

Referring now also to FIG. 35, there is shown an example of screen 3501 including list 3502 of items presented by constrained selection task 351 according to one embodiment

In step 355, the user can select among the matching items. Any of a number of follow-on tasks 359 may then be made available, such as for example book 356, remember 357, or share 358. In various embodiments, follow-on tasks 359 can involve interaction with web-enabled services, and/or with functionality local to the device (such as setting a calendar appointment, making a telephone call, sending an email or text message, setting an alarm, and the like).

In the example of FIG. 35, the user can select an item within list 3502 to see more details and to perform additional actions. Referring now also to FIG. 36, there is shown an example of screen 3601 after the user has selected an item from list 3502. Additional information and options corresponding to follow-on tasks 359 concerning the selected item are displayed.

In various embodiments, the flow steps may be offered to the user in any of several input modalities, including but not limited to any combination of explicit dialog prompts and GUI links.

Services Component(s) 1084

Services component(s) 1084 represent the set of services that intelligent automated assistant 1002 might call on behalf of the user. Any service that can be called may be offered in a services component 1084.

In at least one embodiment, services component(s) 1084 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Provide the functions over an API that would normally be provided by a web-based user interface to a service. For

example, a review website might provide a service API that would return reviews of a given entity automatically when called by a program. The API offers to intelligent automated assistant 1002 the services that a human would otherwise obtain by operating the user 5 interface of the website.

Provide the functions over an API that would normally be provided by a user interface to an application. For example, a calendar application might provide a service API that would return calendar entries automatically when called by a program. The API offers to intelligent automated assistant 1002 the services that a human would otherwise obtain by operating the user interface of the application. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 is  $_{15}$ able to initiate and control any of a number of different functions available on the device. For example, if assistant 1002 is installed on a smartphone, personal digital assistant, tablet computer, or other device, assistant 1002 can perform functions such as: initiate appli- 20 cations, make calls, send emails and/or text messages, add calendar events, set alarms, and the like. In one embodiment, such functions are activated using services component(s) 1084.

Provide services that are not currently implemented in a 25 user interface, but that are available through an API to assistant in larger tasks. For example, in one embodiment, an API to take a street address and return machine-readable geocoordinates might be used by assistant 1002 as a service component 1084 even if it has no direct user interface on the web or a device.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of services component(s) **1084** may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors **63** and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of services component(s) **1084** may be performed, implemented and/or initiated by one or more of the following types of systems, components, systems, devices, procedures, processes, and the like (or combinations thereof):

implementation of an API exposed by a service, locally or remotely or any combination;

inclusion of a database within automated assistant **1002** or 45 a database service available to assistant **1002**.

For example, a website that offers users an interface for browsing movies might be used by an embodiment of intelligent automated assistant 1002 as a copy of the database used by the website. Services component(s) 1084 50 would then offer an internal API to the data, as if it were provided over a network API, even though the data is kept locally.

As another example, services component(s) **1084** for an intelligent automated assistant **1002** that helps with restaurant selection and meal planning might include any or all of the following set of services which are available from third parties over the network:

- a set of restaurant listing services which lists restaurants matching name, location, or other constraints;
- a set of restaurant rating services which return rankings for named restaurants;
- a set of restaurant reviews services which returns written reviews for named restaurants;
- a geocoding service to locate restaurants on a map;
- a reservation service that enables programmatic reservation of tables at restaurants.

50

Services Orchestration Component(s) 1082

Services orchestration component(s) 1082 of intelligent automated assistant 1002 executes a service orchestration procedure.

In at least one embodiment, services orchestration component(s) 1082 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Dynamically and automatically determine which services may meet the user's request and/or specified domain(s) and task(s):

Dynamically and automatically call multiple services, in any combination of concurrent and sequential ordering;

Dynamically and automatically transform task parameters and constraints to meet input requirements of service APIs:

Dynamically and automatically monitor for and gather results from multiple services;

Dynamically and automatically merge service results data from various services into to a unified result model;

Orchestrate a plurality of services to meet the constraints of a request;

Orchestrate a plurality of services to annotate an existing result set with auxiliary information;

Output the result of calling a plurality of services in a uniform, service independent representation that unifies the results from the various services (for example, as a result of calling several restaurant services that return lists of restaurants, merge the data on at least one restaurant from the several services, removing redundancy).

For example, in some situations, there may be several ways to accomplish a particular task. For example, user input such as "remind me to leave for my meeting across town at 2 pm" specifies an action that can be accomplished in at least three ways: set alarm clock; create a calendar event; or call a to-do manager. In one embodiment, services orchestration component(s) 1082 makes the determination as to which way to best satisfy the request.

Services orchestration component(s) 1082 can also make determinations as to which combination of several services would be best to invoke in order to perform a given overall task. For example, to find and reserve a table for dinner, services orchestration component(s) 1082 would make determinations as to which services to call in order to perform such functions as looking up reviews, getting availability, and making a reservation. Determination of which services to use may depend on any of a number of different factors. For example, in at least one embodiment, information about reliability, ability of service to handle certain types of requests, user feedback, and the like, can be used as factors in determining which service(s) is/are appropriate to invoke.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of services orchestration component(s) 1082 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of services orchestration component(s) 1082 may use explicit service capability models 1088 to represent the capabilities and other properties of external services, and reason about these capabilities and properties while achieving the features of services orchestration component(s) 1082. This affords

advantages over manually programming a set of services that may include, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Ease of development;

Robustness and reliability in execution;

The ability to dynamically add and remove services without disrupting code;

The ability to implement general distributed query optimization algorithms that are driven by the properties and capabilities rather than hard coded to specific 10 services or APIs.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of services orchestration component(s) **1082** may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database 15 information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Examples of different types of data which may be accessed by services orchestration component(s) **1082** may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations 20 thereof):

Instantiations of domain models;

Syntactic and semantic parses of natural language input; Instantiations of task models (with values for parameters); Dialog and task flow models and/or selected steps within 25 them;

Service capability models 1088;

Any other information available in an active ontology 1050.

Referring now to FIG. **37**, there is shown an example of 30 a procedure for executing a service orchestration procedure according to one embodiment.

In this particular example, it is assumed a single user is interesting in finding a good place for dinner at a restaurant, and is engaging intelligent automated assistant **1002** in a 35 conversation to help provide this service.

Consider the task of finding restaurants that are of high quality, are well reviewed, near a particular location, available for reservation at a particular time, and serve a particular kind of food. The method begins 400. These domain and 40 task parameters are given as input 390.

At 402, it is determined whether the given request may require any services. In some situations, services delegation may not be required, for example if assistant 1002 is able to perform the desired task itself. For example, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 may be able to answer a factual question without invoking services delegation. Accordingly, if the request does not require services, then standalone flow step is executed in 403 and its result 490 is returned. For example, if the task request was to ask for information about automated assistant 1002 itself, then the dialog response may be handled without invoking any external services.

If, in step 402, it is determined that services delegation is required, services orchestration component(s) 1082 proceed to step 404. In 404, services orchestration component(s) 55 1082 may match up the task requirements with declarative descriptions of the capabilities and properties of services in service capability models 1088. At least one service provider that might support the instantiated operation provides declarative, qualitative metadata detailing, for example, one 60 or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

the data fields that are returned with results;

which classes of parameters the service provider is statically known to support;

policy functions for parameters the service provider might 65 be able to support after dynamic inspection of the parameter values;

**52** 

a performance rating defining how the service performs (e.g. relational DB, web service, triple store, full-text index, or some combination thereof);

property quality ratings statically defining the expected quality of property values returned with the result object:

an overall quality rating of the results the service may expect to return.

For example, reasoning about the classes of parameters that service may support, a service model may state that services 1, 2, 3, and 4 may provide restaurants that are near a particular location (a parameter), services 2 and 3 may filter or rank restaurants by quality (another parameter), services 3, 4, and 5 may return reviews for restaurants (a data field returned), service 6 may list the food types served by restaurants (a data field returned), and service 7 may check availability of restaurants for particular time ranges (a parameter). Services 8 through 99 offer capabilities that are not required for this particular domain and task.

Using this declarative, qualitative metadata, the task, the task parameters, and other information available from the runtime environment of the assistant, services orchestration component(s) 1082 determines 404 an optimal set of service providers to invoke. The optimal set of service providers may support one or more task parameters (returning results that satisfy one or more parameters) and also considers the performance rating of at least one service provider and the overall quality rating of at least one service provider.

The result of step **404** is a dynamically generated list of services to call for this particular user and request.

In at least one embodiment, services orchestration component(s) **1082** considers the reliability of services as well as their ability to answer specific information requests.

In at least one embodiment, services orchestration component(s) **1082** hedges against unreliability by calling overlapping or redundant services.

In at least one embodiment, services orchestration component(s) 1082 considers personal information about the user (from the short term personal memory component) to select services. For example, the user may prefer some rating services over others.

In step 450, services orchestration component(s) 1082 dynamically and automatically invokes multiple services on behalf of a user. In at least one embodiment, these are called dynamically while responding to a user's request. According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of the services may be concurrently called. In at least one embodiment, these are called over a network using APIs, or over a network using web service APIs, or over the Internet using web service APIs, or any combination thereof.

In at least one embodiment, the rate at which services are called is programmatically limited and/or managed.

Referring now also to FIG. 38, there is shown an example of a service invocation procedure 450 according to one embodiment. Service invocation is used, for example, to obtain additional information or to perform tasks by the use of external services. In one embodiment, request parameters are transformed as appropriate for the service's API. Once results are received from the service, the results are transformed to a results representation for presentation to the user within assistant 1002.

In at least one embodiment, services invoked by service invocation procedure **450** can be a web service, application running on the device, operating system function, or the like.

Representation of request 390 is provided, including for example task parameters and the like. For at least one service available from service capability models 1088, ser-

vice invocation procedure 450 performs transformation 452, calling 454, and output-mapping 456 steps.

In transformation step **452**, the current task parameters from request representation **390** are transformed into a form that may be used by at least one service. Parameters to services, which may be offered as APIs or databases, may differ from the data representation used in task requests, and also from at least one other. Accordingly, the objective of step **452** is to map at least one task parameter in the one or more corresponding formats and values in at least one service being called.

For example, the names of businesses such as restaurants may vary across services that deal with such businesses. Accordingly, step **452** would involve transforming any names into forms that are best suited for at least one service.

As another example, locations are known at various levels of precision and using various units and conventions across services. Service 1 might may require ZIP codes, service 2 GPS coordinates, and service 3 postal street addresses.

The service is called **454** over an API and its data gathered. In at least one embodiment, the results **410** are cached. In at least one embodiment, the services that do not return within a specified level performance (e.g., as specified in Service Level Agreement or SLA) are dropped.

In output mapping step **456**, the data returned by a service is mapped back onto unified result representation **490**. This step may include dealing with different formats, units, and so forth.

In step 412, results from multiple services are validated 30 and merged. In one embodiment, if validated results are collected, an equality policy function—defined on a perdomain basis—is then called pair-wise across one or more results to determine which results represent identical concepts in the real world. When a pair of equal results is 35 discovered, a set of property policy functions—also defined on a per-domain basis—are used to merge property values into a merged result. The property policy function may use the property quality ratings from the service capability models, the task parameters, the domain context, and/or the 40 long-term personal memory 1054 to decide the optimal merging strategy.

For example, lists of restaurants from different providers of restaurants might be merged and duplicates removed. In at least one embodiment, the criteria for identifying duplicates may include fuzzy name matching, fuzzy location matching, fuzzy matching against multiple properties of domain entities, such as name, location, phone number, and/or website address, and/or any combination thereof.

In step 414, the results are sorted and trimmed to return 50 a result list of the desired length.

In at least one embodiment, a request relaxation loop is also applied. If, in step **416**, services orchestration component(s) **1082** determines that the current result list is not sufficient (e.g., it has fewer than the desired number of 55 matching items), then task parameters may be relaxed **420** to allow for more results. For example, if the number of restaurants of the desired sort found within N miles of the target location is too small, then relaxation would run the request again, looking in an area larger than N miles away, 60 and/or relaxing some other parameter of the search.

In at least one embodiment, the service orchestration method is applied in a second pass to "annotate" results with auxiliary data that is useful to the task.

In step 418, services orchestration component(s) 1082 65 determines whether annotation is required. It may be required if, for example, if the task may require a plot of the

54

results on a map, but the primary services did not return geocoordinates required for mapping.

In 422, service capability models 1088 are consulted again to find services that may return the desired extra information. In one embodiment, the annotation process determines if additional or better data may be annotated to a merged result. It does this by delegating to a property policy function—defined on a per-domain basis—for at least one property of at least one merged result. The property policy function may use the merged property value and property quality rating, the property quality ratings of one or more other service providers, the domain context, and/or the user profile to decide if better data may be obtained. If it is determined that one or more service providers may annotate one or more properties for a merged result, a cost function is invoked to determine the optimal set of service providers to annotate

At least one service provider in the optimal set of annotation service providers is then invoked **450** with the list of merged results, to obtain results **424**. The changes made to at least one merged result by at least one service provider are tracked during this process, and the changes are then merged using the same property policy function process as was used in step **412**. Their results are merged **426** into the existing result set.

The resulting data is sorted **428** and unified into a uniform representation **490**.

It may be appreciated that one advantage of the methods and systems described above with respect to services orchestration component(s) 1082 is that they may be advantageously applied and/or utilized in various fields of technology other than those specifically relating to intelligent automated assistants. Examples of such other areas of technologies where aspects and/or features of service orchestration procedures include, for example, one or more of the following:

Dynamic "mash ups" on websites and web-based applications and services;

Distributed database query optimization;

Dynamic service oriented architecture configuration.

Service Capability Models Component(s) 1088

In at least one embodiment, service capability models component(s) 1088 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Provide machine readable information about the capabilities of services to perform certain classes of computation;

Provide machine readable information about the capabilities of services to answer certain classes of queries;

Provide machine readable information about which classes of transactions are provided by various services; Provide machine readable information about the parameters to APIs exposed by various services;

Provide machine readable information about the parameters that may be used in database queries on databases provided by various services.

### Output Processor Component(s) 1090

In at least one embodiment, output processor component(s) 1090 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Format output data that is represented in a uniform internal data structure into forms and layouts that render it appropriately on different modalities. Output

data may include, for example, communication in natural language between the intelligent automated assistant and the user; data about domain entities, such as properties of restaurants, movies, products, and the like; domain specific data results from information services, such as weather reports, flight status checks, prices, and the like; and/or interactive links and buttons that enable the user to respond by directly interacting with the output presentation.

Render output data for modalities that may include, for example, any combination of: graphical user interfaces; text messages; email messages; sounds; animations; and/or speech output.

Dynamically render data for different graphical user interface display engines based on the request. For example, use different output processing layouts and formats depending on which web browser and/or device is being used.

Render output data in different speech voices dynami- 20 cally.

Dynamically render to specified modalities based on user preferences.

Dynamically render output using user-specific "skins" that customize the look and feel.

Send a stream of output packages to a modality, showing intermediate status, feedback, or results throughout phases of interaction with assistant 1002.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of output processor component(s) 1090 may be 30 concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processor(s) 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of output processor component(s) 1090 may be 35 performed, implemented and/or initiated by one or more of the following types of systems, components, systems, devices, procedures, processes, and the like (or combinations thereof):

software modules within the client or server of an 40 embodiment of an intelligent automated assistant; remotely callable services;

using a mix of templates and procedural code.

Referring now to FIG. 39, there is shown a flow diagram depicting an example of a multiphase output procedure 45 according to one embodiment. The multiphase output procedure includes automated assistant 1002 processing steps 702 and multiphase output steps 704

In step 710, a speech input utterance is obtained and a speech-to-text component (such as component described in 50 connection with FIG. 22) interprets the speech to produce a set of candidate speech interpretations 712. In one embodiment, speech-to-text component is implemented using, for example, Nuance Recognizer, available from Nuance Communications, Inc. of Burlington, Mass. Candidate speech 55 interpretations 712 may be shown to the user in 730, for example in paraphrased form. For example, the interface might show "did you say?" alternatives listing a few possible alternative textual interpretations of the same speech sound sample.

In at least one embodiment, a user interface is provided to enable the user to interrupt and choose among the candidate speech interpretations.

In step 714, the candidate speech interpretations 712 are sent to a language interpreter 1070, which may produce representations of user intent 716 for at least one candidate speech interpretation 712. In step 732, paraphrases of these

56

representations of user intent 716 are generated and presented to the user. (See related step 132 of procedure 120 in FIG. 22).

In at least one embodiment, the user interface enables the user to interrupt and choose among the paraphrases of natural language interpretations 732.

In step **718**, task and dialog analysis is performed. In step **734**, task and domain interpretations are presented to the user using an intent paraphrasing algorithm.

Referring now also to FIG. 40, there is shown a screen shot depicting an example of output processing according to one embodiment. Screen 4001 includes echo 4002 of the user's speech input, generated by step 730. Screen 4001 further includes paraphrase 4003 of the user's intent, generated by step 734. In one embodiment, as depicted in the example of FIG. 40, special formatting/highlighting is used for key words such as "events", which may be used to facilitate training of the user for interaction with intelligent automated assistant 1002. For example, by visually observing the formatting of the displayed text, the user may readily identify and interpret back the intelligent automated assistant recognizes keywords such as "events", "next Wednesday", "San Francisco", and the like.

Returning to FIG. 39, as requests are dispatched 720 to services and results are dynamically gathered, intermediate results may be displayed in the form of real-time progress 736. For example, a list of restaurants may be returned and then their reviews may be populated dynamically as the results from the reviews services arrive. Services can include web-enabled services and/or services that access information stored locally on the device and/or from any other source.

A uniform representation of response 722 is generated and formatted 724 for the appropriate output modality. After the final output format is completed, a different kind of paraphrase may be offered in 738. In this phase, the entire result set may be analyzed and compared against the initial request. A summary of results or answer to a question may then be offered.

Referring also to FIG. 41, there is shown another example of output processing according to one embodiment. Screen 4101 depicts paraphrase 4102 of the text interpretation, generated by step 732, real-time progress 4103 generated by step 736, and paraphrased summary 4104 generated by step 738. Also included are detailed results 4105.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 is capable of generating output in multiple modes. Referring now to FIG. 42, there is shown a flow diagram depicting an example of multimodal output processing according to one embodiment.

The method begins 600. Output processor 1090 takes uniform representation of response 490 and formats 612 the response according to the device and modality that is appropriate and applicable. Step 612 may include information from device and modality models 610 and/or domain data models 614.

Once response 490 has been formatted 612, any of a number of different output mechanisms can be used, in any combination. Examples depicted in FIG. 42 include:

Generating **620** text message output, which is sent **630** to a text message channel;

Generating 622 email output, which is sent 632 as an email message;

Generating **624** GUI output, which is sent **634** to a device or web browser for rendering;

Generating 626 speech output, which is sent 636 to a speech generation module.

One skilled in the art will recognize that many other output mechanisms can be used.

In one embodiment, the content of output messages generated by mul-tiphase output procedure **700** is tailored to the mode of multimodal output processing **600**. For sexample, if the output modality is speech **626**, the language of used to paraphrase user input **730**, text interpretations **732**, task and domain interpretations **734**, progress **736**, and/or result summaries **738** may be more or less verbose or use sentences that are easier to comprehend in audible form than in written form. In one embodiment, the language is tailored in the steps of the multiphase output procedure **700**; in other embodiments, the multiphase output procedure **700** produces an intermediate result that is further refined into specific language by multimodal output processing **600**. Short Term Personal Memory Component(s) **1052** 

In at least one embodiment, short term personal memory component(s) 1052 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, 20 and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Keep a history of the recent dialog between the embodiment of the assistant and the user, including the history of user inputs and their interpretations;

Keep a history of recent selections by the user in the GUI, such as which items were opened or explored, which phone numbers were called, which items were mapped, which movie trailers where played, and the like:

Store the history of the dialog and user interactions in a 30 database on the client, the server in a user-specific session, or in client session state such as web browser cookies or RAM used by the client;

Store the list of recent user requests;

Store the sequence of results of recent user requests; Store the click-stream history of UI events, including button presses, taps, gestures, voice activated triggers, and/or any other user input.

Store device sensor data (such as location, time, positional orientation, motion, light level, sound level, and the 40 like) which might be correlated with interactions with the assistant.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of short term personal memory component(s) **1052** may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the 45 use of one or more processors **63** and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of short term personal memory component(s) 1052 may be initiated in response to detection 50 of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of minimum threshold criteria for triggering initiation of at least one instance of short term personal memory component(s) 1052. For example, short term personal memory component(s) 1052 may be invoked when 55 there is a user session with the embodiment of assistant 1002, on at least one input form or action by the user or response by the system.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of short term personal memory component(s) 1052 may access and/or 60 utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. For example, short term personal memory component(s) 1052 may access 65 data from long-term personal memory components(s) 1054 (for example, to obtain user identity and personal prefer-

58

ences) and/or data from the local device about time and location, which may be included in short term memory entries.

Referring now to FIGS. 43A and 43B, there are shown screen shots depicting an example of the use of short term personal memory component(s) 1052 to maintain dialog context while changing location, according to one embodiment. In this example, the user has asked about the local weather, then just says "in new york". Screen 4301 shows the initial response, including local weather. When the user says "in new york", assistant 1002 uses short term personal memory component(s) 1052 to access the dialog context and thereby determine that the current domain is weather forecasts. This enables assistant 1002 to interpret the new utterance "in new york" to mean "what is the weather forecast in New York this coming Tuesday?". Screen 4302 shows the appropriate response, including weather forecasts for New York.

In the example of FIGS. **43**A and **43**B, what was stored in short term memory was not only the words of the input "is it going to rain the day after tomorrow?" but the system's semantic interpretation of the input as the weather domain and the time parameter set to the day after tomorrow.

Long-Term Personal Memory Component(s) 1054

In at least one embodiment, long-term personal memory component(s) **1054** may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

To persistently store the personal information and data about a user, including for example his or her preferences, identities, authentication credentials, accounts, addresses, and the like;

To store information that the user has collected by using the embodiment of assistant 1002, such as the equivalent of bookmarks, favorites, clippings, and the like;

To persistently store saved lists of business entities including restaurants, hotels, stores, theaters and other venues. In one embodiment, long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 saves more than just the names or URLs, but also saves the information sufficient to bring up a full listing on the entities including phone numbers, locations on a map, photos, and the like:

To persistently store saved movies, videos, music, shows, and other items of entertainment:

To persistently store the user's personal calendar(s), to do list(s), reminders and alerts, contact databases, social network lists, and the like;

To persistently store shopping lists and wish lists for products and services, coupons and discount codes acquired, and the like;

To persistently store the history and receipts for transactions including reservations, purchases, tickets to events, and the like.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 may be performed, implemented and/or initiated using one or more databases and/or files on (or associated with) clients 1304 and/or servers 1340, and/or residing on storage devices.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of minimum threshold criteria for triggering 5 initiation of at least one instance of long-term personal memory component(s) 1054. Various examples of conditions or events which may trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 may 10 include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

Long term personal memory entries may be acquired as a side effect of the user interacting with an embodiment of assistant 1002. Any kind of interaction with the 15 assistant may produce additions to the long term personal memory, including browsing, searching, finding, shopping, scheduling, purchasing, reserving, communicating with other people via an assistant.

Long term personal memory may also be accumulated as 20 a consequence of users signing up for an account or service, enabling assistant 1002 access to accounts on other services, using an assistant 1002 service on a client device with access to other personal information databases such as calendars, to-do lists, contact lists, 25 and the like.

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 may access and/or utilize information from one or more associated databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices, which may be located, for example, at client(s) 1304 and/or server(s) 1340. Examples of different types of data which may be accessed by long-term personal memory component(s) 1054 may include, but are not limited to data from other personal information databases such as contact or friend lists, calendars, to-do lists, other list managers, personal account and wallet managers provided by external services 1360, and the like.

Referring now to FIGS. 44A through 44C, there are shown screen shots depicting an example of the use of long term personal memory component(s) 1054, according to one embodiment. In the example, a feature is provided (named "My Stuff"), which includes access to saved entities such as 45 restaurants, movies, and businesses that are found via interactive sessions with an embodiment of assistant 1002. In screen 4401 of FIG. 44A, the user has found a restaurant. The user taps on Save to My Stuff 4402, which saves information about the restaurant in long-term personal 50 memory component(s) 1054.

Screen **4403** of FIG. **44**B depicts user access to My Stuff. In one embodiment, the user can select among categories to navigate to the desired item.

Screen **4404** of FIG. **44**C depicts the My Restaurant 55 category, including items previously stored in My Stuff. Automated Call and Response Procedure

Referring now to FIG. 33, there is shown a flow diagram depicting an automatic call and response procedure, according to one embodiment. The procedure of FIG. 33 may be 60 implemented in connection with one or more embodiments of intelligent automated assistant 1002. It may be appreciated that intelligent automated assistant 1002 as depicted in FIG. 1 is merely one example from a wide range of intelligent automated assistant system embodiments which 65 may be implemented. Other embodiments of intelligent automated assistant systems (not shown) may include addi-

60

tional, fewer and/or different components/features than those illustrated, for example, in the example intelligent automated assistant 1002 depicted in FIG. 1.

In at least one embodiment, the automated call and response procedure of FIG. 33 may be operable to perform and/or implement various types of functions, operations, actions, and/or other features such as, for example, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

The automated call and response procedure of FIG. 33 may provide an interface control flow loop of a conversational interface between the user and intelligent automated assistant 1002. At least one iteration of the automated call and response procedure may serve as a ply in the conversation. A conversational interface is an interface in which the user and assistant 1002 communicate by making utterances back and forth in a conversational manner.

The automated call and response procedure of FIG. 33 may provide the executive control flow for intelligent automated assistant 1002. That is, the procedure controls the gathering of input, processing of input, generation of output, and presentation of output to the user.

The automated call and response procedure of FIG. 33 may coordinate communications among components of intelligent automated assistant 1002. That is, it may direct where the output of one component feeds into another, and where the overall input from the environment and action on the environment may occur.

In at least some embodiments, portions of the automated call and response procedure may also be implemented at other devices and/or systems of a computer network.

According to specific embodiments, multiple instances or threads of the automated call and response procedure may be concurrently implemented and/or initiated via the use of one or more processors 63 and/or other combinations of hardware and/or hardware and software. In at least one embodiment, one or more or selected portions of the automated call and response procedure may be implemented at one or more client(s) 1304, at one or more server(s) 1340, and/or combinations thereof

For example, in at least some embodiments, various aspects, features, and/or functionalities of the automated call and response procedure may be performed, implemented and/or initiated by software components, network services, databases, and/or the like, or any combination thereof.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of the automated call and response procedure may be initiated in response to detection of one or more conditions or events satisfying one or more different types of criteria (such as, for example, minimum threshold criteria) for triggering initiation of at least one instance of automated call and response procedure. Examples of various types of conditions or events which may trigger initiation and/or implementation of one or more different threads or instances of the automated call and response procedure may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following (or combinations thereof):

- a user session with an instance of intelligent automated assistant 1002, such as, for example, but not limited to, one or more of:
  - a mobile device application starting up, for instance, a mobile device application that is implementing an embodiment of intelligent automated assistant 1002;
  - a computer application starting up, for instance, an application that is implementing an embodiment of intelligent automated assistant 1002;

- a dedicated button on a mobile device pressed, such as a "speech input button";
- a button on a peripheral device attached to a computer or mobile device, such as a headset, telephone handset or base station, a GPS navigation system, consumer appliance, remote control, or any other device with a button that might be associated with invoking assistance;
- a web session started from a web browser to a website implementing intelligent automated assistant **1002**: 10
- an interaction started from within an existing web browser session to a website implementing intelligent automated assistant 1002, in which, for example, intelligent automated assistant 1002 service is requested;
- an email message sent to a modality server **1426** that is mediating communication with an embodiment of intelligent automated assistant **1002**;
- a text message is sent to a modality server **1430** that is mediating communication with an embodiment of 20 intelligent automated assistant **1002**;
- a phone call is made to a modality server **1434** that is mediating communication with an embodiment of intelligent automated assistant **1002**;
- an event such as an alert or notification is sent to an 25 application that is providing an embodiment of intelligent automated assistant 1002.

when a device that provides intelligent automated assistant 1002 is turned on and/or started.

According to different embodiments, one or more different threads or instances of the automated call and response procedure may be initiated and/or implemented manually, automatically, statically, dynamically, concurrently, and/or combinations thereof. Additionally, different instances and/or embodiments of the automated call and response procedure may be initiated at one or more different time intervals (e.g., during a specific time interval, at regular periodic intervals, at irregular periodic intervals, upon demand, and the like).

In at least one embodiment, a given instance of the 40 automated call and response procedure may utilize and/or generate various different types of data and/or other types of information when performing specific tasks and/or operations. This may include, for example, input data/information and/or output data/information. For example, in at least one 45 embodiment, at least one instance of the automated call and response procedure may access, process, and/or otherwise utilize information from one or more different types of sources, such as, for example, one or more databases. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the database 50 information may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. Additionally, at least one instance of the automated call and response procedure may generate one or more different types of output data/information, which, for example, may be stored in local 55 memory and/or remote memory devices.

In at least one embodiment, initial configuration of a given instance of the automated call and response procedure may be performed using one or more different types of initialization parameters. In at least one embodiment, at least 60 a portion of the initialization parameters may be accessed via communication with one or more local and/or remote memory devices. In at least one embodiment, at least a portion of the initialization parameters provided to an instance of the automated call and response procedure may 65 correspond to and/or may be derived from the input data/information.

62

In the particular example of FIG. 33, it is assumed that a single user is accessing an instance of intelligent automated assistant 1002 over a network from a client application with speech input capabilities. The user is interested in finding a good place for dinner at a restaurant, and is engaging intelligent automated assistant 1002 in a conversation to help provide this service.

In step 100, the user is prompted to enter a request. The user interface of the client offers several modes of input, as described in connection with FIG. 26. These may include, for example:

- an interface for typed input, which may invoke an active typed-input elicitation procedure as illustrated in FIG. 11;
- an interface for speech input, which may invoke an active speech input elicitation procedure as illustrated in FIG. 22.
- an interface for selecting inputs from a menu, which may invoke active GUI-based input elicitation as illustrated in FIG. 23.

One skilled in the art will recognize that other input modes may be provided.

In one embodiment, step 100 may include presenting options remaining from a previous conversation with assistant 1002, for example using the techniques described in the active dialog suggestion input elicitation procedure described in connection with FIG. 24.

For example, by one of the methods of active input elicitation in step 100, the user might say to assistant 1002, "where may I get some good Italian around here?" For example, the user might have spoken this into a speech input component. An embodiment of an active input elicitation component 1094 calls a speech-to-text service, asks the user for confirmation, and then represents the confirmed user input as a uniform annotated input format 2690.

An embodiment of language interpreter component 1070 is then called in step 200, as described in connection with FIG. 29. Language interpreter component 1070 parses the text input and generates a list of possible interpretations of the user's intent 290. In one parse, the word "italian" is associated with restaurants of style Italian; "good" is associated with the recommendation property of restaurants; and "around here" is associated with a location parameter describing a distance from a global sensor reading (for example, the user's location as given by GPS on a mobile device).

In step 300, the representation of the user's intent 290 is passed to dialog flow processor 1080, which implements an embodiment of a dialog and flow analysis procedure as described in connection with FIG. 32. Dialog flow processor 1080 determines which interpretation of intent is most likely, maps this interpretation to instances of domain models and parameters of a task model, and determines the next flow step in a dialog flow. In the current example, a restaurant domain model is instantiated with a constrained selection task to find a restaurant by constraints (the cuisine style, recommendation level, and proximity constraints). The dialog flow model indicates that the next step is to get some examples of restaurants meeting these constraints and present them to the user.

In step 400, an embodiment of the flow and service orchestration procedure 400 is invoked, via services orchestration component 1082. It invokes a set of services 1084 on behalf of the user's request to find a restaurant. In one embodiment, these services 1084 contribute some data to a

common result. Their data are merged and the resulting list of restaurants is represented in a uniform, service-independent form

In step **500**, output processor **1092** generates a dialog summary of the results, such as, "1 found some recommended Italian restaurants near here." Output processor **1092** combines this summary with the output result data, and then sends the combination to a module that formats the output for the user's particular mobile device in step **600**.

In step **700**, this device-specific output package is sent to 10 the mobile device, and the client software on the device renders it on the screen (or other output device) of the mobile device.

The user browses this presentation, and decides to explore different options. If the user is done **790**, the method ends. 15 If the user is not done **490**, another iteration of the loop is initiated by returning to step **100**.

The automatic call and response procedure may be applied, for example to a user's query "how about mexican food?". Such input may be elicited in step 100. In step 200, 20 the input is interpreted as restaurants of style Mexican, and combined with the other state (held in short term personal memory 1052) to support the interpretation of the same intent as the last time, with one change in the restaurant style parameter. In step 300, this updated intent produces a 25 refinement of the request, which is given to service orchestration component(s) 1082 in step 400.

In step 400 the updated request is dispatched to multiple services 1084, resulting in a new set of restaurants which are summarized in dialog in 500, formatted for the device in 30 600, and sent over the network to show new information on the user's mobile device in step 700.

In this case, the user finds a restaurant of his or her liking, shows it on a map, and sends directions to a friend.

One skilled in the art will recognize that different embodiments of the automated call and response procedure (not shown) may include additional features and/or operations than those illustrated in the specific embodiment of FIG. 33, and/or may omit at least a portion of the features and/or operations of automated call and response procedure illustrated in the specific embodiment of FIG. 33.

Constrained Selection

In one embodiment, intelligent automated assistant 1002 uses constrained selection in its interactions with the user, so as to more effectively identify and present items that are 45 likely to be of interest to the user.

Constrained selection is a kind of generic task. Generic tasks are abstractions that characterize the kinds of domain objects, inputs, outputs, and control flow that are common among a class of tasks. A constrained selection task is 50 performed by selecting items from a choice set of domain objects (such as restaurants) based on selection constraints (such as a desired cuisine or location). In one embodiment, assistant 1002 helps the user explore the space of possible choices, eliciting the user's constraints and preferences, 55 presenting choices, and offering actions to perform on those choices such as to reserve, buy, remember, or share them. The task is complete when the user selects one or more items on which to perform the action.

Constrained selection is useful in many contexts: for 60 example, picking a movie to see, a restaurant for dinner, a hotel for the night, a place to buy a book, or the like. In general, constrained selection is useful when one knows the category and needs to select an instance of the category with some desired properties.

One conventional approach to constrained selection is a directory service. The user picks a category and the system 64

offers a list of choices. In a local directory, one may constrain the directory to a location, such as a city. For instance, in a "yellow pages" service, users select the book for a city and then look up the category, and the book shows one or more items for that category. The main problem with a directory service is that the number of possibly relevant choices is large (e.g., restaurants in a given city).

Another conventional approach is a database application, which provides a way to generate a choice set by eliciting a query from the user, retrieving matching items, and presenting the items in some way that highlights salient features. The user browses the rows and columns of the result set, possibly sorting the results or changing the query until he or she finds some suitable candidates. The problem with the database service is that it may require the user to operationalize their human need as a formal query and to use the abstract machinery of sort, filter, and browse to explore the resulting data. These are difficult for most people to do, even with graphical user interfaces.

A third conventional approach is open-ended search, such as "local search". Search is easy to do, but there are several problems with search services that make them difficult for people to accomplish the task of constrained selection. Specifically:

- As with directory search, the user may not just enter a category and look at one or more possible choice, but must narrow down the list.
- If the user can narrow the selection by constraints, it is not obvious what constraints may be used (e.g., may I search for places that are within walking distance or are open late?)
- It is not clear how to state constraints (e.g., is it called cuisine or restaurant type, and what are the possible values?)
- Multiple preferences conflict; there is usually no objectively "best" answer to a given situation (e.g., I want a place that is close by and cheap serving gourmet food with excellent service and which is open until midnight).
- Preferences are relative, and they depend on what is available. For example, if the user may get a table at a highly rated restaurant, he or she might choose it even though it is expensive. In general, though, the user would prefer less expensive options.

In various embodiments, assistant 1002 of the present invention helps streamline the task of constrained selection. In various embodiments, assistant 1002 employs database and search services, as well as other functionality, to reduce the effort, on the part of the user, of stating what he or she is looking for, considering what is available, and deciding on a satisfactory solution.

In various embodiments, assistant 1002 helps to make constrained selection simpler for humans in any of a number of different ways.

For example, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 may operationalize properties into constraints. The user states what he or she wants in terms of properties of the desired outcome. Assistant 1002 operationalizes this input into formal constraints. For example, instead of saying "find one or more restaurants less than 2 miles from the center of Palo Alto whose cuisine includes Italian food" the user may just say "Italian restaurants in palo alto". Assistant 1002 may also operationalize qualities requested by the user that are not parameters to a database. For example, if the user requests romantic restaurants, the system may operationalize this as a text search or tag matching constraint. In this manner, assistant 1002 helps overcome some of the prob-

lems users may otherwise have with constrained selection. It is easier, for a user, to imagine and describe a satisfactory solution than to describe conditions that would distinguish suitable from unsuitable solutions.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 may suggest useful 5 selection criteria, and the user need only say which criteria are important at the moment. For example, assistant 1002 may ask "which of these matter: price (cheaper is better), location (closer is better), rating (higher rated is better)?" Assistant 1002 may also suggest criteria that may require 10 specific values; for example, "you can say what kind of cuisine you would like or a food item you would like".

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 may help the user make a decision among choices that differ on a number of competing criteria (for example, price, quality, availability, 15 and convenience).

By providing such guidance, assistant 1002 may help users in making multi-parametric decisions in any of several ways:

One is to reduce the dimensionality of the space, combining raw data such as ratings from multiple sources into a composite "recommendation" score. The composite score may take into account domain knowledge about the sources of data (e.g., Zagat ratings may be more predictive of quality than Yelp).

Another approach is to focus on a subset of criteria, turning a problem of "what are all the possible criteria to consider and how to they combine?" into a selection of the most important criteria in a given situation (e.g., "which is more important, price or proximity?").

Another way to simply the decision making is to assume default values and preference orders (e.g., all things being equal, higher rated and closer and cheaper are better). The system may also remember users' previous responses that indicate their default values and preferences.

Fourth, the system may offer salient properties of items in the choice set that were not mentioned in the original request. For example, the user may have asked for local Italian food. The system may offer a choice set of 40 restaurants, and with them, a list of popular tags used by reviewers or a tag line from a guide book (e.g., "a nice spot for a date" "great pasta"). This could let people pick out a specific item and complete the task. Research shows that most people make decisions by 45 evaluating specific instances rather than deciding on criteria and rationally accepting the one that pops to the top. It also shows that people learn about features from concrete cases. For example, when choosing among cars, buyers may not care about navigation systems 50 until they see that some of the cars have them (and then the navigation system may become an important criterion). Assistant 1002 may present salient properties of listed items that help people pick a winner or that suggest a dimension along which to optimize.

#### Conceptual Data Model

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 offers assistance with the constrained selection task by simplifying the conceptual data model. The conceptual data model is the abstraction presented to users in the interface of assistant 1002. To 60 overcome the psychological problems described above, in one embodiment assistant 1002 provides a model that allows users to describe what they want in terms of a few easily recognized and recalled properties of suitable choices rather than constraint expressions. In this manner, properties can be 65 made easy to compose in natural language requests (e.g., adjectives modifying keyword markers) and be recognizable

66

in prompts ("you may also favor recommended restaurants ..."). In one embodiment, a data model is used that allows assistant 1002 to determine the domain of interest (e.g., restaurants versus hotels) and a general approach to guidance that may be instantiated with domain-specific properties

In one embodiment, the conceptual data model used by assistant 1002 includes a selection class. This is a representation of the space of things from which to choose. For example, in the find-a-restaurant application, the selection class is the class of restaurants. The selection class may be abstract and have subclasses, such as "things to do while in a destination". In one embodiment, the conceptual data model assumes that, in a given problem solving situation, the user is interested in choosing from a single selection class. This assumption simplifies the interaction and also allows assistant 1002 to declare its boundaries of competence ("1 know about restaurants, hotels, and movies" as opposed to "1 know about life in the city").

Given a selection class, in one embodiment the data model presented to the user for the constrained selection task includes, for example: items; item features; selection criteria; and constraints.

Items are instances of the selection class.

Item features are properties, attributes, or computed values that may be presented and/or associated with at least one item. For example, the name and phone number of a restaurant are item features. Features may be intrinsic (the name or cuisine of a restaurant) or relational (e.g., the distance from one's current location of interest). They may be static (e.g., restaurant name) or dynamic (rating). They may be composite values computed from other data (e.g., a "value for money" score). Item features are abstractions for the user made by the domain modeler; they do not need to correspond to underlying data from back-end services.

Selection criteria are item features that may be used to compare the value or relevance of items. That is, they are ways to say which items are preferred. Selection criteria are modeled as features of the items themselves, whether they are intrinsic properties or computed. For example, proximity (defined as distance from the location of interest) is a selection criterion. Location in space-time is a property, not a selection criterion, and it is used along with the location of interest to compute the distance from the location of interest.

Selection criteria may have an inherent preference order. That is, the values of any particular criterion may be used to line up items in a best first order. For example, the proximity criterion has an inherent preference that closer is better. Location, on the other hand, has no inherent preference value. This restriction allows the system to make default assumptions and guide the selection if the user only mentions the criterion. For example, the user interface might offer to "sort by rating" and assume that higher rated is better.

One or more selection criteria are also item features; they are those features related to choosing among possible items. However, item features are not necessarily related to a preference (e.g., the names and phone numbers of restaurants are usually irrelevant to choosing among them).

In at least one embodiment, constraints are restrictions on the desired values of the selection criteria. Formally, constraints might be represented as set membership (e.g., cuisine type includes Italian), pattern matches (e.g., restaurant review text includes "romantic"), fuzzy inequalities (e.g., distance less than a few miles), qualitative thresholds (e.g., highly rated), or more complex functions (e.g., a good value for money). To make things simple enough for normal

humans, this data model reduces at least one or more constraints to symbolic values that may be matched as words. Time and distance may be excluded from this reduction. In one embodiment, the operators and threshold values used for implementing constraints are hidden from the user. For example, a constraint on the selection criteria called "cuisine" may be represented as a symbolic value such as "Italian" or "Chinese". A constraint on rating is "recommended" (a binary choice). For time and distance, in one embodiment assistant 1002 uses proprietary representations that handle a range of inputs and constraint values. For example, distance might be "walking distance" and time might be "tonight"; in one embodiment, assistant 1002 uses special processing to match such input to more precise data.

In at least one embodiment, some constraints may be required constraints. This means that the task simply cannot be completed without this data. For example, it is hard to pick a restaurant without some notion of desired location, even if one knows the name.

To summarize, a domain is modeled as selection classes with item features that are important to users. Some of the features are used to select and order items offered to the user—these features are called selection criteria. Constraints are symbolic limits on the selection criteria that narrow the 25 set of items to those that match.

Often, multiple criteria may compete and constraints may match partially. The data model reduces the selection problem from an optimization (finding the best solution) to a matching problem (finding items that do well on a set of 30 specified criteria and match a set of symbolic constraints). The algorithms for selecting criteria and constraints and determining an ordering are described in the next section. Methodology for Constrained Selection

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 performs constrained 35 selection by taking as input an ordered list of criteria, with implicit or explicit constraints on at least one, and generating a set of candidate items with salient features. Computationally, the selection task may be characterized as a nested search: first, identify a selection class, then identify the 40 important selection criteria, then specify constraints (the boundaries of acceptable solutions), and search through instances in order of best fit to find acceptable items.

Referring now to FIG. 45, there is shown an example of an abstract model 4500 for a constrained selection task as a 45 nested search. In the example assistant 1002 identifies 4505 a selection call among all local search types 4501. The identified class is restaurant. Within the set of all restaurants 4502, assistant 1002 selects 4506 criteria. In the example, the criterion is identified as distance. Within the set of 50 restaurants in PA 4503, assistant 1002 specifies 4507 constraints for the search. In the example, the identified constraint is "Italian cuisine"). Within the set of Italian restaurants in PA 4504, assistant 4508 selects items for presentation to the user.

In one embodiment, such a nested search is what assistant 1002 does once it has the relevant input data, rather than the flow for eliciting the data and presenting results. In one embodiment, such control flow is governed via a dialog between assistant 1002 and the user which operates by other 60 procedures, such as dialog and task flow models. Constrained selection offers a framework for building dialog and task flow models at this level of abstraction (that is, suitable for constrained selection tasks regardless of domain).

Referring now to FIG. **46**, there is shown an example of 65 a dialog **4600** to help guide the user through a search process, so that the relevant input data can be obtained.

68

In the example dialog 4600, the first step is for the user to state the kind of thing they are looking for, which is the selection class. For example, the user might do this by saying "dining in palo alto". This allows assistant 1002 to infer 4601 the task (e.g., constrained selection task 4602) and domain.

Once assistant 1002 has understood the task and domain binding (selection class=restaurants), the next step is to understand which selection criteria are important to this user, for example by soliciting 4603 criteria and/or constraints. In the example above, "in palo alto" indicates a location of interest. In the context of restaurants, the system may interpret a location as a proximity constraint (technically, a constraint on the proximity criterion). Assistant 1002 explains 4604 what is needed, receives input. If there is enough information to constrain the choice set to a reasonable size, then assistant 1002 paraphrases the input and presents 4605 one or more restaurants that meet the proximity constraint, sorted in some useful order. The user can 20 then select 4607 from this list, or refine 4606 the criteria and constraints. Assistant 1002 reasons about the constraints already stated, and uses domain-specific knowledge to suggest other criteria that might help, soliciting constraints on these criteria as well. For example, assistant 1002 may reason that, when recommending restaurants within walking distance of a hotel, the useful criteria to solicit would be cuisine and table availability.

The constrained selection task is complete when the user selects 4607 an instance of the selection class. In one embodiment, additional follow-on tasks 4609 are enabled by assistant 1002. Thus, assistant 1002 can offer services that indicate selection while providing some other value. Examples 4608 booking a restaurant, setting a reminder on a calendar, and/or sharing the selection with others by sending an invitation. For example, booking a restaurant certainly indicates that it was selected; other options might be to put the restaurant on a calendar or send in invitation with directions to friends.

Referring now to FIG. 47, there is shown a flow diagram depicting a method of constrained selection according to one embodiment. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 operates in an opportunistic and mixed-initiative manner, permitting the user to jump to the inner loop, for instance, by stating task, domain, criteria, and constraints one or more at once in the input.

The method begins 4701. Input is received 4702 from the user, according to any of the modes described herein. If, based on the input, the task not known, assistant 1002 requests 4705 clarifying input from the user.

In step 4717, assistant 1002 determines whether the user provides additional input. If so, assistant 1002 returns to step 4702. Otherwise the method ends 4799.

If, in step 4703, the task is known, assistant 1002 determines 4704 whether the task is constrained selection. If not, 55 assistant 1002 proceeds 4706 to the specified task flow.

If, in step 4704, the task is constrained selection, assistant 1002 determines 4707 whether the selection class can be determined. If not, assistant 1002 offers 4708 a choice of known selection classes, and returns to step 4717.

If, in step 4707, the selection class can be determined, assistant 1002 determines 4709 whether all required constraints can be determined. If not, assistant 1002 prompts 4710 for required information, and returns to step 4717.

If, in step 4709, all required constants can be determined, assistant 1002 determines 4711 whether any result items can be found, given the constraints. If there are no items that meet the constraints, assistant 1002 offers 4712 ways to

relax the constraints. For example, assistant 1002 may relax the constraints from lowest to highest precedence, using a filter/sort algorithm. In one embodiment, if there are items that meet some of the constraints, then assistant 1002 may paraphrase the situation (outputting, for example, "I could 5 not find Recommended Greek restaurants that deliver on Sundays in San Carlos. However, I found 3 Greek restaurants and 7 Recommend restaurants in San Carlos."). In one embodiment, if there are no items that match any constraints, then assistant 1002 may paraphrase this situation 10 and prompt for different constraints (outputting, for example, "Sorry, 1 could not find any restaurants in Anytown, Tx. You may pick a different location."). Assistant 1002 returns to step 4717.

If, in step 4711, result items can be found, assistant 1002 15 offers 4713 a list of items. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 paraphrases the currently specified criteria and constraints (outputting, for example, "Here are some recom-Italian restaurants in San (recommended=yes, cuisine=Italian, proximity=<in San 20 Jose>)). In one embodiment, assistant 1002 presents a sorted, paginated list of items that meet the known constraints. If an item only shows some of the constraints, such a condition can be shown as part of the item display. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 offers the user ways to select an 25 item, for example by initiating another task on that item such as booking, remembering, scheduling, or sharing. In one embodiment, on any given item, assistant 1002 presents item features that are salient for picking instances of the selection class. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 shows how the 30 item meets a constraint; for example, Zagat rating of 5 meets the Recommended=yes constraint, and "1 mile away" meets the "within walking distance of an address" constraint. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 allows the user to drill down for more detail on an item, which results in display of 35 more item features.

Assistant 1002 determines 4714 whether the user has selected an item. If the user selects an item, the task is complete. Any follow-on task is performed 4715, if there is one, and the method ends 4799.

If, in step 4714, the user does not select an item, assistant 1002 offers 4716 the user ways to select other criteria and constraints and returns to step 4717. For example, given the currently specified criteria and constraints, assistant 1002 may offer criteria that are most likely to constrain the choice 45 set to a desired size. If the user selects a constraint value, that constraint value is added to the previously determined constraints when steps 4703 to 4713 are repeated.

Since one or more criteria may have an inherent preference value, selecting the criteria may add information to the 50 request. For example, allowing the user to indicate that positive reviews are valued allows assistant 1002 to sort by this criterion. Such information can be taken into account when steps 4703 to 4713 are repeated.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 allows the user to raise 55 the importance of a criterion that is already specified, so that it would be higher in the precedence order. For example, if the user asked for fast, cheap, highly recommended restaurants within one block of their location, assistant 1002 may request that the user chooses which of these criteria are more 60 important. Such information can be taken into account when steps 4703 to 4713 are repeated.

In one embodiment, the user can provide additional input at any point while the method of FIG. 47 is being performed. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 checks periodically or 65 continuously for such input, and, in response, loops back to step 4703 to process it.

70

In one embodiment, when outputting an item or list of items, assistant 1002 indicates, in the presentation of items, the features that were used to select and order them. For example, if the user asked for nearby Italian restaurants, such item features for distance and cuisine may be shown in the presentation of the item. This may include highlighting matches, as well as listing selection criteria that were involved in the presentation of an item.

**Example Domains** 

FIG. **52** provides an example of constrained selection domains that may be handled by assistant **1002** according to various embodiments.

Filtering and Sorting Results

In one embodiment, when presenting items that meet currently specified criteria and constraints, a filter/sort methodology can be employed. In one embodiment selection constraints may serve as both filter and sort parameters to the underlying services. Thus, any selection criterion can be used to determine which items are in the list, and to compute the order in which to paginate and show them. Sort order for this task is akin to relevance rank in search. For example, proximity is a criterion with symbolic constraint values such as "within driving distance" and a general notion of sorting by distance. The "driving distance" constraint might be used to select a group of candidate items. Within that group, closer items might be sorted higher in the list.

In one embodiment, selection constraints and associated filtering and sorting are at discrete "levels", which are functions of both the underlying data and the input from the user. For example, proximity is grouped into levels such as "walking distance", "taxi distance", "driving distance". When sorting, one or more items within walking distance are treated as if they were the same distance. The input from the user may come into play in the way he or she specifies a constraint. If the user enters "in palo alto", for example, then one or more items within the Palo Alto city limits are perfect matches and are equivalent. If the user enters, "near the University Avenue train station" then the match would depend on a distance from that address, with the degree of match dependent on the selection class (e.g., near for restaurants is different than near for hotels). Even within a constraint that may be specified with a continuous value, a discretization may be applied. This may be important for sorting operations, so that multiple criteria may participate in determining the best-first ordering.

In one embodiment, the item list—those items that are considered "matching" or "good enough"—may be shorter or longer than the number of items shown on one "page" of the output. Generally, items in the first page are given the most attention, but conceptually there is a longer list, and pagination is simply a function of the form factor of the output medium. This means, for instance, that if the user is offered a way to sort or browse the items by some criterion, then it is the entire set of items (more than one page worth) that is sorted or browsed.

In one embodiment, there is a precedence ordering among selection criteria. That is, some criteria may matter more than others in the filter and sort. In one embodiment, those criteria selected by the user are given higher precedence than others, and there is a default ordering over one or more criteria. This allows for a general lexicographic sort. The assumption is that there is a meaningful a priori precedence. For example, unless the user states otherwise, it may be more important for a restaurant to be close than to be inexpensive. In one embodiment, the a priori precedence

22 10,7 11,102

ordering is domain-specific. The model allows for user-specific preferences to override the domain defaults, if that is desired.

71

Since the values of constraints can represent several internal data types, there are different ways for constraints to 5 match, and they may be specific to the constraint. For example, in one embodiment:

- Binary constraints match one or more or none. For example, whether a restaurant is "Fast" might be either true or not.
- Set membership constraints match one or more or none based on a property value. For example, cuisine=Greek means the set of cuisines for a restaurant includes Greek.
- Enumeration constraints match at a threshold. For 15 example, a rating criterion might have constraint values rated, highly-rated, or top-rated. Constraining to highly-rated would also match top-rated.
- Numeric constraints match at a threshold that may be criterion specific. For example, "open late" might be a 20 criterion, and the user might ask for places open after 10:00 pm. This kind of constraint may be slightly out of scope for the constrained selection task, since it is not a symbolic constraint value. However, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 recognizes some cases of 25 numeric constraints like this, and maps them to threshold values with symbolic constraints (e.g., "restaurants in palo alto open now"->"here are 2 restaurants in palo alto that are open late").
- Location and time are handled specially. A constraint on proximity might be a location of interest specified at some level of granularity, and that determines the match. If the user specifies a city, then city-level matching is appropriate; a ZIP code may allow for a radius. Assistant 1002 may also understand locations 35 that are "near" other locations of interest, also based on special processing. Time is relevant as a constraint value of criteria that have threshold value based on a service call, such as table availability or flights within a given time range.

In one embodiment, constraints can be modeled so that there is a single threshold value for selection and a small set of discrete values for sorting. For example, the affordability criterion might be modeled as a roughly binary constraint, where affordable restaurants are any under some threshold 45 price range. When the data justify multiple discrete levels for selection, constraints can be modeled using a gradient of matching. In one embodiment two levels of matching (such as strong and weak matching) may be provided; however, one skilled in the art will recognize that in other embodiments, any number of levels of matching can be provided. For example, proximity may be matched with a fuzzy boundary, so that things that are near the location of interest may match weakly. The operational consequence of a strong or weak match is in the filter/sort algorithm as described 55 below

For at least one criterion, an approach to matching and default thresholds can be established, if relevant. The user may be able to say just the name of the constraint, a symbolic constraint value, or a precise constraint expression 60 if it is handled specially (such as time and location).

An ideal situation for constrained selection occurs when the user states constraints that result in a short list of candidates, one or more of which meet the constraints. The user then chooses among winners based on item features. In 65 many cases, however, the problem is over- or under-constrained. When it is over-constrained, there are few or no 72

items that meet the constraints. When it is under-constrained, there are so many candidates that examining the list is not expedient. In one embodiment, the general constrained selection model of the present invention is able to handle multiple constraints with robust matching and usually produce something to choose from. Then the user may elect to refine their criteria and constraints or just complete the task with a "good enough" solution.

Method

In one embodiment, the following method is used for filtering and sorting results:

- 1. Given an ordered list of selection criteria selected by the user, determine constraints on at least one.
  - a. If the user specified a constraint value, use it. For example, if the user said "greek food" the constraint is cuisine=Greek. If the user said "san Francisco" the constraint is In the City of San Francisco. If the user said "south of market" then the constraint is In the Neighborhood of SoMa.
  - b. Otherwise use a domain- and criteria-specific default. For example, if the user said "a table at some thai place" he or she is indicating that the availability criterion is relevant, but he or she did not specify a constraint value. The default constraint values for availability might be some range of date times such as tonight and a default party size of 2.
- Select a minimum of N results by specified constraints.
   a. Try to get N results at strong match.
  - b. If that fails, try to relax constraints, in reverse precedence order. That is, match at strong level for one or more of the criteria except the last, which may match at a weak level. If there is no weak match for that constraint, then try weak matches up the line from lowest to highest precedence.
  - c. Then repeat the loop allowing failure to match on constraints, from lowest to highest precedence.
- After getting a minimum choice set, sort lexicographically over one or more criteria (which may include user-specified criteria as well as other criteria) in precedence order.
  - a. Consider the set of user-specified criteria as highest precedence, then one or more remaining criteria in their a priori precedence. For example, if the a priori precedence is (availability, cuisine, proximity, rating), and the user gives constraints on proximity and cuisine, then the sort precedence is (cuisine, proximity, availability, rating).
  - Sort on criteria using discrete match levels (strong, weak, none), using the same approach as in relaxing constraints, this time applied the full criteria list.
    - i. If a choice set was obtained without relaxing constraints, then one or more of the choice set may "tie" in the sort because they one or more match at strong levels. Then, the next criteria in the precedence list may kick in to sort them. For example, if the user says cuisine=Italian, proximity=in San Francisco, and the sort precedence is (cuisine, proximity, availability, rating), then one or more the places on the list have equal match values for cuisine and proximity. So the list would be sorted on availability (places with tables available bubble to the top). Within the available places, the highest rated ones would be at the top.
    - ii. If the choice set was obtained by relaxing constraints, then one or more of the fully matching items are at the top of the list, then the partially matching items. Within the matching group, they

are sorted by the remaining criteria, and the same for the partially matching group. For example, if there were only two Italian restaurants in San Francisco, then the available one would be shown first, then the unavailable one. Then the rest of the restaurants in San Francisco would be shown, sorted by availability and rating.

Precedence Ordering

The techniques described herein allow assistant **1002** to be extremely robust in the face of partially specified constraints and incomplete data. In one embodiment, assistant **1002** uses these techniques to generate a user list of items in best-first order, i.e. according to relevance.

In one embodiment, such relevance sorting is based on an a priori precedence ordering. That is, of the things that matter about a domain, a set of criteria is chosen and placed in order of importance. One or more things being equal, criteria higher in the precedence order may be more relevant to a constrained selection among items than those lower in the order. Assistant 1002 may operate on any number of criteria. In addition, criteria may be modified over time without breaking existing behaviors.

In one embodiment, the precedence order among criteria may be tuned with domain-specific parameters, since the way criteria interact may depend on the selection class. For example, when selecting among hotels, availability and <sup>25</sup> price may be dominant constraints, whereas for restaurants, cuisine and proximity may be more important.

In one embodiment, the user may override the default criteria ordering in the dialog. This allows the system to guide the user when searches are over-constrained, by using 30 the ordering to determine which constraints should be relaxed. For example, if the user gave constraints on cuisine, proximity, recommendation, and food item, and there were no fully matching items, the user could say that food item was more important than recommendation level and change the mix so the desired food item matches were sorted to the

In one embodiment, when precedence order is determined, user-specified constraints take precedence over others. For example, in one embodiment, proximity is a required constraint and so is always specified, and further has precedence over other unselected constraints. Therefore it does not have to be the highest precedence constraint in order to be fairly dominant. Also, many criteria may not match at one or more unless a constraint is given by the user, and so the precedence of these criteria only matters within 45 user-selected criteria.

For example, when the user specifies a cuisine it is important to them, and otherwise is not relevant to sorting items.

For example, the following is a candidate precedence sorting paradigm for the restaurant domain:

- 1. cuisine\* (not sortable unless a constraint value is given)
- 2. availability\* (sortable using a default constraint value, e.g., time)
  - 3. recommended
  - 4. proximity\* (a constraint value is always given)
  - 5. affordability
  - 6. may deliver
- 7. food item (not sortable unless a constraint value, e.g., a keyword, is given)
- 8. keywords (not sortable unless a constraint value, e.g., a keyword, is given)
  - 9. restaurant name

The following is an example of a design rationale for the above sorting paradigm:

If a user specifies a cuisine, he or she wants it to stick. One or more things being equal, sort by rating level (it is 65 the highest precedence among criteria than may be used to sort without a constraint).

74

In at least one embodiment, proximity may be more important than most things. However, since it matches at discrete levels (in a city, within a radius for walking and the like), and it is always specified, then most of the time most matching items may "tie" on proximity.

Availability (as determined by a search on a website such as open-table.com, for instance) is a valuable sort criterion, and may be based on a default value for sorting when not specified. If the user indicates a time for booking, then only available places may be in the list and the sort may be based on recommendation.

If the user says they want highly recommended places, then it may sort above proximity and availability, and these criteria may be relaxed before recommendation. The assumption is that if someone is looking for nice place, they may be willing to drive a bit farther and it is more important than a default table availability. If a specific time for availability is specified, and the user requests recommended places, then places that are both recommended and available may come first, and recommendation may relax to a weak match before availability fails to match at one or more.

The remaining constraints except for name are one or more based on incomplete data or matching. So they are weak sort heuristics by default, and when they are specified the match one or more-or-none.

Name may be used as a constraint to handle the case where someone mentions the restaurant by name, e.g., find one or more Hobee's restaurants near Palo Alto. In this case, one or more items may match the name, and may be sorted by proximity (the other specified constraint in this example).

Domain Modeling: Mapping Selection Criteria to Underlying Data

It may be desirable to distinguish between the data that are available for computation by assistant 1002 and the data used for making selections. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 uses a data model that reduces the complexity for the user by folding one or more kinds of data used to distinguish among items into a simple selection criteria model. Internally, these data may take several forms. Instances of the selection class can have intrinsic properties and attributes (such as cuisine of a restaurant), may be compared along dimensions (such as the distance from some location), and may be discovered by some query (such as whether it matches a text pattern or is available at a given time). They may also be computed from other data which are not exposed to the user as selection criteria (e.g., weighted combinations of ratings from multiple sources). These data are one or more relevant to the task, but the distinctions among these three kinds of data are not relevant to the user. Since the user thinks in terms of features of the desired choice rather than in properties and dimensions, assistant 1002 operationalizes these various criteria into features of the items. Assistant 1002 provides a user-facing domain data model and maps it to data found in web services.

One type of mapping is an isomorphism from underlying data to user-facing criteria. For example, the availability of tables for reservations as seen by the user could be exactly what an online reservation website, such as opentable.com, offers, using the same granularity for time and party size.

Another type of mapping is a normalization of data from one or more services to a common value set, possibly with a unification of equivalent values. For example, cuisines of one or more restaurants may be represented as a single ontology in assistant 1002, and mapped to various vocabularies used in different services. That ontology might be hierarchical, and have leaf nodes pointing to specific values from at least one service. For example, one service might have a cuisine value for "Chinese", another for "Szechuan",

and a third for "Asian". The ontology used by assistant 1002 would cause references to "Chinese food" or "Szechuan" to semantically match one or more of these nodes, with confidence levels reflecting the degree of match.

75

Normalization might also be involved when resolving 5 differences in precision. For example, the location of a restaurant may be given to the street level in one service but only to city in another. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 uses a deep structural representation of locations and times that may be mapped to different surface data values.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 uses a special kind of mapping for open-ended qualifiers (e.g., romantic, quiet) which may be mapped to matches in full text search, tags, or other open-textured features. The name of the selection constraint in this case would be something like "is described 15 as".

In at least one embodiment, constraints may be mapped to operational preference orderings. That is, given the name of a selection criterion and its constraint value, assistant **1002** is able to interpret the criterion as an ordering over possible 20 items. There are several technical issues to address in such a mapping. For example:

Preference orderings may conflict. The ordering given by one constraint may be inconsistent or even inversely correlated with the ordering given by another. For 25 example, price and quality tend to be in opposition. In one embodiment, assistant 1002 interprets constraints chosen by the user in a weighted or otherwise combined ordering that reflects the user's desires but is true to the data. For example, the user may ask for "cheap 30 fast food French restaurants within walking distance rated highly". In many locations, there may not be any such restaurant. However, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 may show a list of items that tries to optimize for at least one constraint, and explain why at least one is 35 listed. For example, item one might be "highly rated French cuisine" and another "cheap fast food within walking distance".

Data may be used as either hard or soft constraints. For example, the price range of a restaurant may be impor- 40 tant to choosing one, but it may be difficult to state a threshold value for price up-front. Even seemingly hard constraints like cuisine may be, in practice, soft constraints because of partial matching. Since, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 using a data modeling 45 strategy that seeks to flatten one or more criteria into symbolic values (such as "cheap" or "close"), these constraints may be mapped into a function that gets the criteria and order right, without being strict about matching specific threshold values. For symbolic cri- 50 teria with clear objective truth values, assistant 1002 may weigh the objective criteria higher than other criteria, and make it clear in the explanation that it knows that some of the items do not strictly match the requested criteria.

Items may match some but not one or more constraints, and the "best fitting" items may be shown.

In general, assistant 1002 determines which item features are salient for a domain, and which may serve as selection criteria, and for at least one criteria, possible 60 constraint values. Such information can be provided, for example, via operational data and API calls.

Paraphrase and Prompt Text

As described above, in one embodiment assistant 1002 provides feedback to show it understands the user's intent 65 and is working toward the user's goal by producing paraphrases of its current understanding. In the conversational

76

dialog model of the present invention, the paraphrase is what assistant 1002 outputs after the user's input, as a preface (for example, paraphrase 4003 in FIG. 40) or summary of the results to follow (for example, list 3502 in FIG. 35).

The prompt is a suggestion to the user about what else they can do to refine their request or explore the selection space along some dimensions.

In one embodiment, the purposes of paraphrase and prompt text include, for example:

- to show that assistant 1002 understands the concepts in the user's input, not just the text;
- to indicate the boundaries of assistant's 1002 understand-
- to guide the user to enter text that is required for the assumed task;
- to help the user explore the space of possibilities in constrained selection;
- to explain the current results obtained from services in terms of the user's stated criteria and assistant's 1002 assumptions (for example, to explain the results of under- and over-constrained requests).

For example, the following paraphrase and prompt illustrates several of these goals:

User input: indonesian food in menlo park

System interpretation:

Task=constrainedSelection

SelectionClass=restaurant

Constraints:

Location=Menlo Park, Calif.

Cuisine=Indonesian (known in ontology)

Results from Services: no strong matches

Paraphrase: Sorry, I can't find any Indonesian restaurants near Menlo Park.

Prompt: You could try other cuisines or locations.

Prompt under hypertext links:

Indonesian: You can try other food categories such as Chinese, or a favorite food item such as steak.

Menlo Park: Enter a location such as a city, neighborhood, street address, or "near" followed by a landmark.

Cuisines: Enter a food category such as Chinese or Pizza. Locations: Enter a location: a city, zip code, or "near" followed by the name of a place.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 responds to user input relatively quickly with the paraphrase. The paraphrase is then updated after results are known. For example, an initial response may be "Looking for Indonesian restaurants near Menlo Park..." Once results are obtained, assistant 1002 would update the text to read, "Sorry, I can't find any Indonesian restaurants near Menlo Park. You could try other cuisines or locations." Note that certain items are highlighted (indicated here by underline), indicating that those items represent constraints that can be relaxed or changed.

In one embodiment, special formatting/highlighting is used for key words in the paraphrase. This can be helpful to facilitate training of the user for interaction with intelligent automated assistant 1002, by indicating to the user which words are most important to, and more likely to be recognized by, assistant 1002. User may then be more likely to use such words in the future.

In one embodiment, paraphrase and prompt are generated using any relevant context data. For example, any of the following data items can be used, alone or in combination:

The parse—a tree of ontology nodes bound to their matching input tokens, with annotations and exceptions. For each node in the parse, this may include the node's metadata and/or any tokens in the input that provide evidence for the node's value.

The task, if known

The selection class.

The location constraint, independent of selection class. Which required parameters are unknown for the given selection class (e.g., location is a required constraint on 5 restaurants).

77

The name of a named entity in the parse that is an instance of the selection class, if there is one (e.g., a specific restaurant or movie name.)

Is this a follow-up refinement or the beginning of a 10 conversation? (Reset starts a new conversation.)

Which constraints in the parse are bound to values in the input that changed their values? In other words, which constraints were just changed by the latest input?

Is the selection class inferred or directly stated?

Sorted by quality, relevance, or proximity?

For each constraint specified, how well was it matched? Was refinement entered as text or clicking?

In one embodiment, the paraphrase algorithm accounts for the query, domain model 1056, and the service results. 20 Domain model 1056 contains classes and features including metadata that is used to decide how to generate text. Examples of such metadata for paraphrase generation include:

OsConstraint={trueIfalse}

IsMultiValued={trueIfalse}

ConstraintType={EntityName, Location, Time, Category-Constraint, AvailabilityConstraint, BinaryConstraint, SearchQualifier, Guessed-Qualifier}

DisplayName=string

DisplayTemplateSingular=string

DisplayTemplatePlural=string

GrammaticalRole={AdjectiveBeforeNoun,Noun,That-ClauseModifer}

For example, a parse might contain these elements:

Class: Restaurant

IsConstraint=false

DisplayTemplateSingular="restaurant"

DisplayTemplatePlural="restaurants"

GrammaticalRole=Noun

Feature: RestaurantName (example: "Il Fornaio")

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=false

ConstraintType=EntityName

DisplayTemplateSingular="named \$1"

DisplayTemplatePlural="named \$1"

GrammaticalRole=Noun

Feature: RestaurantCuisine (example: "Chinese")

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=false

ConstraintType=CategoryConstraint

GrammaticalRole=AdjectiveBeforeNoun

Feature: RestaurantSubtype (example: "café")

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=false

ConstraintType=CategoryConstraint

DisplayTemplateSingular="\$1"

DisplayTemplatePlural="\$Is"

GrammaticalRole=Noun

Feature: RestaurantQualifiers (example: "romantic")

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=true

ConstraintType=SearchQualifier

DisplayTemplateSingular="is described as \$1"

DisplayTemplatePlural="are described as \$1"

DisplayTemplateCompact="matching \$1"

GrammaticalRole=Noun

78

Feature: FoodType (example: "burritos")

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=false

ConstraintType=SearchQualifier

DisplayTemplateSingular="serves \$1"

DisplayTemplatePlural="serve \$1"

DisplayTemplateCompact="serving \$1"

GrammaticalRole=ThatClauseModifer

Feature: IsRecommended (example: true)

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=false

ConstraintType=BinaryConstraint

DisplayTemplateSingular="recommended"

DisplayTemplatePlural="recommended"

GrammaticalRole=AdjectiveBeforeNoun

Feature: RestaurantGuessedQualifiers (example: "spectacular")

IsConstraint=true

IsMultiValued=false

ConstraintType=GuessedOualifier

DisplayTemplateSingular="matches \$1 in reviews"

DisplayTemplatePlural="match \$1 in reviews"

DisplayTemplateCompact="matching \$1"

GrammaticalRole=ThatClauseModifer

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 is able to handle unmatched input. To handle such input, domain model 1056 can provide for nodes of type GuessedQualifier for each selection class, and rules that match otherwise unmatched words if they are in the right grammatical context. That is, 30 GuessedQualifiers are treated as miscellaneous nodes in the parse which match when there are words that are not found in the ontology but which are in the right context to indicate that that are probably qualifiers of the selection class. The difference between GuessedQualifiers and SearchQualifiers 35 is that the latter are matched to vocabulary in the ontology. This distinction allows us to paraphrase that assistant 1002 identified the intent solidly on the SearchQualifiers and can be more hesitant when echoing back the GuessedQualifiers.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 performs the follow-

40 ing steps when generating paraphrase text:

45

60

- 1. If the task is unknown, explain what assistant 1002 can do and prompt for more input.
- 2. If the task is a constrained selection task and the location is known, then explain the domains that assistant 1002 knows and prompt for the selection class.
- 3. If the selection class is known but a required constraint is missing, then prompt for that constraint. (for example, location is required for constrained selection on restaurants)
- 4. If the input contains an EntityName of the selection class, then output "looking up" <name> in <location>.
  - 5. If this is the initial request in a conversation, then output "looking for" followed by the complex noun phrase that describes the constraints.
- 6. If this is a follow-up refinement step in the dialog, 55
  - a. If the user just completed a required input, then output "thanks" and then paraphrase normally. (This happens when there is a required constraint that is mapped to the user input.)
  - b. If the user is changing a constraint, acknowledge this and then paraphrase normally.
  - c. If the user typed in the proper name of an instance of the selection class, handle this specially.
  - d. If the user just added an unrecognized phrase, then indicate how it will be folded in as search. If appropriate, the input may be dispatched to a search service.

- e. If the user is just adding a normal constraint, then output "OK", and paraphrase normally.
- 7. To explain results, use the same approach for paraphrase. However, when the results are surprising or unexpected, then explain the results using knowledge about the data and service. Also, when the query is over-or underconstrained, prompt for more input.

Grammar for Constructing Complex Noun Phrases

In one embodiment, when paraphrasing 734 a constrained selection task query, the foundation is a complex noun

phrase around the selection class that refers to the current constraints. Each constraint has a grammatical position, based on its type. For example, in one embodiment, assistant 1002 may construct a paraphrase such as:

80

recommended romantic Italian restaurants near Menlo Park

with open tables for 2 that serve osso buco and are described as "quiet"

A grammar to construct this is

- <bi>binaryConstraint> :== single adjective that indicates the presence or absence of a BinaryConstraint (e.g., recommended (best), affordable (cheap))
  It is possible to list more than one in the same query.
- <searchQualifier> :== a word or words that match the ontology for a qualifier of the selection class, which would be passed into a search engine service. (e.g., romantic restaurants, funny movies).

Use when ConstraintType= SearchQualifier.

- <categoryConstraint> :== an adjective that identifies the genre, cuisine, or category of the selection class (e.g., Chinese restaurant or R-rated file). It is thelast prefix adjective because it is the most intrinsic. Use for features of type CategoryConstraint and GrammaticalRole=AdjectiveBeforeNoun.
- <itemNoun> :== <namedEntityPhrase> | <selectionClass> | <selectionClassSubType> find the most specific way to display the noun. NamedEntity < SubType < Class <selectionClass > :== a noun that is the generic name for the selection class (e.g., restaurant, movie, place)
- <selectionClassSubType> :== a noun phrase that is the subtype of the selection class if it is known (e.g., diner, museum, store, bar for the selection class local business).
  Use for features in which ConstraintType =CategoryConstraint and GrammaticalRole=AdjectiveBeforeNoun.
- <namedEntityPhrase> :== <entityName> |
- "the" (<selectionClass> | <selectionClassSubType>)
- <entityName> :== the proper name of an instance of the selection class (e.g., "Il Fornaio" "Animal House" "Harry's Bar")
- <locationConstraint> :== <locationPreposition> <locationName>
- <locationPreposition> :== "in", "near", "at", and the like
- <locationName> :== city, street address, landmark, or something for GPS like "your current location"
- <availabilityConstraint> :== the availability constraint expressed as a prepositional phrase that comes after the noun (e.g., "with open tables", "with seats available", "available online"). It comes right after the noun to give it salience.
- <adjectivalClauses>:== <modiferVerbPhrase> I "that" <modiferVerbPhrase> "and" <modiferVerbPhrase>
- <modiferVerbPhrase> := a verb phrase that expresses a search-keyword style constraint on the selection class (e.g., restaurants that "are described as quiet", "serve meat after 11", "match 'tragically hip' in reviews"; movies that "contain violence", "star Billy Bob Thornton"). Include all constraints in the parse whose GrammaticalRole=ThatClauseModifer, using the "that...and" variant if there are more than one. Use the DisplayTemplatePlural to generate the "that" clauses, putting the GuessedQualifier last. If there is only one such constraint, use the DisplayTemplateCompact variant.

Table 1 provides some examples of paraphrases that may be provided in response to the first input for a task, according to one embodiment.

TABLE 1

Paraphrases in response to first input		
Input	Initial Paraphrase	
tie house	Sorry, I don't understand "tie house". I know	
	about restaurants, hotels, and other local	
	businesses, flights, weather, and buying things	
	online. What are you looking for, and where?	
palo alto	I can help you find restaurants, businesses, events,	
	and things to do in Palo Alto. What are you	
	looking for?	
food	Looking for a place to eat? Where? (examples)	
Italian food	I can tell you about Italian restaurants in your area.	
	Where would you like to eat?	

Paraphrases in response to first input			
Input	Initial Paraphrase		
burrito	I can help you find places that serve burritos in your area. Where would you like to eat?		
best mexican food	I can help you find good Mexican restaurants in your area. Where are you?		
restaurants palo alto	Looking for restaurants near Palo Alto.		
Italian palo alto	Looking for Italian restaurants near Palo Alto.		
thai food in menlo park	Looking for Thai restaurants near Menlo Park		
indonesian food in menlo park	Looking for <u>Indonesian</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo</u> <u>Park</u>		
best mexican food in Palo Alto	Looking for <u>recommended Mexican</u> restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> .		
fast food menlo park	Looking for fast food restaurants near Menlo Park		
healthy food in menlo park	Looking for places near Menlo Park that serve healthy food.		
dive bar in menlo park	Looking for dive <u>bars</u> near <u>Menlo Park</u> .		
pool room in menlo park	Looking for pool rooms near Menlo Park.		
hookah room in menlo park	Looking for places near Menlo Park described as "health mapp"		
spicy food in sf	"hookah room".  Looking for places near Menlo Park that serve		
spicy food in si	spicy food.		
burgers in Menlo park	Looking for places near Menlo Park that serve burgers.		
belly dancing place in sf	Looking for places near San Francisco described as "belly dancing".		
belly dancing place in menlo park	Looking for places near Menlo Park described as "belly dancing".		
juke joint in sf	Looking for joints near San Francisco described as "juke".		
tie house Menlo park	Looking for places near Menlo Park described as "tie house".		
thai house palo alto	Looking up Thai House in Palo Alto		
il fornaio menlo park	Looking up <u>Il Fornaio</u> in <u>Palo Alto</u>		
il fornao in Menlo park	Looking for places near <u>Palo Alto</u> described as "il fornao".		
cliff house in Menlo park	Looking up Cliff House in Palo Alto		
romantic restaurant in palo alto	Looking for romantic restaurants in Palo Alto		
romantic restaurant in palo alto	Looking for romantic restaurants in Palo Alto		
quiet romantic restaurant in palo alto	Looking for <u>romantic</u> restaurants in <u>Palo Alto</u> described as "quiet"		
quiet romantic restaurant in palo	Looking for romantic restaurants in Palo Alto		
alto tragically hip restaurant in palo	described as "quiet Looking for restaurants in <u>Palo Alto</u> described as		
alto	"tragically hip"		
tragically hip restaurant in palo alto	Looking for restaurants in Palo Alto described as "tragically hip"		
table for two tonight in palo alto	Checking availability for tonight at restaurants near Palo Alto.		
table for two italian food tonight in palo alto	Checking availability for tonight at Italian restaurants near Palo Alto.		
il fornaio palo alto 6pm for 2	Checking availability for tables <u>tonight</u> at <u>II</u> Fornaioin Palo Alto.		
table for 2 at thai house in PA	Checking availability for tables tonight at Thai House in Palo Alto.		
pizza delivery in menlo park			
I want the best quiet romantic	OK, looking for recommended romantic italian		
italian restaurant for osso buco in	restaurants near Menlo Park that serve osso buco		
or near menlo park	and are described as "quiet".		
Book me a table for 2 at the best	OK, looking for recommended romantic italian		
quiet romantic italian restaurant for osso buco in or near menlo park	restaurants near Menlo Park with open tables for 2 that serve osso buco and are described as "quiet".		

Refining a Query about Places to Eat
Table 2 provides some examples of paraphrases in response to a situation where user's intent to find a place to

eat is known, but they have not selected a particular place to eat. They are facing a list of restaurants, and they provide refinements.

## TABLE 2

Paraphrases in response to refinements	
--	--

# Refinements

menlo park (was un-known) cheapest

Thanks, now looking for restaurants in  $\underline{\text{Menlo Park}}.$ OK, looking for <u>affordable</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo</u> <u>Park</u>.

TABLE 2-continued

Paraphrases in response to refinements		
Refinements		
chinese (was italian)	OK, changing cuisine to Chinese. Looking for <u>Chinese</u> restaurants near Menlo Park	
pizza (adding food item)	OK, looking for <u>Italian</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo Park</u> that serve pizza.	
san francisco (was menlo park)	OK, changing location to San Francisco. Looking for Italian restaurants near San Francisco that serve pizza.	
tragically hip	OK, I'll search reviews for "tragically hip".	
quiet romantic	OK, looking for romantic restaurants in Palo Alto described as "quiet"	
cliff house	Cliff House sounds familiar. I'll look it up in Palo Alto.	

Table 3 provides some examples of results summaries that are provided once results are obtained.

TABLE 3

Results Summaries			
Input	# Results	Results Summary	
tie house	N/A	N/A (no call to services)	
palo alto	N/A	N/A (no call to services)	
food	N/A	N/A (no call to services)	
Italian food	N/A	N/A (no call to services)	
burrito	N/A	N/A (no call to services)	
best mexican food	N/A	N/A (no call to services)	
restaurants palo alto	many	Here are some <u>recommended</u> restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> . Do you prefer any particular <u>food</u> <u>type?</u> Would you like a reservation?	
Italian palo alto	some	Here are some <u>Italian</u> restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> .  To reserve a table, click on available times.	
thai food in menlo park	some	Here are some <u>Thai</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo Park</u> . To reserve a table, click on available times.	
indonesian food in	0	Sorry, I can't find any Indonesian restaurants	
menlo park		near Menlo Park. You could try other <u>cuisines</u> or locations.	
best mexican food in	some	Here are some recommended Mexican	
Palo Alto		restaurants near Palo Alto.	
fast food menlo park	some	OK, here are some <u>fast food</u> restaurants near Menlo Park.	
healthy food in menlo park	some	Here are some places near Menlo Park that might serve healthy food, based on reviews.	
dive bar in menlo park	some	Here are some bars near Menlo Park. I don't see anything specific to "dive bar". Are there other	
		ways of saying it?	
pool room in menlo	some	Here are some places in Menlo Park that are	
park		described as pool rooms. You can add other	
•		words to describe what you want.	
hookah room in menlo	0	I can't find places Menlo Park matching "hookah	
park		room". Interested in restaurants, hotels, or local	
anion food in of	resorte	businesses?	
spicy food in sf	weak match	Here are some places to eat in <u>San Francisco</u> . I don't know which serve <u>spicy food</u> . Could it go	
		by another name?	
burgers in Menlo park	some	You might find <u>burgers</u> at these <u>places to eat</u> near <u>Menlo Park</u> .	
belly dancing place in	some	Here arc some places in Menlo Park that are	
sf		described as "belly dancing". You can add other	
		words to describe what you want.	
belly dancing place in	0	I can help you find restaurants, businesses,	
menlo park		events, and things to do in San Francisco. What	
		are some other words for "belly dancing place"?	
juke joint in sf	0	I can help you find restaurants, businesses,	
		events, and things to do in San Francisco. What	
		are some other words for "juke joint"?	
tic house Menlo park	0	Sorry, I don't know about "tic house" in Menlo	
		Park. Any other names for it?	
thai house palo alto	1	Got it: Thai House <u>restaurant</u> in <u>Palo Alto, CA</u> .	
		Want to reserve a table? When and for how	
		many?	
il fornaio menlo park	weak	There is a Il Fornaio restaurant in Palo Alto,	
	match	which is near Menlo Park.	

TABLE 3-continued

Results Summaries			
Input	# Results	Results Summary	
il fornao in Menlo park	spell match	Did you mean <u>Il Fornaio</u> in <u>Palo Alto</u> ? If not, try	
cliff house in Menlo	0	different words.  I couldn't find <u>Cliff House</u> in <u>Palo Alto</u> . Could it	
park romantic restaurant in palo alto	some	go by a different name or be in a different city? Here are some restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> that are described in reviews as romantic.	
romantic restaurant in palo alto	0	Here are restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> . Searching reviews did not find any described as romantic.	
quiet romantic	some	Any other preferences Here are some restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> that match "quiet romantic" in reviews.	
restaurant in palo alto quiet romantic restaurant in palo alto	0	Here are some restaurants near Palo Alto. Searching reviews did not find any matching "quiet romantic". Any other preferences?	
tragically hip restaurant in palo alto	some	Here are some restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> that match "tragically hip" in reviews.	
tragically hip restaurant in palo alto	0	Here are some restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> . Searching reviews did not find any matching "tragically hip". Any other preferences?	
table for two tonight in palo alto	some	Here are restaurants with open tables from 6pm to 8 pm tonight for a party of two in Palo Alto.  CA.	
table for two italian food tonight in palo alto	some	Here are restaurants with open tables from 6 pm to 8 pm tonight for a party of two in Palo Alto, CA.	
il fornaio palo alto 6pm for 2	1	Here are table options at <u>Il Fornaio</u> restaurant in Palo Alto, CA at 6 pm today for a party of 2.	
table for 2 at thai house in PA	1	Here is the information for <u>Thai House</u> in <u>Palo</u> <u>Alto, CA</u> . You can call them at the phone number listed.	
pizza delivery in menlo park		Here are places that serve pizza in menlo park. I do not have delivery options at this time. Click	
I want the best quiet romantic italian restaurant for osso buco in or near menlo park Book me a table for 2 at the best quiet romantic italian restaurant for osso buco in or near menlo park refinements	weak match, sorted by availability weak match, sorted by availability	on restaurant phone numbers to call for delivery. Here are the best matches for recommended romantic italian restaurants near Menlo Park that serve osso buco and are described as "quiet". Click on available times to reserve a table. Here are the best matches for recommended romantic italian restaurants near Menlo Park with open tables for 2 that serve osso buco and are described as "quiet". Click on available times to reserve a table.	
menlo park (was un- known)	some	Here are some <u>recommended</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo Park</u> . Do you prefer any particular food	
cheapest chinese (was italian)	some	type? I found 4 <u>affordable</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo Park</u> . I found 4 Chinese restaurants near Menlo Park.	
pizza (adding food item)	some	I found 4 <u>Italian</u> restaurants near <u>Menlo Park</u> that serve pizza.	
san francisco (was menlo park)	some	I found 4 <u>Italian</u> restaurants near <u>San Francisco</u> .	
tragically hip	some	I found 4 restaurants near Palo Alto that match "tragically hip" in reviews.	
quiet romantic	some	Here are some restaurants near <u>Palo Alto</u> that match "quiet romantic" in reviews.	
cliff house	0	I couldn't find <u>Cliff House</u> in <u>Palo Alto</u> . Could it go by a different name or be in a different city?	

Table 4 provides some examples of prompts that are provided when users click on active links.

Prompts when Users Click on Active Links

## TABLE 4

Prompts when users click on active links				
Anchor Text	Prompt Text	Notes		
Location, where	Enter a location: a city, zip code, or "near" followed by the name of a place.	This prompt might be used when the user has not specified a location yet.		

v	v
a	n
v	v

Prompts when users click on active links			
Anchor Text	Prompt Text	Notes	
Palo Alto	Enter a location such as a city, neighborhood, street address, or "near" followed by a landmark.	This prompt might be used when the user is changing locations.	
food type	Enter a food category such as Chinese or Pizza.	Merge food type and cuisine can be merged	
Italian	You can try other food categories such as Chinese, or a favorite food item such as steak.	User already said Italian. Assistant 1002 is helping the user explore alter-natives. If it is a food item, it dominates over cuisine.	
reservation	Enter the day and time to reserve a table, such as "tomorrow at 8".	Prompting for a reservation	
healthy food	You can also enter menu items or cuisines	Known food type	
spicy food	You can also enter menu items or cuisines	Unknown food type	
restaurants	What kind of restaurant? (e.g., Chinese, Pizza)	Clicking on the restaurants link should insert the word "restaurant" on the end of the text input.	
businesses	You can find local florists, ATMs, doctors, drug stores, and the like What kind of business are you looking for?	Clicking on the businesses link should add to the machine readable tag that this is a local search	
events	You can discover upcoming converts, shows, and the like What interests you?		
things to do	Music, art, theater, sports, and the like What kind of thing would you like to do in this area?		
hotels	I can help you find an available hotel room. Any preferences for amenities or location?		
weather	Enter a city, and I'll tell you what the weather is like there.	If location is known, just show the weather data	
buying things	I can help you find music, movies, books, electronics, toys, and more- and buy it from Amazon. What are you looking for?		

Suggesting Possible Responses in a Dialog

In one embodiment, assistant **1002** provides contextual suggestions. Suggestions a way for assistant **1002** to offer the user options to move forward from his or her current situation in the dialog. The set of suggestions offered by assistant **1002** depends on context, and the number of suggestions offered may depend on the medium and form factor. For example, in one embodiment, the most salient suggestions may be offered in line in the dialog, an extended list of suggestions ("more") may be offered in a scrollable menu, and even more suggestions are reachable by typing a few characters and picking from autocomplete options. One skilled in the art will recognize that other mechanisms may be used for providing suggestions.

In various embodiments, different types of suggestions may be provided. Examples of suggestion types include:

options to refine a query, including adding or removing or 55 changing constraint values;

options to repair or recover from bad situations, such as "not what I mean" or "start over" or "search the web"; options to disambiguate among;

interpretations of speech;

interpretations of text, including spell correction and semantic ambiguity;

context-specific commands, such as "show these on a map" or "send directions to my date" or "explain these results";

suggested cross-selling offers, such as next steps in meal or event planning scenarios;

options to reuse previous commands, or parts of them. In various embodiments, the context that determines the most relevant suggestions may be derived from, for example:

dialog state

user state, including, for example:

static properties (name, home address, etc)

dynamic properties (location, time, network speed) interaction history, including, for example:

query history

results history

the text that has been entered so far into autocomplete. In various embodiments, suggestions may be generated by any mechanism, such as for example:

paraphrasing a domain, task, or constraint based on the ontology model;

prompting in autocomplete based on the current domain and constraints;

paraphrasing ambiguous alternative interpretations; alternative interpretations of speech-to-text;

hand authoring, based on special dialog conditions.

According to one embodiment, suggestions are generated as operations on commands in some state of completion. Commands are explicit, canonical representations of requests, including assumptions and inferences, based on attempted interpretations on user input. In situations where the user input is incomplete or ambiguous, suggestions are an attempt to help the user adjust the input to clarify the command.

In one embodiment, each command is an imperative sentence having some combination of a

command verb (imperative such as "find" or "where is"); domain (selection class such as "restaurants");

constraint(s) such as location=Palo Alto and 5 cuisine=Italian.

These parts of a command (verb, domain, constraints) correspond to nodes in the ontology.

A suggestion, then, may be thought of as operations on a command, such as setting it, changing it, or declaring that it is relevant or not relevant. Examples include:

setting a command verb or domain ("find restaurants") changing a command verb ("book it", "map it", "save it") changing a domain ("looking for a restaurant, not a local business")

stating that a constraint is relevant ("try refining by cuisine")

choosing a value for a constraint ("Italian", "French", and the like)

choosing a constraint and value together ("near here", "tables for 2")

stating that a constraint value is wrong ("not that Boston") stating that a constraint is not relevant ("ignore the expense")

stating the intent to change a constraint value ("try a different location")

changing a constraint value ("Italian, not Chinese") adding to a constraint value ("and with a pool, too")

snapping a value to grid ("Los Angeles, not los angelos") 30 initiating a new command, reusing context ([after movies] "find nearby restaurants", "send directions to my friend")

initiating a command that is "meta" to context ("explain these results")

initiating a new command, resetting or ignoring context ("start over", "help with speech")

A suggestion may also involve some combination of the above. For example:

"the movie Milk not [restaurants serving] the food item 40 milk"

"restaurants serving pizza, not just pizza joints"

"The place called Costco in Mountain View, I don't care whether you think it is a restaurant or local business" "Chinese in mountain view" [a recent query]

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 includes a general mechanism to maintain a list of suggestions, ordered by relevance. The format in which a suggestion is offered may differ depending on current context, mode, and form factor of the device.

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 determines which constraints to modify by considering any or all of the following factors:

Consider whether the constraint has a value;

Consider whether the constraint was inferred or explicitly 55 stated:

Consider its salience (suggestionIndex).

In one embodiment, assistant **1002** determines an output format for the suggestion. Examples of output formats include:

change domain:

if autocomplete option "find restaurants", then "try something different"

else [was inferred] "not looking for restaurants" change name constraint:

if name was inferred, offer alternative ambiguous interpretation" 90

stuff into autocomplete the entity names from current results

different name

consider that it wasn't a name lookup (remove constraint)—maybe offer category in place of it

"not named"

"not in Berkeley"

"some other day"

not that sense of (use ambiguity alternatives)

inferred date: "any day, I don't need a reservation"

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 attempts to resolve ambiguities via suggestions. For example, if the set of current interpretations of user intent is too ambiguous 310, then suggestions are one way to prompt for more information 322. In one embodiment, for constrained selection tasks, assistant 1002 factors out common constraints among ambiguous interpretations of intent 290 and presents the differences among them to the user. For example, if the user input includes the word "café" and this word could match the name of a restaurant or the type of restaurant, then assistant 102 can ask "did you mean restaurants named 'café' or 'café restaurants'?"

In one embodiment, assistant 1002 infers constraints under certain situations. That is, for constrained selection tasks, not all constraints need be mentioned explicitly in the user input; some can be inferred from other information available in active ontology 1050, short term memory 1052, and/or other sources of information available to assistant 1002. For example:

Inferring domain or location

Default assumption, like location

Weakly matched constraint (fuzzy, low salience location, etc)

Ambiguous criteria (match to constraint value without prefix (name vs. category, often ambiguous)

In cases where the assistant 1002 infers constraint values, it may also offer these assumptions as suggestions for the user to overrule. For example, it might tell the user "I assumed you meant around here. Would you like to look at a different location?"

FIG. 48 is flow diagram depicting a method for providing assistance with search and reservation requests using a digital assistant according to some embodiments. As shown in FIG. 48, in a process 4800, a search request is received from a user through a dialogue interface of the digital assistant, where the search request includes at least a speech input and specifies one or more search criteria for identifying reservable items offered by one or more third-party providers (4810).

As described earlier in the specification, when the digital assistant is active, the digital assistant optionally maintains a dialogue interface to facilitate real-time, two-way communications between the digital assistant and the user. The dialogue interface of the digital assistant is capable of receiving inputs from and providing outputs to the user through multiple modalities (e.g., via speech, text, touch, gestures, and other audio, visual, and tactile means). In some embodiments, the dialogue interface is a speech-only (e.g., an eyes-free and hands-free interface) input and output interface, and the user and the digital assistant communicate entirely through speech and sounds. In some embodiments, the dialogue interface provides a conversation screen in addition to a speech-based input and output interface. In some embodiments, the conversation screen presents textual paraphrases of the user's speech input (e.g., a search request) and/or presents information and search results in textual and graphical forms. In some embodiments, the conversation

screen allows the user to enter text, select search results, and/or interact with various user interface elements presented on the conversation screen. In some embodiments, the conversation screen is a single frame displayed on the user device containing textual representations of the dia- 5 logue between the user and the digital assistant. In some embodiments, the textual representations include a series of text boxes, text bubbles, or other visual renditions of the original text input from the user, text derived from user speech input (e.g., original words or paraphrases), and/or 10 text output provided the digital assistant.

In the process 4800, in response to receiving the search request, the digital assistant presents a plurality of search results to the user through the dialogue interface, each search result corresponding to a respective reservable item identi- 15 fied in accordance with the search request (4820). A reservable item refers to an item that can be reserved and/or purchase according to a reservation or booking process prescribed by the provider of the item. Examples of a reservable item include a table at a restaurant, a ticket or 20 seating at an event, concert, movie, sports game, performance, talk, or the like, an item on sale at an auction, and the like. A search result corresponds to a respective reservable item identified in accordance with the search request, and provides information (e.g., name, location, show time, price, 25 rating, etc.) about the reservable item or a third-party provider of the reservable item. For example, a search result for a restaurant search request provides information (e.g., name, cuisine, and location) on a restaurant that has open tables for reservation. A search result for an entertainment 30 search request provides information (e.g., name, time, location, and price) on an entertainment event (e.g., a movie or a concert) that has tickets for sale. Search criteria for identifying reservable items include a search class or selection class (e.g., restaurants, entertainment events, etc.), and 35 various constraints (e.g., location, time, price, review, genre, cuisine, etc.) for filtering and ranking the search results.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant presents a list of search results on the conversation screen. In some search results on the conversation screen to the user. In an eyes-free mode, the digital assistant optionally reads the list of search results to the user without presenting them on a conversation screen. In some embodiments, the digital assistant provides a speech output summarizing the search 45 results, and presents more detailed information regarding the search results on the conversation screen.

In some embodiments, the search request is a restaurant search request, and search results that are presented to the user correspond to restaurants that are identified in accor- 50 dance the restaurant search request. For example, when a digital assistant is active, the digital assistant monitors various input channels for user input (e.g., listens to capture the user's speech input and/or captures text or gesture inputs on the conversation screen). When the digital assistant 55 captures a speech input from the user requesting a search for restaurants (e.g., a speech input "Find me a romantic Italian restaurant in Menlo Park."), the digital assistant parses the speech input to determine the search criteria specified in the speech input (e.g., Task={Search or ConstrainedSelection}, 60 SelectionClass=Restaurant,

SearchConstraints={RestaurantCuisine="Italian", RestaurantQualifiers="romantic".

RestaurantLocation="Menlo Park"}). In some embodiments, one or more of the search criteria are based on 65 context information such as other inputs from the user or saved preferences of the user.

92

After the search criteria of the search are determined, the digital assistant performs a search for restaurants according to the search criteria specified in the speech input and the context information. Then the digital assistant presents the search results to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant.

In some embodiments, before the search is performed or before the search results are presented, the digital assistant provides a speech output through the dialogue interface, the speech output paraphrasing the search request received from the user. For example, when the user says "Find me a place to eat in Palo Alto." The digital assistant can respond by saying "OK, searching for restaurants in Palo Alto." For another example, when the user says "I want to have Italian for dinner today." If the current time is close to dinner time, the digital assistant can respond by saying "OK, searching for Italian restaurants near your current location.'

In some embodiments, the digital assistant provides a speech output with the search results, where the speech output announces the one or more search criteria used to identify the search results. For example, after the digital assistant has performed a search for Italian restaurants in Palo Alto according to the user's request, the digital assistant announces the search results by saying "Here are five Italian restaurants I found in Palo Alto: . . . " For another example, after the digital assistant has performed a search for restaurants near the user's current location, the digital assistant announces the search results by saying "I found a fast food restaurant and a French restaurant nearby: . . . "

In some embodiments, after announcing the search results through a speech output, the digital assistant optionally read through the list of search results to the user. In some embodiments, both the announcement and the search results are presented on a conversation screen on the user device. In some embodiments, text representing the search criteria (e.g., restaurant, Italian, Palo Alto, nearby) used to identify the search results are highlighted in the announcement and/or the search results.

In some embodiments, the announcement for the search embodiments, the digital assistant reads through the list of 40 results can indicate changes (e.g., relaxation and/or variation) in the search criteria used to obtain to the search results. For example, when the user had requested to find a Malaysian restaurant in Palo Alto, and no Malaysian restaurants were found in Palo Alto, the digital assistant can expand the search area to include the nearby cities (e.g., Menlo Park). When the digital assistant presents the search results obtained from the expanded search, the digital assistant announces the search results by saying, "No Malaysian restaurants were found in Palo Alto, but I found one Malaysian restaurant in Menlo Park which borders Palo Alto."

> In some embodiments, the search request is an entertainment search request, and the search results correspond to a plurality of entertainment events identified in accordance the entertainment search request. Entertainment events refer to public activities and events related to entertainment and fun that generally occur at predetermined times and typically require a reservation or ticket for attendance. Examples of entertainment events include movies, shows, concerts, performances, sports games, tours, etc.

> For example, when the digital assistant captures a speech input from the user requesting a search for a particular type of entertainment events (e.g., a speech input "Who's playing at the Fillmore next week?"), the digital assistant processes the speech input and determines that "the Fillmore" is the name of a music venue, and that the user is searching for concerts that are playing at the Fillmore next week. Based on the speech processing, the digital assistant obtains the search

criteria specified in the speech input (e.g., Task={Search or SelectionClass=Entertainment Selection, Event, Sub-class=Concerts, SearchConstraints={Venue= "Fillmore," Time="next week"}). In some embodiments, one or more of the search criteria can be based on context 5 information associated with the speech input, such as other inputs from the user or saved preferences of the user. After the search criteria of the entertainment event search are determined, the digital assistant performs a search for entertainment events (e.g., upcoming concerts) according to the 10 search criteria specified in the speech input (e.g., Venue=Fillmore, and Time=next week) and the context information (e.g., the current date). Once the entertainment events meeting the search criteria have been identified, the digital assistant generates and presents the search results to 15 the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assis-

In some embodiments, before the search is performed or before the search results are presented, the digital assistant provides a speech output through the dialogue interface, the 20 speech output paraphrasing the search request received from the user. For example, when the user's speech input was, "Who's playing at the Fillmore next week?" The digital assistant determines the search criteria based on the speech input, and paraphrases the search request by saying, 25 "Searching for concerts at the Fillmore Concert Hall next week."

In some embodiments, when paraphrasing the search request, the digital assistant provides both explicit search criteria and implicit search criteria derived from the context 30 information in the paraphrase. For example, if the digital assistant had just booked a table for two at an Italian restaurant for Saturday evening at the user's request, and subsequently detected a speech input saying, "I want to catch a movie before the dinner What's on?" Based on the 35 speech input, the digital assistant can determine explicit search criteria such as Task=Search, SelectionClass= Entertainment Events, Sub-class=Movies, and implicit search criteria such as Date="Saturday evening"=(e.g., Jun. 9, PM), Location="near restaurant"=(e.g., within 15 miles of Palo Alto). Therefore, when paraphrasing the search request, the digital assistant speaks or presents on the conversation screen, "Searching for movies playing between 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM on Saturday."

In some embodiments, the digital assistant provides a speech output with the search results to announce one or more search criteria used to identify the search results. For example, when presenting the search results for the movie search in the above example, the digital assistant can provide 50 a speech output saying "Here are movies that are showing before your dinner on Saturday: . . . " or "I found 6 movies with show times between 4:00 PM and 6:00 PM on Saturday: . . . " After announcing the search results through a the list of search results to the user. In some embodiments, both the announcement and the search results are presented on a conversation screen on the user device. In some embodiments, text representing the search criteria (e.g., "movies", "Saturday", "before your dinner", "between 4:00 60 PM and 6:00 PM") used to identify the search results are highlighted in the announcement and/or the search results.

As shown in the examples above, in some embodiments, a search request includes context information associated with the speech input received from the user. In some 65 embodiments, the digital assistant maintaining the context information based on one or more prior user interactions

94

between the user and the digital assistant through the dialogue interface. More details on how context information is utilized have been provided in earlier sections of the specification. Examples of context information include personal interaction history (e.g., dialog history, previous selections from results, and the like), personal physical context (e.g., user's current location and the current time), and personal information gathered in the context of interaction (e.g., name, email addresses, physical addresses, phone numbers, account numbers, calendar information, contacts, preferences, and the like).

In some embodiments, the digital assistant determines at least some of the search criteria in the search request based at least in part on the context information associated with the speech input. After the search criteria are determined from the speech input and the associated context information, the digital assistant identifies reservable items in accordance with the search criteria that have been determined, and generate the search results based on the identified reservable

Below is another example in which context information is used to derive a search criterion of the search request. While the digital assistant is executing the reservation procedure at the user's request to purchase two tickets for a selected concert at the Fillmore for Saturday, or shortly after the reservation was made, the user provides a speech input through the dialogue interface saying, "Where can we eat before the concert?" In response to the speech input, and based on the context information already available to the digital assistant (e.g., the location and time for the concert), the digital assistant executes a restaurant search for places near the Fillmore that are open before the concert time on Saturday. In some embodiments, the digital assistant also infers a party-size requirement for the restaurant search request from the context information (e.g., the number of concert tickets that is being purchased), and presents only restaurants that have open tables meeting the party-size requirement as search results.

In some embodiments, after a search request is received 2012), Time="before dinner"=(e.g., between 4:00 PM-6:00 40 from the user, the digital assistant determines based on the speech input and the associated context information that additional input from the user is needed to further constrain the search, or to sort the search results already obtained using the search criteria initially provided by the user. For example, when the user says "What's playing at the Fillmore?" The digital assistant will be able to determine that the user is interested in searching for events occurring at the Fillmore. However, without earlier user inputs or context information indicating a relevant time period for the search, the digital assistant will not be able to provide the most relevant search results. In such a scenario, the digital assistant determines that additional input from the user is needed or desirable to further constrain the search.

In some embodiments, upon determining that additional speech output, the digital assistant optionally read through 55 user input specifying one or more additional search criteria is needed or desirable, the digital assistant generates a speech output through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant to request the additional search criteria. For example, the digital assistant may provide a speech output saying, "OK, are you interested in all performances of this week? Or just the weekend?" In response to providing the speech output, the digital assistant receives additional inputs from the user through the dialogue interface, and supplements the search request with the additional inputs. For example, if the user says "Just this weekend." Then, the digital assistant derives an additional search criterion {Date="this weekend"=actual date range of the upcoming

weekend (e.g., "Jun. 9-10, 2012")} and supplements the original search request with this additional search criterion. If the user instead says, "Fine me performances for this Saturday only." The digital assistant derives an additional search criterion {Date="this Saturday"=actual date of the 5 upcoming Saturday (e.g., Jun. 9, 2012)} and supplements the original search request with this additional search criterion. In some embodiments, the digital assistant also paraphrases the augmented search request to the user, by saying "OK, searching for performances at the Fillmore for this 10 weekend" or "OK, searching for performances at the Fillmore for this Saturday."

In some embodiments, the digital assistant can perform a search based on multiple search criteria specified in the original search request, and obtains some preliminary search 15 results that do not meet all search criteria equally well. In such a scenario, in some embodiments, the digital assistant generates a speech input requesting additional input regarding the relative importance of the search criteria to the user. For example, if the original search request is for "romantic 20" Italian restaurants in Palo Alto" and the digital assistant has identified non-Italian restaurants in Palo Alto that are considered romantic, romantic Italian restaurants that are just outside of Palo Alto, and Italian restaurants in Palo Alto that may or may not be considered romantic. Based on the mix 25 of preliminary search results, the digital assistant generates an output requesting additional input regarding the relative three importance of the search criteria "RestaurantQualifiers=romantic,"

"RestaurantCuisine=Italian,"

"RestaurantLocation=Palo Alto." For example, the digital assistant can ask the user, "Which is more important, atmosphere, location, or cuisine?" Based on the user's subsequent input (e.g., a speech input saying "Cuisine and atmosphere."), the digital assistant derives the additional constraint, and filters and/or ranks the search results according to the additional constraint (e.g., give more weight to the Cuisine and Atmosphere criteria).

In some embodiments, for each search result, the digital assistant presents one or more properties of the reservable 40 item corresponding to the search result, where each property corresponds to one of the search criteria used in identifying the search results. For example, if the search request was for a place to eat before the concert, the properties shown along with the name of each restaurant in the search results can 45 include the distance between the restaurant and the Fillmore (i.e., the location of the concert). For another example, if the search was for romantic Italian restaurants in Menlo Park, the digital assistant will present a snippet for each restaurant in the search results, and in the snippets, keywords such as 50 "Italian" "Italy" "romantic" "nice atmosphere," "Tuscany," etc. are highlighted in the restaurant name, cuisine, and/or customer reviews.

In some embodiments, when presenting the search results, the digital assistant concurrently presenting one or more user 55 interface elements in the dialogue interface (e.g., in the conversation screen) along with the plurality of search results. The user interface elements include, for example, links, buttons, and other interactive elements. In some embodiments, selection of one of the user interface elements 60 causes presentation of additional information related to one or more of the search results in the dialogue interface. For example, a reviews user interface element causes more customer reviews for a selected search result to be presented through the dialogue interface. Alternatively, a reviews user interface element causes the interface of a restaurant review site to be loaded on the user device, and customer reviews

for a selected search result are shown in their original format at the review site (i.e., selection of the reviews user interface element caused the review site to punch out of the dialogue interface of the digital assistant). Other examples of the user interface elements include links and buttons that cause presentation of a review, a map, a trailer, an availability summary, and a rating associated with one or more of the plurality of search results.

96

In some embodiments, when presenting the search results, the digital assistant also concurrently present one or more user interface elements in the dialogue interface (e.g., on a conversation screen) for invoking various follow-on actions regarding the search results. Selection of such a user interface element causes a follow-on action associated with one or more of the search results to be executed by the digital assistant. For example, in some embodiments, the digital assistant presents a call button for a search result. When the call button is invoked, it causes the digital assistant to initiates a telephone call to a telephone number associate with the search result (e.g., a telephone number associated with a restaurant or ticketing office). In some embodiments, the digital assistant presents a reviews button for each search result. When the reviews button is invoked, it causes the digital assistant to present reviews associated with the reservable item (e.g., restaurant, movies, concerts, etc.) corresponding to the search result. In some embodiments, the reviews are sourced from multiple third-party websites or services. In some embodiments, the digital assistant presents a directions button for each search result. When the and 30 directions button is invoked, it causes the digital assistant to generate a directions request for an address associated with the search result (e.g., the address of a restaurant identified by the search result). In response to the directions request, a directions interface can be presented with the address associated with the search result as the destination. Alternatively, a route between the user's current location and the address associated with the search result can be presented. In some embodiments, the directions interface or the route can be presented through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant, and the user can continue to interact with the digital assistant while reviewing the directions interface or the route. In some embodiments, the digital assistant presents one or more reservation or purchase user interface element (e.g., a reservation or buy button) for each search result. When one of the reservation or purchase user interface elements is invoked, the digital assistant initiates a reservation procedure for reserving or purchasing the reservable item (e.g., a table at a restaurant, tickets for an entertainment event) associated with the search result. In some embodiments, the digital assistant also presents user interface elements for sharing a link or saving a link to a search result.

As shown in FIG. 48, in the process 4800, after the search results are presented, a reservation request for a particular one of search results is received from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant (4830). For example, if the list of search results are read to the user one by one, the user can interrupt the digital assistant after hearing a preferred restaurant or concert by saying "making me a reservation for two at this restaurant." or "Buy two tickets for this concert." Alternatively, the user can select one of the search results (e.g., restaurant search results, or event search results) presented on a conversation interface, and then say to the digital assistant, "Make me a reservation here." or "Get me a ticket for Saturday." In some embodiments, the digital assistant presents a respective user interface element for submitting a reservation request for each search result (e.g., a reservation or buy button), and the user

can invoke the respective user interface element to submit a reservation request for a selected restaurant or entertainment event shown in the search result list.

In the process 4800, in response to receiving the reservation request, the digital assistant executes a reservation 5 procedure to reserve a respective reservable item corresponding to the particular search result while maintaining the dialogue interface to receive subsequent user input (4840). In some embodiments, the reservation procedure executed by the digital assistant reserves a table at a respective restaurant corresponding to the particular search result for which the reservation request was submitted. In some embodiments, the reservation procedure purchases or reserves one or more tickets for a respective entertainment events corresponding to the particular search result for 15 which the reservation request was submitted.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant executes a reservation procedure to reserve a respective reservable item (e.g., a restaurant table or seating at an event) by invoking a task flow associated with the reservation task. In some 20 embodiments, the task flow invokes third-party services (e.g., an online reservation service for restaurants or an online ticketing service for movies and other entertainment events) for making the requested reservation. In some embodiments, while executing the reservation procedure, 25 the digital assistant and the user continue to communicate through the dialogue interface regarding the reservation process, and related transactions. For example, while executing the reservation procedure, the digital assistant can ask the user whether the user has any additional require- 30 ments for the reservation (e.g., dietary restrictions, partysize, wine preference, etc. for restaurant reservation, and seating preferences for event reservations).

In some embodiments, the digital assistant performs the requested reservation in the background, while the user and 35 the digital assistant continue to interact regarding other search results, and/or other unrelated tasks and requests through the dialogue interface. For example, while the digital assistant executes the reservation procedure, the user can review the menu of the restaurant that is being reserved, 40 or ask the digital assistant to search for a flower shop near the restaurant through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant.

In some embodiments, the task flow of the reservation task further includes generating and storing a reminder or 45 calendar entry in accordance with the reservation. For example, after a reservation has been made successfully at a restaurant or after tickets have been purchase for an event by the digital assistant, the digital assistant generates a reminder or calendar entry for the reservation according to 50 the date, time, and/or location of the reservation. In some embodiments, the digital assistant has access to the user's electronic calendars, and inserts the reminder or calendar entry directly into the user's calendars. In some embodiments, the digital assistant sends a request to a third-party 55 service, e.g., an online calendar service, to insert the reminder or calendar entry in the user's calendar. In some embodiments, the digital assistant requests the user's permission through the dialogue interface before the reminder or calendar entry is created for the user.

In some embodiments, the task flow of the reservation task further includes generating an invitation for another user in accordance with the reservation. For example, in some embodiments, if the reservation is for more than one person (e.g., reservation for a table for two or more people 65 at a restaurant, or purchasing of two or more tickets for an event), the digital assistant determines the identities of the

98

people who will be invited to join the meal at the restaurant or to attend the entertainment event with the user. Once the identities of these other people have been determined, the digital assistant generates an invitation to those people.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant determines the identities of the invitees to the meal or event based on the context information collected during the dialogue session in which the reservation was made. For example, if the user had said "Make a reservation for me and my mom at this restaurant." The digital assistant can determined the identity and contact information of the user's mom based on the user's contacts in the user's address book. In some embodiments, the digital assistant can offer to generate the invitation and prompt the user to provide the necessary contact information of the invitee(s).

The features provided above with respect to FIG. 48 can be combined in various embodiments. In addition, the features are not necessarily limited to restaurant searches or entertainment event searches. Other applicable areas include, for example, searches for products, auction items, event venues, etc. FIG. 49 and FIG. 50 provide more details on features related to restaurant searches and entertainment event searches, respectively. The features described with respect to FIG. 48 can be combined with the features described in with respect to FIG. 49 and FIG. 50 as well as other features set forth in other sections of the specification.

FIG. 49 is a flow diagram depicting a method for performing a restaurant search using a digital assistant according to some embodiments. As shown in FIG. 49, in a process 4900, a digital assistant receives a speech input from a user through a dialogue interface of the digital assistant (4910). The digital assistant determines context information associated with the speech input, the context information including at least one prior interaction between the user and the digital assistant through the dialogue interface (4920). In some embodiments, the context information includes information extracted from one or more speech inputs previously received through the dialogue interface. The digital assistant processes the speech input to determine one or more restaurant search criteria, where the processing includes disambiguating at least part of the speech input based on the context information (4930). After a search is performed according to the restaurant search criteria, the digital assistant presents the search results to the user through the dialogue interface, where each search result corresponds to a respective restaurant identified in accordance with the restaurant search criteria (4940).

For example, suppose that the user has bought a ticket for a particular movie through the digital assistant during a particular dialogue session. Afterwards, the user asks the digital assistant to find a restaurant near the movie theater by providing a speech input "Where can we eat after the movie?" In such a scenario, the digital assistant uses the context provided by the prior user interactions (e.g., purchasing the movie ticket) to determine which movie the user was referring to in the speech input. After determining that the user was referring to the particular movie for which the user has just purchased a ticket, the digital assistant is able 60 to determine the date, time, and location associated with that movie. The digital assistant then uses the determined date, time, and location as the search criteria for the newly received search request (e.g., the restaurant search request). In other words, without having to require the user to explicitly repeat the name, date, time, and location of the movie, the digital assistant processed the user's speech input, and determined the appropriate search criteria for the

newly received restaurant search request using context information, including prior user interactions between the digital assistant and the user.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant processes the speech input from the user along with the associated context 5 information to determine whether additional input is required to clarify the search request, to further constraint a search, and/or to rank the relative importance of various search criteria specified in the search request. If the digital assistant determines that such additional input is needed or 10 desirable, the digital assistant generates a speech output or a textual prompt to request such additional input.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant provides a speech output through the dialogue interface requesting at least one additional search criterion for the restaurant search 15 request. In response to providing the speech output, the digital assistant receives additional input (e.g., a speech input responding to the digital assistant's request) from the user through the dialogue interface. The digital assistant processes the additional input and supplements the restaurant search request with the additional user input.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant also provides a speech input requesting the user to specify the relative importance among multiple search criteria. Once the digital assistant receives the additional user input specifying the 25 relative importance among the multiple search criteria, the digital assistant ranks and/or filters the search results based on the additional user input.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant receives the speech input from the user, and processes the speech input 30 and associated context information to identify a party-size requirement for the restaurant search request. For example, when the user says, "I want to invite my parents to a nice dinner on Saturday night, please find me a good restaurant." Based on this speech input, the digital assistant can infer a 35 party-size requirement of three (3), i.e., the user and the user's parents, for the restaurant search request.

In the above example, the digital assistant infers the party-size requirement from the user's speech input directly. In another example, if the user has just purchased two movie 40 tickets through the digital assistant, and then asks the digital assistant, "Where can we eat before the movie?" Based on the context information associated with the speech input (i.e., the purchasing of the movie tickets), the digital assistant infers that the movie referred to in the speech input is 45 the same movie for which the tickets have been purchased. In addition, based on the fact that two movie tickets have been purchased, the digital assistant infers a party-size requirement of two (2) (i.e., the two people who are going to the movie) for the restaurant search request. In some 50 embodiments, the digital assistant generates a speech output requesting the user to provide a party-size requirement for the restaurant search, and obtains the party-size requirement from the user's additional input provided in response to the digital assistant's request.

In some embodiments, after the digital assistant determines the party-size requirement for the restaurant search request, the digital assistant identifies one or more restaurants each having at least one open table meeting the party-size requirement. In some embodiments, the digital 60 assistant submits the party-size requirement along with one or more other search criteria of the restaurant search request to one or more third-party information sources (e.g., online restaurant search and reservation services), and requests that only restaurants meeting the party-size requirement be provided by the third-party information sources. In some embodiments, the digital assistant requests the availability

100

information for restaurants that satisfy at least a minimum set of the search criteria, and select only restaurants that have at least one open table meeting the party-size requirement as potential search results.

In some embodiments, after the restaurants meeting the party-size requirement (as well as the other search criteria) have been identified, the digital assistant generates the search results based on the identified restaurants. In some embodiments, each search result presents information about a respective restaurant, and also availability information about the restaurant. For example, if the user's restaurant search request did not specify a date and time for the restaurant search, the search results optionally presents the date(s) and time slot(s) that have availability (i.e., open tables) meeting the party-size requirement of the restaurant search request.

In some embodiments, before presenting the search results to the user, the digital assistant ranks the search results based on information collected from multiple thirdparty information services. For example, in some embodiments, the digital assistant compiles the reviews of candidate restaurants from multiple online sources, and reconciles the differences among the reviews and ratings from the different online sources. In some embodiments, the digital assistant also removes duplicate information, and/or integrates different facets of information regarding the same candidate restaurant that are available from the different online sources. Then, after reconciling and integrating the information from the multiple online sources regarding the candidate restaurants, the digital assistant generates and ranks the search results based on the integrated and reconciled information. More details regarding how information from multiple sources are integrated and reconciled is provided in earlier sections of this specification.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant identifies multiple restaurants in accordance with the restaurant search request, and places a hold on a respective open reservation slot for each of the multiple restaurants. For example, if the user has specified a party-size requirement in the restaurant search request, or if the digital assistant has inferred the party-size requirement based on context information (e.g., prior user input, prior user interactions, or default user preferences, etc.), the digital assistant places a hold on a restaurant reservation slot (or an open table) satisfying the party-size requirement. In some embodiments, the hold is placed through an application program interface (API) of a third-party online restaurant reservation service. In some embodiments, the hold is automatically placed on each restaurant that has been determined to satisfy all of the search criteria of the restaurant search request. In some embodiments, a hold is not placed on restaurants that only satisfy some of the search criteria of the restaurant search request until an affirmative instruction to do so is provided by the user (e.g., through real-time input or through previ-55 ously saved user preferences). In some embodiments, the hold is automatically released after a predetermined time period if no subsequent reservation procedure is performed to convert the hold to an actual reservation.

In some embodiments, after the search results are presented to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant, the digital assistant receives a reservation request for one of the search results from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant. In response to receiving the reservation request, the digital assistant executes a reservation procedure to make a reservation for a respective restaurant corresponding to the search result. More details on how the digital assistant receives the res-

ervation request and executes the reservation procedure are provided with respect to FIG. **48** and earlier sections of this specification.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant receives a reservation request for one of the search results from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant. In response to receiving the reservation request, if a hold has been placed for the restaurant corresponding to the search result, the digital assistant converts the hold placed for the respective restaurant to a reservation. After successfully converting the hold to the reservation, the digital assistant releases the holds placed on other restaurants that are not reserved. In some embodiments, the digital assistant requests a user confirmation before actually making the 15 reservation. In some embodiments, the hold is placed without a party-size requirement, and the digital assistant requests the party-size requirement from the user when the user asks the digital assistant to convert a hold to an actual reservation.

In some embodiments, when presenting the search results to the user, the digital assistant concurrently presenting a predetermined number of search results through the dialogue interface each time. For example, the digital assistant provides no more than five results (e.g., 3-5 results) concurrently to the user. In some embodiments, more results are only presented to the user when the user requests to see more results. By limiting the number of concurrently presented search results to a small number (e.g., 3-5), the digital assistant can reduce the cognitive burden placed on the user when the user reviews the results.

In some embodiments, for each of the search results, the digital assistant presents one or more properties of the respective restaurant corresponding to the search result, 35 where each property corresponds to a respective restaurant search criterion used in identifying the plurality of search results. For example, if distance from a particular location was used as a search criterion for the restaurant search, then, for each search result, the distance between that particular 40 location and a respective restaurant corresponding to the search result can be presented for the search result. Other properties such as cuisine (e.g., French, Italian, pizza, vegetarian, American, burgers, Californian, etc.), atmosphere (e.g., romantic, nice, trendy, cool, clean, good, etc.), price 45 (e.g., expensive, \$\$\$, cheap, etc.), popularity (e.g., number of reviews, years in existence, number of good reviews, number of bad reviews, etc.) can also be presented for each search result when they are used as the restaurant search criteria.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant concurrently presents one or more user interface elements (e.g., a reviews tab, a maps button, a ratings link, etc.) in the dialogue interface (e.g., on the conversation screen) along with the plurality of search results, where selection of the user 55 interface elements causes presentation of a review, a map, or a rating associated with a respective restaurant corresponding to a selected search result.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant concurrently presents one or more user interface elements (e.g., a call 60 button, a review submission button or link, a link-saving button, a link-sharing button, a direction request button, a reservation button, etc.) in the dialogue interface (e.g., on the conversation screen) along with the plurality of search results. Selection of the user interface elements causes 65 follow-on actions of: initiating a telephonic call to a third party, submitting a review, saving a link, sharing a link,

102

requesting directions, or making a reservation, with regard to a respective restaurant corresponding to a selected search result

FIG. 50 is a flow diagram depicting a method for providing assistance with entertainment-related requests using a digital assistant according to some embodiments. As shown in FIG. 50, in a process 5000, the digital assistant receives a speech input from a user through a dialogue interface of the digital assistant (5010). The digital assistant then determines context information associated with the speech input (5020). The digital assistant processes the speech input to determine one or more entertainment search criteria, where the processing includes supplementing and/or disambiguating the speech input with the context information to determine at least one of the entertainment search criteria (5030). In some embodiments, the digital assistant presents search results to the user through the dialogue interface, where each search result corresponds to a respective entertainment event 20 identified in accordance with the one or more entertainment search criteria (5040).

In some embodiments, supplementing the speech input includes determining a search criterion that is not specified or referred to in the speech input. For example, the context information may be used to provide a location search criterion, while the speech input makes no mention of any location. In some embodiments, disambiguating the speech input includes determining that the speech input includes a term that has multiple reasonable interpretations, selecting one of the multiple reasonable interpretations based on the context information associated with the speech input, and generating a search criterion based on the selected interpretation.

In some embodiments, the context information associated with the speech input includes at least one prior interaction between the user and the digital assistant through the dialogue interface. In some embodiments, the context information includes information stored in one or more applications, such as a calendar application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, and an address book application. For example, if the user mentions a name or scheduled appointment in the speech input, the digital assistant can obtain more information about the person(s) associated with that name or information about the scheduled appointment by accessing the user's address book or calendar through the appropriate applications.

In some embodiments, the context information includes one or more of a current location, a current time, and current or forecasted weather information. In some embodiments, the context information includes information extracted from one or more speech inputs previously received through the dialogue interface. In some embodiments, the context information includes information extracted from one or more non-verbal input previously received through the dialogue interface. For example, the non-verbal input includes text input, pointer input, and gesture input received from the user through various input devices coupled to the user device.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant concurrently presents one or more user interface elements in the dialogue interface along with the search results. In some embodiments, one of the user interface elements is for downloading and playing a media file associated with a corresponding entertainment event search result. For example, among the search results for a movie search, a respective trailers button can be presented for each movie search result. Selection of the trailers button will cause a movie trailer to be downloaded and played on the user device. In some embodiments,

user interface elements for presenting reviews, show times, and making reservations are also provided for each search result

In some embodiments, after the digital assistant has provided the search results to the user through the dialogue interface, the digital assistant continue to communicate with the user through the dialogue interface. For example, the digital assistant can receive a follow-up speech input from the user requesting additional information. The requested additional information can be in regard to one or more of the search results previously presented through the dialogue interface (e.g., through speech outputs by the digital assistant, and/or presented on a conversation screen) or one or more search results that are currently presented on the 15 conversation screen. For example, after the digital assistant presented a number of movie search results based on the user's initial search request through the dialogue interface, the user can provide a follow-up speech input requesting additional information regarding one or more of the movie 20 search results by saying, "Are there other movies on this topic?" or "Show me some other movies by the same director." or "Show me only movies that have a B+ rating." For another example, after the user has viewed the trailer for one of the movie search results, the user can provide a 25 follow-up speech input by saying, "Are there other movies played by the same actress?"

In some embodiments, in response to receiving the follow-up speech input, the digital assistant disambiguates at least part of the follow-up speech input to generate a search 30 query for retrieving the requested additional information, where the disambiguating is based at least in part on one or more properties related to respective entertainment events corresponding to the search results. For example, suppose that the user selects one of the movie search results, and 35 provides a follow-up speech input, "Are there other movies by the same director?" In response to the follow-up speech input, the digital assistant identifies the movie that corresponds to the selected search results, and determines a relevant property associated with movie, namely, the direc- 40 tor for the movie. Based on the relevant property (e.g., the identity of the director for the movie), the digital assistant disambiguates the user's follow-up speech input, and generates a search query for retrieving movies that were directed by the identified director.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant retrieves the requested additional information based on the search query, and presents the information to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant. Continuing with the above example, once the digital assistant has retrieved the search 50 results for movies that were directed by the identified director, the digital assistant presents the newly retrieved search results to the user through the dialogue interface. The user and the digital assistant can continue to interact with each other through the dialogue interface with respect to the 55 newly retrieved search results, the search results presented earlier, and/or a new search request.

In some embodiments, during a dialogue session in which a speech input was received, the digital assistant maintains a dialogue context based on user inputs received through the 60 dialogue interface and information provided to the user through the dialogue interface. A dialogue session includes the exchange of speech input and output between the user and the digital assistant. In some embodiments, the dialogue session also includes requests and responses exchanged 65 through other modalities, such as textual prompts provided by the digital assistant and textual response provided by the

104

user, as well as notifications or alerts provided by the digital assistant and user inputs to address the notifications and alerts

A dialogue session can be defined in various ways. In some embodiments, a dialogue session is defined by a predetermined duration, e.g., a period of several minutes, tens of minutes, one hour, one day, several days, or even longer. It is advantageous to keep the dialogue session within a reasonable length, e.g., less than half an hour, so that maintaining the context information does not take up too much computation resources. In addition, the user is more likely to refer back to an item mentioned recently in the dialogue, and therefore, it is not particularly necessary to define a very long dialogue session.

In some embodiments, a dialogue session is defined as continuous or intermittent interactions between the digital assistant and the user with no interruptions longer than a predetermined duration (e.g., 2 minutes or 5 minutes). For example, a user can interact with the digital assistant continuously for a while, punch out of the digital assistant's conversation screen to access another application, and then resumes interaction with the digital assistant afterwards. In this example, as long as the user resumes the interaction with the digital assistant before the predetermined duration required for maintaining the dialogue session expires, the dialogue session persists, and the dialogue context associated with the dialogue session is continuously maintained.

In some embodiments, a dialogue session is defined by a starting trigger event and an ending trigger event. For example, the user can press a button or speak a trigger phrase to invoke the active listening of the digital assistant and start the dialogue session. After interacting with the digital assistant during the dialogue session, the user can press the button or speak another trigger phrase to end the dialogue session. Other ways of defining a dialogue session is possible

In some embodiments, during the dialogue session in which an initial speech input was received, the digital assistant receives one or more additional speech inputs from the user through the dialogue interface. The digital assistant processes each of the one or more additional speech inputs based on the dialogue context maintained by the digital assistant to determine a user intent expressed in the additional speech input. In some embodiments, the processing of the additional speech input includes supplementing and/or disambiguating the additional speech input based on the dialogue context. In some embodiments, the digital assistant provides additional information in response to each of the one or more additional speech inputs based on the processing.

In some embodiments, when the digital assistant has presented the entertainment search results (e.g., movie search results or concert search results), the digital assistant receives a reservation request for one or more of the search results from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant. In response to receiving the reservation request, the digital assistant executes a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for a respective entertainment event corresponding to the one or more search results.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant performs the reservation procedure in the background while the digital assistant and the user continue to interact through the dialogue interface. In some embodiments, during the reservation procedure, the digital assistant communicates with the user regarding various preferences (e.g.) and additional information (e.g., credit card information, payment autho-

rization, etc.) regarding the reservation through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant. In some embodiments, the digital assistant loads the interface of a third-party online reservation service, and allows the user to make the reservation directly through the interface of the third-party online reservation service.

In some embodiments, during the dialogue session in which an initial speech input (e.g., the speech input initiating the entertainment search request) was received, the digital assistant receives a reservation request through the dialogue 10 interface of the digital assistant after presentation of the search results has been replaced with other information in response to subsequent user inputs. In response to the reservation request, the digital assistant determines a target entertainment event of the reservation request based on the 15 dialogue context, where the target entertainment event corresponds to one of the search results previously presented. Once the target entertainment event has been determined, the digital assistant executes a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for the determined target 20 entertainment event. The example below illustrates this process:

Suppose that the user had requested a movie search using an initial speech input "What movies are on this Saturday?" After the digital assistant had presented the list of movies 25 that were showing this Saturday through the dialogue interface, the user asked to see some trailers for some of the movie results. In response, the digital assistant showed the trailers to the user, and as a result, the list of movies previously presented on the screen was replaced with the 30 trailers. While the digital assistant interacts with the user regarding the movie search, the movie search results, and the trailers, the digital assistant maintained the dialogue context related to the current dialogue session. After the movie trailers were shown, the user submits a reservation request 35 to the digital assistant, for example, using a speech input "Ok, get me a ticket for the dinosaur movie." Based on the speech input and the dialogue context of the current dialogue session, the digital assistant identifies the trailers that have been reviewed by the user, and determines the movies that 40 correspond to those trailers. The digital assistant then identifies the particular movie among those movies that relates to dinosaurs. Once that particular movie related to dinosaurs has been identified, the digital assistant initiates the reservation procedure for the target entertainment event (i.e., the 45 particular dinosaur movie that has been identified). In some embodiments, the digital assistant announces the name of the movie before proceeding to make the reservation or purchase the ticket for the movie.

FIG. 51 is a flow diagram depicting a method for provid- 50 ing information related to particular domains of information using a digital assistant according to some embodiments. As described earlier in the specification, a domain of information can be implemented as a cluster of interconnected nodes in an ontology. Each domain of information are associated 55 with a set of vocabulary, domain entity data, language patterns (e.g., idioms, phrases, terms of art, typical queries, etc.), domain models, task flows, service capability models, dialogue flows and other components and data models that are relevant to the domain of information. For example, a 60 restaurant domain includes vocabulary, domain entity data, and language patterns associated with restaurants, food, and dining; task flows of searching for restaurants, finding directions to restaurants, presenting search results for restaurant searches, comparing and ranking restaurants based 65 on user's search priorities, and making restaurant reservations; dialogue flows for eliciting search criteria, constraints,

106

references relevant to restaurant searches and reservations, paraphrasing user's search requests, and announcing restaurant search results; and other flows and data models implemented in the restaurant domain.

For another example, a movie domain includes vocabulary, domain entity data, and language patterns associated with movies, actors, directors, movie theatres, movie histories, etc. The movie domain also includes task flows, dialogue flows, and service capability models associated with movie/actor/director searches, movie ratings, downloading and playing movie trailers, reserving or buying movie tickets, and other questions and answers related to movies.

Similarly, in some embodiments, the digital assistant also implements a sports domain. The sports domain includes vocabulary, domain entities, language patterns, task flows, dialogue flows, and service capability models associated with searching for information on sports, performing tasks related to sporting events, sending short messages related to sports, trading sports-related memorabilia, and the like.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant implements a music domain. The music domain includes vocabulary, domain entities, language patterns, task flows, dialogue flows, and service capability models associated with searching for information on music and music-related people, events, and products, performing tasks related to music (e.g., purchasing CDs, albums, merchandises and/or downloading media files), and buying tickets to events (e.g., concerts, premieres, album signings).

In some embodiments, the digital assistant implements an entertainment domain. The entertainment domain includes vocabulary, domain entities, language patterns, task flows, dialogue flows, and service capability models associated with searching for information on entertainment-related people and events.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant implements a shopping domain. The shopping domain includes vocabulary, domain entities, language patterns, task flows, dialogue flows, and service models associated with searching for products and shopping.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant implements a gaming domain. The shopping domain includes vocabulary, domain entities, language patterns, task flows, dialogue flows, and service models associated with searching for information on games, gaming, gaming products, walk-throughs, making gaming-related purchases, and trade gaming-related virtual and real goods, equipments, and properties.

In some embodiments, each domain includes multiple sub-domains. For example, in some embodiments, the entertainment domain includes the movies domain, the sports domain, and the music domain. In some embodiments, the sports domain includes sub-domains for different sports. In some embodiments, the music domain includes sub-domains for different music genres. In some embodiments, the sub-domains may further include their own sub-domains, and the sub-domains may overlap.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant selectively provides information related to a domain of information in response to natural language requests from the user. For example, based on the vocabulary (e.g., particular keywords), domain entities (e.g., well-known people and entities), and/or language patterns (e.g., a particular query template or request pattern) commonly associated with requests for each information domain implemented by the digital assistant, the digital assistant is able to determine that the user's request is likely to be directed to a particular domain of information. Once the digital assistant has deter-

mined the likely domain of interest, natural language processing of the user's current and subsequent requests can be biased toward that particular domain to disambiguate the names of people, locations, entities, and user's intent expressed in the natural language request.

For example, vocabulary associated with the sports domain includes proper names and nicknames of different sports, athletes, sports teams, sporting events, and well-known sponsors of sporting events, brands for sporting goods, venues of sporting events and games, sport history, 10 terms of art and jargons of different sports and games, and the like. The language patterns associated with the sports domain include keywords and phrases such as "what's the score for . . . ", "who is playing against . . . ?" "which team won the . . . ", "what's the game stats for . . . ", and so on. 15 Based on the sports-related vocabulary and language patterns, the digital assistant can infer whether a user's request is related to the sports domain.

For another example, for the music domain, user often ask questions related to music, genres, billboard rankings of 20 songs and albums, lyrics, albums and tours for particular artists, news about famous artists, the latest hits, and the like. The vocabulary associated with the music domain would include proper names and nicknames of musicians, singers, songs, genres, music groups, etc. The language patterns 25 associated with the music domain include keywords and phrases such as "show me the lyrics for . . ." "What's the name of the song that . . ." "Who sang the song . . ." "What's the latest song by . . .", and so on. Based on the music-related vocabulary and language patterns, the digital 30 assistant can infer whether a user's request is related to the music domain.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant stores a collection of common query types representing the type of questions that user frequently ask in a particular information 35 domain. For example, for the sports domain, users often ask questions related to game scores and player statistics, game times, team rosters, athlete salaries, player and/or team history, and current sports news. For the music domain, users often ask questions related to artists, genre, lyrics, the 40 latest hits, classics, famous songs, well-known lines in particular songs, and so on.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant also implements sub-domains of common query types related to famous personalities and entities in the domain. For 45 example, in some embodiments, in the sports domain, the digital assistant also implements sub-domains of common query types revolved around famous athletes, sports teams, and sports events, such as "Kobe-related questions," "Giants-related questions", "Super Bowl related questions, 50 and the like. In some embodiments, for the music domain, the digital assistant can implement sub-domains of common query types related to famous singers, songs, and genres, such as "Elvis-related questions" "Blues-related questions", "Hip-Pop-related questions, and the like.

As shown in FIG. **51**, in a process **5100**, the digital assistant stores vocabulary associated with a predetermined domain of information, the vocabulary organized in accordance with a plurality of predetermined query types for selectively retrieving information related to the predetermined domain of information (**5102**). For example, in the sports domain, sports related vocabulary are stored in association with different query types, such as queries related to scores, queries related to athletes statistics, queries related to sports teams, queries related to current games or season, 65 queries related to famous athlete X (e.g., Tiger Woods or Michael Jordan), and so on.

108

In the process 5100, the digital assistant receives a speech input from a user through a dialogue interface of a digital assistant (5104). The digital assistant determines context information associated with the speech input (5106). The digital assistant processes the speech input to determine one or more search criteria, where the processing includes supplementing and/or disambiguating the speech input using the context information and the vocabulary associated with the predetermined domain of information (5108).

For example, if the user's speech input include sportsrelated vocabulary, once the digital assistant detects the sports-related vocabulary, (e.g., keywords or language patterns associated with a predetermined query type stored in the sports domain), the digital assistant supplements and/or disambiguate the speech input using context information and the vocabulary associated with the sports domain. For a more detailed example, suppose the user says, "Who is playing the Lakers tonight?" From this speech input, the digital assistant recognizes the sports-related vocabulary "the Lakers" and the sports-related language pattern "Who is playing [a sports team] . . . " which have both been stored in the sports domain of the digital assistant. As a result, the digital assistant determines that the user is interested in sports-related information. The digital assistant also uses the context information (e.g., the current date) to determine which date the user is referring to by the word "tonight" in the speech input. After the digital assistant has fully disambiguated the user's speech input, the digital assistant proceeds to perform a search to retrieve the requested information. Specifically, the digital assistant retrieves the name of the team that is playing against the Lakers in the evening of the current date.

For another more detailed example, suppose the user asks, "How did Lebron do last night?" According to the vocabulary (e.g., including proper and nicknames of basketball players) and domain entities (e.g., data records on players and sports teams) stored under the sports domain, the digital assistant recognizes that "Lebron" is the name of a famous basketball player "LeBron James", and a current member of an NBA team called the "Miami Heat". Based on the language pattern "How did [player name] do . . . " stored under the sports domain, the digital assistant also recognizes that the user is asking a question related to player game statistics (i.e., a predetermined query type stored under the sports domain). After the digital assistant recognizes that the user is interested in knowing the game statistics for a basketball player of a particular team, the digital assistant uses the context information (e.g., the current date) to determine which game the Miami Heat played the day before, and proceeds the retrieve the game statistics for LeBron James for that game.

As shown in the example above, in the process 5100, the digital assistant retrieves information related to the predetermined domain of information (e.g., the sports domain) in accordance with the one or more search criteria (e.g., {query type=player's game statistics, player name=LeBron James, Team=Miami Heat, game date=yesterday=e.g., Jun. 8, 2012}) (5110). After the information is retrieved based on the search criteria, the digital assistant presents the retrieved information to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant (5112). For example, the digital assistant can produce a speech output to the user saying, "LeBron did well last night, 30 points, 8 rebounds, and 2 assists."

scores, queries related to athletes statistics, queries related to sports teams, queries related to current games or season, queries related to famous athlete X (e.g., Tiger Woods or Michael Jordan), and so on.

In some embodiments, after the digital assistant has established that the user is interested in a particular domain of information (e.g., after the digital assistant has satisfactorily answered a user's question related to the sport

domain), the digital assistant can continue the conversation with the user within the sports domain. In some embodiments, the digital assistant carries on the conversation (e.g., continued questions and answers) by maintaining a dialogue context of the conversation. The dialogue context keeps 5 track of what information have been asked and received by the user, at which time, and/or in which order.

For example, in some embodiments, during a dialogue session in which a speech input (e.g., an initial user question related to a particular domain of information) was received, 10 the digital assistant maintains a dialogue context based on user inputs received through the dialogue interface and information provided to the user through the dialogue interface. Then, during the same dialogue session, the digital assistant receives one or more additional speech inputs from 15 the user through the dialogue interface. The digital assistant processes each of the one or more additional speech inputs based on the dialogue context to determine the user intent expressed in the additional speech input. In some embodiments, the processing includes supplementing and/or dis- 20 ambiguating the additional speech inputs based on the dialogue context. Then, based on the processing, the digital assistant provides additional information in response to each of the one or more additional speech inputs.

Continuing with the above sport-related example, during 25 the dialogue session in which the user asked about LeBron James' game statistics, the digital assistant maintains the dialogue context and keeps track of what the user has asked about, and what information has been provided to the user, at which times, and/or in which order. Suppose that, after 30 hearing LeBron's game statistics, the user asks another question through an additional speech input "What about Kobe?" Based on this speech input, the digital assistant is able to identify that "Kobe" also refers to a basketball player. Based on the dialogue context stored by the digital assistant, 35 the digital assistant determines that the user has just asked and received answers about the game statistics for another basketball player "LeBron James." Therefore, the digital assistant interprets the user's question "What about Kobe" as a request for game statistics for Kobe Bryant. In some 40 implementations, the digital assistant performs the task flow for retrieving player game statistics as previously performed, except for replacing the player name "LeBron James" with a different player name "Kobe Bryant." Once the digital assistant retrieves the player game statistics for 45 Kobe Bryant for last night, and the digital assistant presents the game statistics to the user through the dialogue interface through a speech output, "Kobe also did well last night, 30 points, 4 rebounds, and 4 assists."

In some embodiments, for some query types, the digital 50 assistants implements dialogue flows that offer to provide the user with additional information related to the user's current questions. For example, after the digital assistant provided the game statistics information about particular players, the digital assistant can offer to show a video clip of 55 the game in which the players had scored. For example, after the digital assistant has provided the user with Kobe's game statistics last night, the digital assistant can ask the user "Would you like to see a video clip of the game?" If the user accepts, the digital assistant proceeds to play the video clip 60 for the game last night in which Kobe has scored.

Suppose that after the digital assistant has provided Kobe's game statistics to the user, or after the video clips are shown to the user, the conversation between the digital assistant and the user continues. For example, the user then 65 asks, "So, who makes more money?" The digital assistant identifies that the user's input matches a language pattern

110

(e.g., "makes . . . money") associated with a query type "player salaries" stored under the sports domain. Based on the dialogue context stored for the current dialogue session, the digital assistant determines that two basketball players (e.g., LeBron James and Kobe Bryant) have been mentioned in the most recent exchange between the user and the digital assistant. Based on the dialogue context, the digital assistant disambiguates the user's input and interprets the user's input as a question about the salaries of the two basketball players, and specifically, a comparison between the salaries of the two basketball players. After the digital assistant determines the user's intent, the digital assistant proceeds to retrieve the salary information about the two players, and formulate an output comparing the salaries of the two players. For example, the digital assistant can provide a speech output saying, "Based on my sources, Kobe made X dollars in 2011 in salaries, and LeBron made Y dollars in 2011 in salaries."

In some embodiments, the digital assistant implements a dialogue flow to provide additional related information that may be of interest to the user. For example, in the dialogue flow associated with the player salary related queries, the digital assistant can provide information on product sponsorship by the players, and deals on the sponsored products. For example, the based on the dialogue flow, instead of a plain answer to the user's question regarding player salaries, the digital assistant provides a speech output saying, "Based on my sources, Kobe made X dollars in 2011 in salaries, and LeBron made Y dollars in 2011 in salaries. Both Kobe and LeBron contribute to charities. Would you like to join them in supporting the "After-School All-Stars" a national children's charity that provides after-school programs to innercity kids?" If the user answers in the affirmative, the digital assistant invokes an appropriate task flow to initiate a donation procedure for the user.

In some embodiments, the digital assistant implements a dialogue flow to provide related information that may be of interest to the user if the digital assistant cannot provide a satisfactory answer to the user's original question. For example, if the user asks the digital assistant "Who is a better player?" The digital assistant determines that it is not able to provide a satisfactory answer to this complex question. As a result, the digital assistant provides an output that says "That's a touch question. But did you know that Kobe and LeBron both likes to tweet? But LeBron has four times more followers on Twitter<sup>TM</sup>?"

Although the above examples are provided in the context of the sports domain, vocabulary, task flows, dialogue flows for other domains can be implemented in an analogous manner. For example, the digital assistant can also implement an entertainment domain to answer users' questions about celebrities, and the entertainment industry; a travels domain to answer users' questions about traveling, sight-seeing, and local and foreign cultures; a gaming domain to answer users' questions about games, gaming gadgets, walk-throughs, competitions, etc. Other domains are also possible.

The present invention has been described in particular detail with respect to possible embodiments. Those of skill in the art will appreciate that the invention may be practiced in other embodiments. First, the particular naming of the components, capitalization of terms, the attributes, data structures, or any other programming or structural aspect is not mandatory or significant, and the mechanisms that implement the invention or its features may have different names, formats, or protocols. Further, the system may be implemented via a combination of hardware and software, as described, or entirely in hardware elements, or entirely in software elements. Also, the particular division of function-

ality between the various system components described herein is merely exemplary, and not mandatory; functions performed by a single system component may instead be performed by multiple components, and functions performed by multiple components may instead be performed 5 by a single component.

In various embodiments, the present invention can be implemented as a system or a method for performing the above-described techniques, either singly or in any combination. In another embodiment, the present invention can be 10 implemented as a computer program product comprising a nontransitory computer-readable storage medium and computer program code, encoded on the medium, for causing a processor in a computing device or other electronic device to perform the above-described techniques.

Reference in the specification to "one embodiment" or to "an embodiment" means that a particular feature, structure, or characteristic described in connection with the embodiments is included in at least one embodiment of the invention. The appearances of the phrase "in one embodiment" in 20 various places in the specification are not necessarily all referring to the same embodiment.

Some portions of the above are presented in terms of algorithms and symbolic representations of operations on data bits within a memory of a computing device. These 25 algorithmic descriptions and representations are the means used by those skilled in the data processing arts to most effectively convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. An algorithm is here, and generally, conceived to be a self-consistent sequence of steps (instruc- 30 tions) leading to a desired result. The steps are those requiring physical manipulations of physical quantities. Usually, though not necessarily, these quantities take the form of electrical, magnetic or optical signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, compared and other- 35 wise manipulated. It is convenient at times, principally for reasons of common usage, to refer to these signals as bits, values, elements, symbols, characters, terms, numbers, or the like. Furthermore, it is also convenient at times, to refer to certain arrangements of steps requiring physical manipu- 40 lations of physical quantities as modules or code devices, without loss of generality.

It should be borne in mind, however, that all of these and similar terms are to be associated with the appropriate physical quantities and are merely convenient labels applied 45 to these quantities. Unless specifically stated otherwise as apparent from the following discussion, it is appreciated that throughout the description, discussions utilizing terms such as "processing" or "computing" or "calculating" or "displaying" or "determining" or the like, refer to the action and 50 processes of a computer system, or similar electronic computing module and/or device, that manipulates and transforms data represented as physical (electronic) quantities within the computer system memories or registers or other such information storage, transmission or display devices. 55

Certain aspects of the present invention include process steps and instructions described herein in the form of an algorithm. It should be noted that the process steps and instructions of the present invention can be embodied in software, firmware and/or hardware, and when embodied in 60 software, can be downloaded to reside on and be operated from different platforms used by a variety of operating systems.

The present invention also relates to an apparatus for performing the operations herein. This apparatus may be 65 specially constructed for the required purposes, or it may comprise a general-purpose computing device selectively

activated or reconfigured by a computer program stored in the computing device. Such a computer program may be stored in a computer readable storage medium, such as, but is not limited to, any type of disk including floppy disks, optical disks, CD-ROMs, magnetic-optical disks, read-only memories (ROMs), random access memories (RAMs), EPROMs, EEPROMs, magnetic or optical cards, application specific integrated circuits (ASICs), or any type of media suitable for storing electronic instructions, and each coupled to a computer system bus. Further, the computing devices referred to herein may include a single processor or may be architectures employing multiple processor designs for increased computing capability.

The algorithms and displays presented herein are not inherently related to any particular computing device, virtualized system, or other apparatus. Various general-purpose systems may also be used with programs in accordance with the teachings herein, or it may prove convenient to construct more specialized apparatus to perform the required method steps. The required structure for a variety of these systems will be apparent from the description provided herein. In addition, the present invention is not described with reference to any particular programming language. It will be appreciated that a variety of programming languages may be used to implement the teachings of the present invention as described herein, and any references above to specific languages are provided for disclosure of enablement and best mode of the present invention.

Accordingly, in various embodiments, the present invention can be implemented as software, hardware, and/or other elements for controlling a computer system, computing device, or other electronic device, or any combination or plurality thereof. Such an electronic device can include, for example, a processor, an input device (such as a keyboard, mouse, touchpad, trackpad, joy-stick, trackball, microphone, and/or any combination thereof), an output device (such as a screen, speaker, and/or the like), memory, long-term storage (such as magnetic storage, optical storage, and/or the like), and/or network connectivity, according to techniques that are well known in the art. Such an electronic device may be portable or nonportable. Examples of electronic devices that may be used for implementing the invention include: a mobile phone, personal digital assistant, smartphone, kiosk, desktop computer, laptop computer, tablet computer, consumer electronic device, consumer entertainment device; music player; camera; television; set-top box; electronic gaming unit; or the like. An electronic device for implementing the present invention may use any operating system such as, for example, iOS or MacOS, available from Apple Inc. of Cupertino, Calif., or any other operating system that is adapted for use on the device.

While the invention has been described with respect to a limited number of embodiments, those skilled in the art, having benefit of the above description, will appreciate that other embodiments may be devised which do not depart from the scope of the present invention as described herein. In addition, it should be noted that the language used in the specification has been principally selected for readability and instructional purposes, and may not have been selected to delineate or circumscribe the inventive subject matter. Accordingly, the disclosure of the present invention is intended to be illustrative, but not limiting, of the scope of the invention, which is set forth in the claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing one or more programs, the one or more programs

comprising instructions, which when executed by one or more processors of an electronic device, cause the electronic device to:

receive a first user input;

after receiving the first user input, receive a second input; 5 in response to receiving the second user input, define a dialogue session including a previous entertainment event search, wherein the dialog session is defined by a predetermined duration based on the first user input and the second user input;

receive a speech input from a user through a dialogue interface of the digital assistant, wherein the speech input is related to an entertainment event search;

determine context information associated with the speech input, wherein the context information includes previ- 15 ously obtained search results related to the previous entertainment event search;

process the speech input to determine one or more entertainment search criteria, wherein the processing comprises at least one of supplementing and disambiguat- 20 ing the speech input with the previously obtained search results to determine at least one of the one or more entertainment search criteria; and

present a plurality of search results to the user through the dialogue interface, each search result corresponding to 25 a respective entertainment event identified in accordance with the one or more entertainment search criteria.

2. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:

receive a reservation request for a first search result of the plurality of search results from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant; and

in response to receiving the reservation request, execute a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets 35 for a respective entertainment event corresponding to the first search result.

- 3. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the context information associated with the speech input includes at least one prior interaction between the user 40 and the digital assistant through the dialogue interface.
- 4. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the context information includes information stored in one or more applications including a calendar application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, and 45 an address book application.
- 5. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1. wherein the context information includes one or more of a current location, a current time, and current or forecasted weather information.
- 6. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:
  - concurrently present one or more user interface elements in the dialogue interface along with the plurality of search results, wherein selection of at least one of the 55 wherein the instructions further cause the device to: user interface elements causes downloading and playing of a media file associated with a selected search result.
- 7. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:
  - receive, through the dialogue interface, a follow-up speech input from the user requesting additional infor-
  - disambiguate at least part of the follow-up speech input to generate a search query for retrieving the requested 65 additional information, wherein the disambiguating is based at least in part on one or more properties related

114

to respective entertainment events corresponding to the plurality of search results; and

present information retrieved based on the search query to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant.

8. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:

during a dialogue session in which the speech input was received:

maintain a dialogue context based on user inputs received through the dialogue interface and information provided to the user through the dialogue inter-

receive one or more additional speech inputs from the user through the dialogue interface;

process each of the one or more additional speech inputs based on the dialogue context to determine a user intent expressed in the additional speech input, the processing including at least one of supplementing and disambiguating the additional speech input based on the dialogue context; and

based on the processing, provide additional information in response to each of the one or more additional speech inputs.

9. The computer readable storage medium of claim 8, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:

during the dialogue session in which the speech input was received:

receive a reservation request through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant after presentation of the plurality of search results has been replaced with other information in response to subsequent user inputs;

determine a target entertainment event of the reservation request based on the dialogue context, wherein the target entertainment event corresponds to a first search result of the plurality of search results; and

in response to receiving the reservation request, execute a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for the determined target entertainment event.

- 10. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the context information includes information extracted from one or more speech inputs previously received through the dialogue interface.
- 11. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the context information includes information extracted from one or more non-verbal inputs previously received through the dialogue interface.
- 12. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:

provide an audio output including a paraphrase of a request included in the speech input.

13. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1,

provide an audio output including at least one of the plurality of search results.

- 14. The computer readable storage medium of claim 1, wherein the instructions further cause the device to:
  - determine whether at least one search result of the plurality of search results satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria; and
  - in accordance with a determination that at least one search result of the plurality of search results does not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria:

modify at least one search criteria of the one or more entertainment search criteria.

- 15. The computer readable storage medium of claim 14, wherein modifying at least one search criteria of the one or more entertainment search criteria includes expanding a location search area.
- 16. The computer readable storage medium of claim 14, 5 wherein the instructions further cause the device to:
  - in accordance with a determination that at least one search result of the plurality of search results does not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria:
    - present a plurality of second search results to the user 10 through the dialogue interface, each search result corresponding to a respective entertainment event identified in accordance with the modified one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 17. The computer readable storage medium of claim 16, 15 wherein the plurality of second search results includes an indication that at least one search result of the plurality of search results did not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria
- **18**. The computer readable storage medium of claim **16**. 20 wherein the plurality of second search results includes an indication that the one or more entertainment search criteria was modified.
  - 19. An electronic device, comprising:

one or more processors;

a memory; and

one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for:

receiving a first user input;

- after receiving the first user input, receiving a second input:
- in response to receiving the second user input, defining a dialogue session including a previous entertain- 35 ment event search, wherein the dialog session is defined by a predetermined duration based on the first user input and the second user input;
- receiving a speech input from a user through a dialogue interface of the digital assistant, wherein the speech 40 input is related to an entertainment event search;
- determining context information associated with the speech input, wherein the context information includes previously obtained search results related to the previous entertainment event search;
- processing the speech input to determine one or more entertainment search criteria, wherein the processing comprises at leak one of supplementing and disambiguating the speech input with the previously obtained search results to determine at least one of 50 the one or more entertainment search criteria; and
- presenting a plurality of search results to the user through the dialogue interface, each search result corresponding to a respective entertainment event identified in accordance with the one or more enter- 55 tainment search criteria.
- 20. A method, comprising:
- at an electronic device with one or more processors and memory:

receiving a first user input;

after receiving the first user input, receiving a second

60

in response to receiving the second user input defining a dialogue session including a previous entertainment event search, wherein the dialog session is 65 programs further include instructions for: defined by a predetermined duration based on the first user input and the second user input;

- receiving a speech input from a user through a dialogue interface of the digital assistant, wherein the speech input is related to an entertainment event search:
- determining context information associated with the speech input, wherein the context information includes previously obtained search results related to the previous entertainment event search:
- processing the speech input to determine one or more entertainment search criteria, wherein the processing comprises at least one of supplementing and disambiguating the speech input with the previously obtained search results to determine at least one of the one or more entertainment search criteria; and
- presenting a plurality of search results to the user through the dialogue interface, each search result corresponding to a respective entertainment event identified in accordance with the one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 21. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - receiving a reservation request for a first search result of the plurality of search results from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant; and
  - in response to receiving the reservation request, executing a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for a respective entertainment event corresponding to the first search result.
- 22. The device of claim 19, wherein the context information associated with the speech input includes at least one prior interaction between the user and the digital assistant through the dialogue interface.
- 23. The device of claim 19, wherein the context information includes information stored in one or more applications including a calendar application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, and an address book appli-
- 24. The device of claim 19, wherein the context information includes one or more of a current location, a current time, and current or forecasted weather information.
- 25. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - concurrently presenting one or more user interface elements in the dialogue interface along with the plurality of search results, wherein selection of at least one of the user interface elements causes downloading and playing of a media file associated with a selected search result.
- 26. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - receiving, through the dialogue interface, a follow-up speech input from the user requesting additional information:
  - disambiguating at least part of the follow-up speech input to generate a search query for retrieving the requested additional information, wherein the disambiguating is based at least in part on one or more properties related to respective entertainment events corresponding to the plurality of search results; and
  - presenting information retrieved based on the search query to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant.
- 27. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more
  - during a dialogue session in which the speech input was received:

- maintaining a dialogue context based on user inputs received through the dialogue interface and information provided to the user through the dialogue interface:
- receiving one or more additional speech inputs from the 5 user through the dialogue interface;
- processing each of the one or more additional speech inputs based on the dialogue context to determine a user intent expressed in the additional speech input, the processing including at least one of supplement- 10 ing and disambiguating the additional speech input based on the dialogue context; and
- based on the processing, providing additional information in response to each of the one or more additional speech inputs.
- 28. The device of claim 27, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - during the dialogue session in which the speech input was received:
    - receiving a reservation request through the dialogue 20 interface of the digital assistant after presentation of the plurality of search results has been replaced with other information in response to subsequent user inputs:
    - determining a target entertainment event of the reser- 25 vation request based on the dialogue context, wherein the target entertainment event corresponds to a first search result of the plurality of search results; and
    - in response to receiving the reservation request, execut- 30 ing a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for the determined target entertainment event.
- 29. The device of claim 19, wherein the context information includes information extracted from one or more speech inputs previously received through the dialogue interface.
- 30. The device of claim 19, wherein the context information includes information extracted from one or more nonverbal inputs previously received through the dialogue inter-
- 31. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more 40 programs further include instructions for:
  - providing an audio output including a paraphrase of a request included in the speech input.
- 32. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - providing an audio output including at least one of the plurality of search results.
- 33. The device of claim 19, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - determining whether at least one search result of the 50 plurality of search results satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria; and
  - in accordance with a determination that at least one search result of the plurality of search results does not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria:
    - modifying at least one search criteria of the one or more entertainment search criteria.

60

- 34. The device of claim 33, wherein modifying at least one search criteria of the one or more entertainment search criteria includes expanding a location search area.
- 35. The device of claim 33, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - in accordance with a determination that at least one search result of the plurality of search results does not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria:
    - presenting a plurality of second search results to the user through the dialogue interface, each search

- result corresponding to a respective entertainment event identified in accordance with the modified one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 36. The device of claim 35, wherein the plurality of second search results includes an indication that at least one search result of the plurality of search results did not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 37. The device of claim 35, wherein the plurality of second search results includes an indication that the one or more entertainment search criteria was modified.
  - 38. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
  - receiving a reservation request for a first search result of the plurality of search results from the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant; and
  - in response to receiving the reservation request, executing a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for a respective entertainment event corresponding to the first search result.
- 39. The method of claim 20, wherein the context information associated with the speech input includes at least one prior interaction between the user and the digital assistant through the dialogue interface.
- 40. The method of claim 20, wherein the context information includes information stored in one or more applications including a calendar application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, and an address book application.
- 41. The method of claim 20, wherein the context information includes one or more of a current location, a current time, and current or forecasted weather information.
  - 42. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
  - concurrently presenting one or more user interface elements in the dialogue interface along with the plurality of search results, wherein selection of at least one of the user interface elements causes downloading and playing of a media file associated with a selected search result.
  - **43**. The method of claim **20**, further comprising:
  - receiving, through the dialogue interface, a follow-up speech input from the user requesting additional information;
  - disambiguating at least part of the follow-up speech input to generate a search query for retrieving the requested additional information, wherein the disambiguating is based at least in part on one or more properties related to respective entertainment events corresponding to the plurality of search results; and
  - presenting information retrieved based on the search query to the user through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant.
  - 44. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
  - during a dialogue session in which the speech input was
    - maintaining a dialogue context based on user inputs received through the dialogue interface and information provided to the user through the dialogue inter-
    - receiving one or more additional speech inputs from the user through the dialogue interface;
    - processing each of the one or more additional speech inputs based on the dialogue context to determine a user intent expressed in the additional speech input, the processing including at least one of supplementing and disambiguating the additional speech input based on the dialogue context; and

- based on the processing, providing additional information in response to each of the one or more additional speech inputs.
- 45. The method of claim 44, further comprising: during the dialogue session in which the speech input was 5
  - receiving a reservation request through the dialogue interface of the digital assistant after presentation of the plurality of search results has been replaced with other information in response to subsequent user inputs;
  - determining a target entertainment event of the reservation request based on the dialogue context, wherein the target entertainment event corresponds 15 to a first search result of the plurality of search results; and
  - in response to receiving the reservation request, executing a reservation procedure to purchase one or more tickets for the determined target entertainment event. 20
- 46. The method of claim 20, wherein the context information includes information extracted from one or more speech inputs previously received through the dialogue interface.
- 47. The method of claim 20, wherein the context infor- 25 mation includes information extracted from one or more non-verbal inputs previously received through the dialogue interface.
  - 48. The method of claim 20, further comprising: providing an audio output including a paraphrase of a 30 more entertainment search criteria was modified. request included in the speech input.

- 49. The method of claim 20, further comprising: providing an audio output including at least one of the plurality of search results.
- **50**. The method of claim **20**, further comprising:
- determining whether at least one search result of the plurality of search results satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria; and
- in accordance with a determination that at least one search result of the plurality of search results does not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria:
  - modifying at least one search criteria of the one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 51. The method of claim 50, wherein modifying at least one search criteria of the one or more entertainment search criteria includes expanding a location search area.
  - **52**. The method of claim **50**, further comprising:
  - in accordance with a determination that at least one search result of the plurality of search results does not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria:
    - presenting a plurality of second search results to the user through the dialogue interface, each search result corresponding to a respective entertainment event identified in accordance with the modified one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 53. The method of claim 52, wherein the plurality of second search results includes an indication that at least one search result of the plurality of search results did not satisfy the one or more entertainment search criteria.
- 54. The method of claim 52, wherein the plurality of second search results includes an indication that the one or